

**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND  
SUBSIDIARIES**

**Consolidated Financial Statements**

**With Independent Auditors' Report  
For the Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019**

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The independent auditors' report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of the English and Chinese language independent auditors' report and consolidated financial statements, the Chinese version shall prevail.

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## Representation Letter

The entities that are required to be included in the combined financial statements of Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd. as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020 under the Criteria Governing the Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Reports, and Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises are the same as those included in the consolidated financial statements prepared in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards No. 10 by the Financial Supervisory Commission, "Consolidated Financial Statements." In addition, the information required to be disclosed in the combined financial statements is included in the consolidated financial statements. Consequently, Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries do not prepare a separate set of combined financial statements.

Company name: Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd.  
Chairman: Han Chia-Yau  
Date: March 31, 2021



安侯建業聯合會計師事務所

KPMG

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## Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd.:

### Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries (“the Group”), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and with the International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRSs”), International Accounting Standards (“IASs”), Interpretations developed by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (“IFRIC”) or the former Standing Interpretations Committee (“SIC”) endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Certification of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Certified Public Accountants Code of Professional Ethics in Republic of China (“the Code”), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis of our opinion.

### Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

#### 1. Revenue recognition

Regarding the significant accounting policies for revenue recognition, please refer to Note 4(p) and Note 6(aa) “Revenue from contracts with customers” from the financial statements.

Description of key audit matter:

Due to the industry characteristics of the Company and following the rules set by competent authorities to announce operating income monthly, revenue recognition timing risk is increased.

How the matter was addressed in our audit:

Our principal audit procedures include:

- Understanding whether the accounting policies and methods for revenue recognition of the audited company are appropriate
- Testing the Company's controls and transaction cycle from order to payment regarding revenue recognition
- Performing substantive procedure of revenue, and sampling payments or certified documents for sale transactions
- Selecting the appropriate sample size from the detail in the ending balance of the trade receivable and sending external confirmations to debtors
- Assessing whether revenues are recognized in the appropriate timing

## 2. Investment impairment using the equity method

Please refer to Note 4(o) Impairment of Non-financial Assets in the financial report for the accounting policy for assessing impairment of investments accounted for using equity method. For accounting assumptions, judgements and estimation uncertainty regarding assessing impairment of investment accounted for using equity method, please refer to Note 5 in the financial statement. For more information on asset impairment, please refer to Note 6(l) Property, plant, and equipment and Note 6(m) Right-of-use assets.

Description of key audit matter:

Constituent entities of subsidiaries using the equity method have continuously incurred net losses in recent years, hence the management believes that there are signs of impairment in related assets. The management adopts the value-in-use method to estimate the future discounted cash flow to evaluate the recoverable amount of the identifiable cash-generating unit to which the relevant assets belong, and considers whether to reverse or increase the previous year's set amount. The preparation of future discounted cash flow data involves significant management judgments, especially when estimating the gross profit margin and revenue growth rate and determining its appropriate discount rate. Therefore, factors such as the gross profit margin, revenue growth rate and discount rate are inherently uncertain and involve possible management bias.

How the matter was addressed in our audit:

Our principal audit procedures include:

- Assessing the significant cash-generating units recognized by the management of the Group as showing signs of impairment
- Comparing the main financial information used for its future discounted cash flows with relevant information in the financial budget approved by the management authority, including operating income, operating costs and operating expenses; and then comparing the financial budget prepared in the previous year with the current year's performance in order to evaluate the accuracy of its forecasts while discussing with the management the reasons for the significant differences, and whether it has been taken into consideration in this year's budget
- Comparing the key assumptions used in estimating future discounted cash flows including the estimated long-term income growth rate and profit margin of each cash-generating unit with comparable companies in the industry and external market data, and appointing internal evaluation experts to evaluate whether the discount rate used for future cash flows falls within the range adopted by the industry

- Performing sensitivity analysis on key assumptions (including income growth rate and discount rate) adopted for future discounted cash flows to evaluate the impact each cash-generating unit has on the net present value; and evaluating the impact of changes in key assumptions on the conclusions obtained and whether there is management bias.

### **Other Matter**

Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd. has additionally prepared its parent-company-only financial statements as of and for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, on which we have issued an unmodified opinion.

### **Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and IFRSs, IASs, interpretation as well as related guidance endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance (the Audit Committee) are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

### **Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report are Tan-Tan Chung and Mei-Fang Chen.

KPMG

Taipei, Taiwan (Republic of China)

March 31, 2021

#### **Notes to Readers**

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated statement of financial position, financial performance and its cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

The auditors' report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of the English and Chinese language auditors' report and consolidated financial statements, the Chinese version shall prevail.

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements and Report Originally Issued in Chinese)  
**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**Consolidated Balance Sheets**

**December 31, 2020 and 2019**

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	<b>December 31, 2020</b>		<b>December 31, 2019</b>			<b>December 31, 2020</b>		<b>December 31, 2019</b>	
	<b>Amount</b>	<b>%</b>	<b>Amount</b>	<b>%</b>		<b>Amount</b>	<b>%</b>	<b>Amount</b>	<b>%</b>
<b>Assets</b>					<b>Liabilities and Equity</b>				
1100 Cash and cash equivalents (Note 6(a))	\$ 4,488,486	9	2,942,742	6	<b>Current liabilities:</b>				
1110 Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Note 6(b))	21,880	-	5,603	-	2100 Short-term borrowings (Note 6(p))	\$ 8,931,406	17	8,203,563	17
1150 Notes receivable, net (Note 6(d) and 7)	1,107,562	2	1,027,381	2	2110 Short-term notes and bills payable (Note 6(q))	1,986,931	5	2,124,946	5
1170 Trade receivable, net (Note 6(d) and 7)	5,225,980	10	4,982,680	11	2120 Current financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (Note 6(b))	23,830	-	69,844	-
130x Inventories (Note 6(e))	8,148,332	17	7,952,693	17	2150 Notes payable (Note 7)	219,123	-	204,113	-
1400 Current biological assets (Note 6(f))	1,720,785	3	1,530,916	3	2170 Trade payable (Note 7)	4,516,214	9	4,222,168	9
1410 Prepayments (Note 6(g))	918,389	2	675,936	1	2200 Other payables (Note 7 and 6(s))	2,207,835	4	1,979,171	4
1476 Other current financial assets (Note 6(h))	802,247	2	623,282	1	2230 Current income tax liabilities	465,603	1	438,554	1
1479 Other current assets, others	<u>1,083,677</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>1,545,627</u>	<u>3</u>	2280 Current lease liabilities (Note 6(t))	221,658	-	238,988	1
	<u>23,517,338</u>	<u>47</u>	<u>21,286,860</u>	<u>44</u>	2320 Long-term liabilities, current portion (Note 6(m))	972,264	2	1,204,426	3
Non-current assets:					2399 Other current liabilities, others (Note 7)	<u>1,602,489</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>1,486,683</u>	<u>3</u>
1517 Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (Note 6(c))	2,648,091	5	2,264,662	5		<u>21,147,353</u>	<u>41</u>	<u>20,172,456</u>	<u>43</u>
1550 Investments accounted for using equity method (Note 6(j))	1,745,344	3	1,717,796	4	<b>Non-Current liabilities:</b>				
1600 Property, plant and equipment (Note 6(l))	19,119,064	37	17,357,465	37	2540 Long-term borrowings (Note 6(r))	1,255,263	2	1,510,446	3
1755 Right-of-use assets (Note 6(m))	2,153,458	4	2,160,042	5	2551 Non-current provisions for employee benefits (Note 6(v))	7,134	-	7,480	-
1760 Investment property, net (Note 6(o))	740,322	1	790,685	2	2570 Deferred income tax liabilities (Note 6(w))	111,723	-	71,405	-
1805 Goodwill	160,023	-	162,079	-	2580 Non-current lease liabilities (Note 6(t))	1,050,393	2	974,240	2
1830 Non-current biological assets (Note 6(f))	263,166	1	200,431	-	2645 Guarantee deposits received	83,332	-	80,762	-
1840 Deferred income tax assets (Note 6(w))	196,094	-	174,197	-	2670 Other non-current liabilities, others	<u>151,086</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>159,429</u>	<u>-</u>
1990 Other non-current assets, others (Note 6(o) and 8)	<u>1,150,136</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>1,186,520</u>	<u>3</u>		<u>2,658,931</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>2,803,762</u>	<u>5</u>
	<u>28,175,698</u>	<u>53</u>	<u>26,013,877</u>	<u>56</u>	<b>Total liabilities</b>	<u>23,806,284</u>	<u>45</u>	<u>22,976,218</u>	<u>48</u>
					<b>Equity attributable to owners of parent:(Note 6(x))</b>				
					3110 Ordinary share	8,273,391	17	8,273,391	18
					3200 Capital surplus	3,179,626	6	3,011,373	6
					3300 Retained earnings	7,562,982	14	6,259,370	13
					3400 Other equity interest	1,384,211	3	902,128	2
					3500 Treasury shares	(219,132)	-	(219,132)	-
					<b>Total equity attributable to owners of parent:</b>	<u>20,181,078</u>	<u>40</u>	<u>18,227,130</u>	<u>39</u>
					36XX Non-controlling interests (Note 6(i) and (k))	7,705,674	15	6,097,389	13
					<b>Total equity</b>	<u>27,886,752</u>	<u>55</u>	<u>24,324,519</u>	<u>52</u>
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 51,693,036</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>47,300,737</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>Total liabilities and equity</b>	<b>\$ 51,693,036</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>47,300,737</b>	<b>100</b>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese)  
**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income**

For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars , Except for Earnings Per Common Share)

		2020		2019	
		Amount	%	Amount	%
4000	Operating revenue (Note 6(v) and 7)	\$ 81,650,892	100	77,769,986	100
5000	Operating costs (Note 6(e) and 7)	69,388,663	85	66,038,732	85
5900	<b>Gross profit from operations</b>	<u>12,262,229</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>11,731,254</u>	<u>15</u>
6000	<b>Operating expenses:</b>				
6100	Selling expenses	5,460,747	7	5,435,266	7
6200	Administrative expenses	2,388,505	3	2,320,603	3
6300	Research and development expenses	169,130	-	166,024	-
6450	Expected credit impairment loss (Note 6(d))	31,899	-	88,147	-
	<b>Total operating expenses</b>	<u>8,050,281</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>8,010,040</u>	<u>10</u>
6900	<b>Net operating income (Note 6(ab) and 7)</b>	<u>4,211,948</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>3,721,214</u>	<u>5</u>
7100	Interest income	16,558	-	90,439	-
7020	Other gains and losses, net	1,018,574	1	367,533	-
7050	Finance costs	(279,627)	-	(407,490)	(1)
7060	Share of profit (loss) of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method	16,035	-	80,873	-
	<b>Total non-operating income and expenses</b>	<u>771,540</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>131,355</u>	<u>(1)</u>
7900	<b>Profit from continuing operations before tax</b>	<u>4,983,488</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>3,852,569</u>	<u>4</u>
7950	<b>Less: Income tax expenses (Note 6(w))</b>	<u>911,142</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>878,542</u>	<u>1</u>
	<b>Profit</b>	<u>4,072,346</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>2,974,027</u>	<u>3</u>
8300	<b>Other comprehensive income (loss):</b>				
8310	<b>Items that may not be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss</b>				
8311	Gains (losses) on remeasurements of defined benefit plans	2,160	-	3,505	-
8316	Unrealized gains (losses) from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	384,312	-	411,124	1
8349	Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	473	-	490	-
	Items that may not be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss	<u>385,999</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>414,139</u>	<u>1</u>
8360	<b>Items that may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss</b>				
8361	Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements	243,593	-	(505,792)	(1)
8399	Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss	-	-	-	-
	Items that may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss	<u>243,593</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(505,792)</u>	<u>(1)</u>
8300	<b>Other comprehensive income</b>	<u>629,592</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(91,653)</u>	<u>-</u>
	<b>Total comprehensive income</b>	<u>\$ 4,701,938</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>2,882,374</u>	<u>3</u>
	<b>Profit (loss), attributable to:</b>				
	Owners of parent	\$ 3,122,071	4	2,283,601	2
	Non-controlling interests	950,275	1	690,426	1
		<u>\$ 4,072,346</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>2,974,027</u>	<u>3</u>
	<b>Comprehensive income attributable to:</b>				
	Owners of parent	\$ 3,605,841	4	2,426,202	3
	Non-controlling interests	1,096,097	1	456,172	1
		<u>\$ 4,701,938</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>2,882,374</u>	<u>4</u>
	<b>Basic earnings per share (Note 6(z))</b>				
	<b>Basic earnings per share (NT dollars)</b>	<u>\$ 3.99</u>		<u>2.93</u>	
	<b>Diluted earnings per share (NT dollars)</b>	<u>\$ 3.98</u>		<u>2.92</u>	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese)  
**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity**  
**For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019**  
**(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

	Equity attributable to owners of parent											Non-controlling interests	Total equity
	Share capital	Retained earnings					Other equity interest						
		Ordinary shares	Capital surplus	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings	Total retained earnings	Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements	Unrealized gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Total other equity interest	Treasury shares		
<b>Balance on January 1, 2019</b>	\$ 7,879,420	2,595,445	2,053,459	42,994	3,444,626	5,541,079	(627,977)	1,390,519	762,542	(306,199)	16,472,287	5,750,346	22,222,633
Profit for the year ended December 31, 2019	-	-	-	-	2,283,601	2,283,601	-	-	-	-	2,283,601	690,425	2,974,026
Other comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2019	-	-	-	-	3,015	3,015	(271,538)	411,124	139,586	-	142,601	(234,253)	(91,652)
Total comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2019	-	-	-	-	2,286,616	2,286,616	(271,538)	411,124	139,586	-	2,426,202	456,172	2,882,374
Appropriation and distribution of retained earnings:													
Legal reserve appropriated	-	-	201,184	-	(201,184)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends of ordinary share	-	-	-	-	(1,181,913)	(1,181,913)	-	-	-	-	(1,181,913)	-	(1,181,913)
Stock dividends of ordinary share	393,971	-	-	-	(393,971)	(393,971)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other changes in capital surplus:													
Disposal of company's share by subsidiaries recognized as treasury share transactions	-	363,674	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	87,067	450,741	-	450,741
Difference between consideration and carrying amount of subsidiaries acquired or disposed	-	(10,749)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(10,749)	(20,651)	(31,400)
Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries	-	(1,801)	-	-	7,559	7,559	-	-	-	-	5,758	2,641	8,399
Changes in non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(91,119)	(91,119)
Adjustment of capital surplus for company's cash dividends received by subsidiaries	-	64,804	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	64,804	-	64,804
Balance on December 31, 2019	8,273,391	3,011,373	2,254,643	42,994	3,961,733	6,259,370	(899,515)	1,801,643	902,128	(219,132)	18,227,130	6,097,389	24,324,519
Profit for the year ended December 31, 2020	-	-	-	-	3,122,071	3,122,071	-	-	-	-	3,122,071	950,275	4,072,346
Other comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2020	-	-	-	-	1,687	1,687	97,771	384,312	482,083	-	483,770	145,822	629,592
Total comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2020	-	-	-	-	3,123,758	3,123,758	97,771	384,312	482,083	-	3,605,841	1,096,097	4,701,938
Appropriation and distribution of retained earnings:													
Legal reserve appropriated	-	-	229,418	-	(229,418)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends of ordinary share	-	-	-	-	(1,820,146)	(1,820,146)	-	-	-	-	(1,820,146)	-	(1,820,146)
Other changes in capital surplus:													
Difference between consideration and carrying amount of subsidiaries acquired or disposed	-	37,539	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	37,539	(37,539)	-
Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries	-	30,917	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30,917	-	30,917
Changes in non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	549,727	549,727
Adjustment of capital surplus for company's cash dividends received by subsidiaries	-	99,797	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	99,797	-	99,797
<b>Balance on December 31, 2020</b>	\$ <b>8,273,391</b>	<b>3,179,626</b>	<b>2,484,061</b>	<b>42,994</b>	<b>5,035,927</b>	<b>7,562,982</b>	<b>(801,744)</b>	<b>2,185,955</b>	<b>1,384,211</b>	<b>(219,132)</b>	<b>20,181,078</b>	<b>7,705,674</b>	<b>27,886,752</b>

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements and Report Originally Issued in Chinese)  
**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**  
**For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019**  
**(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

	2020	2019
<b>Cash flows from operating activities:</b>		
Profit before tax	\$ 4,983,488	3,852,569
<b>Adjustments:</b>		
<b>Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss):</b>		
Depreciation expense	1,846,637	1,914,875
Amortization expense	44,790	39,190
Expected credit impairment loss	31,899	88,147
Net loss (gain) on financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	(67,455)	84,807
Interest expense	279,627	407,490
Interest income	(16,558)	(90,439)
Dividend income	(96,564)	(176,149)
Share of loss (profit) of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method	(16,035)	(80,873)
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(27,561)	(68,908)
Loss on disposal of investments accounted for using equity method	4,463	-
Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment	36,990	172,911
Gain on reversal for allowance for inventory write-down	17,163	(59,758)
Loss on disposal of inventory	13,356	55,000
Changes in fair value of biological assets	18,352	22,538
Net (reproductive) death changes in biological assets	(2,344,996)	(2,859,872)
<b>Total adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)</b>	<u>(275,892)</u>	<u>(551,041)</u>
<b>Changes in operating assets and liabilities:</b>		
Decrease in financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	5,164	15,228
(Increase) decrease in notes receivable	(80,181)	284,341
Decrease (increase) in trade receivable	131,780	(247,023)
Decrease (increase) in inventories	20,582	(182,119)
Decrease in biological assets	2,090,503	2,645,433
Increase in prepayments	(89,743)	(180,665)
Decrease in other current assets	461,950	102,431
Increase in other financial assets	(173,831)	(74,616)
Increase in notes payable	15,010	4,956
(Decrease) increase in trade payable	(93,610)	878
Increase in other payable	205,525	260,473
Increase in other current liabilities	113,710	21,578
Increase in provisions for employee benefits	1,341	1,843
<b>Total changes in operating assets and liabilities</b>	<u>2,608,200</u>	<u>2,652,738</u>
<b>Total adjustments</b>	<u>2,332,308</u>	<u>2,101,697</u>
Cash inflow generated from operations	7,315,796	5,954,266
Interest received	16,558	90,427
Income taxes paid	(863,455)	(660,534)
<b>Net cash flows from operating activities</b>	<u>6,468,899</u>	<u>5,384,159</u>
<b>Cash flows used in investing activities:</b>		
Acquisition of investment accounted for using equity method	(66,469)	-
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	2,190	10,590
Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted for using equity method	-	1,974
Proceeds from capital reduction of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	506	-
Net cash flow from acquisition of subsidiaries	65,171	-
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(3,419,927)	(5,133,378)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	213,642	270,469
Increase in other non-current assets	(14,892)	(110,041)
Dividends received	94,374	182,595
<b>Net cash flows used in investing activities</b>	<u>(3,125,405)</u>	<u>(4,777,791)</u>
<b>Cash flows used in financing activities:</b>		
Increase in short-term loans	63,891,608	64,844,481
Decrease in short-term loans	(63,159,031)	(63,694,106)
Increase in short-term notes and bills payable	23,550,985	21,551,978
Decrease in short-term notes and bills payable	(23,689,000)	(20,644,000)
Proceeds from long-term debt	1,437,345	1,658,570
Repayments of long-term debt	(1,883,451)	(2,885,238)
Increase in guarantee deposits received	2,570	1,378
(Decrease) increase in other non-current liabilities	(8,344)	7,817
Cash dividends paid (Net cash flow from company's cash dividends received by subsidiaries)	(1,720,349)	(1,117,109)
Proceeds from disposal of company's share by subsidiaries recognized as treasury share transaction	-	450,741
Repayments of lease liabilities	(248,606)	(320,266)
Acquisition of ownership interests in subsidiaries	30,917	(31,400)
Interest paid	(282,764)	(407,490)
Change in non-controlling interests	348,999	(91,119)
<b>Net cash flows used in financing activities</b>	<u>(1,729,121)</u>	<u>(675,763)</u>
<b>Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents</b>	<u>(68,629)</u>	<u>32,316</u>
<b>Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<u>1,545,744</u>	<u>(37,079)</u>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period</b>	<u>2,942,742</u>	<u>2,979,821</u>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at end of period</b>	<u>\$ 4,488,486</u>	<u>2,942,742</u>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese)  
**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

**For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019**

**(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Otherwise Specified)**

**(1) Company history**

GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. (the "Company") was incorporated on December 28, 1960 as a company limited by shares under the Company Act of the Republic of China (R.O.C). The address of the Company's registered office is No. 3, Niao-Song 2nd Street, Yongkang District, Tainan City. The consolidated financial reports of the company as of December 31, 2019 include the company and its subsidiaries (the "Group"). The main business activities of the Group are as follows:

- (a) Procurement, transportation, sale, oil production, and oil processing of vegetable oil seeds, dried shredded coconut, and rice bran.
- (b) Procurement, transportation, marketing, manufacturing, processing, wholesale and retail of vegetable oil and its by-products, miscellaneous grains, fertilizers, feeds, bran, soybean cakes, soybean flour and slurry powder.
- (c) Processing, procurement, transportation, marketing, wholesale, and retail related to oil, flour, corn flour, fertilizer, feed, miscellaneous grains, grains, bran, noodles, instant noodles, instant rice flour, biscuits, bread, canned food, dairy products, ice products, juices, beverages, and other related foods.
- (d) Seedling procurement and sales.
- (e) Livestock and its related processed food manufacturing and sales.
- (f) Import, export, and sale of alcohol.
- (g) Procurement, transportation, and sale of wheat.
- (h) Sale of animal-used medicine and western medicine.
- (i) Supermarket operations.
- (j) Processing, manufacturing, sewing, and sourcing of various packaging supplies (including metal, alloy, plastic, paper, cloth, wooden cans, barrels, boxes, bags, etc.).
- (k) Frozen prepared food and frozen and refrigerated food processing, manufacturing and trading.
- (l) Electrical slaughtering of poultry and meat processing, manufacturing, and trading.
- (m) Warehousing for the businesses previously listed.
- (n) Imports and exports for the businesses previously listed.
- (o) Commissioning constructing companies to build national residential and commercial buildings for sale and for rent.
- (p) A401040 Livestock Farming.

(Continued)

**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

- (q) C199990 Other food manufacturing not elsewhere classified. (Liquid egg, egg powder, premium egg, braised egg, iron egg, tea egg, salted fish, brocade, egg roll sheet, steamed egg, poached egg, egg tofu, meat substitute made from egg).
- (r) C802010 Fertilizer manufacturing.
- (s) A102041 Recreation agriculture.
- (t) F501060 Restaurants.
- (u) All businesses items that are not prohibited or restricted by law, except those that are subject to special approval.

**(2) Approval date and procedures of the consolidated financial statements:**

These consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on March 31, 2021.

**(3) New standards, amendments and interpretations adopted:**

- (a) The impact of the International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRSs”) endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, R.O.C. (“FSC”) which have already been adopted.

The Group has initially adopted the following new amendments, which do not have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements, from January 1, 2020:

- Amendments to IFRS 3 “Definition of a Business”
- Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS39 and IFRS7 “Interest Rate Benchmark Reform”
- Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8 “Definition of Material”
- Amendments to IFRS 16 “COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions”

- (b) The impact of IFRS issued by the FSC but not yet effective

The Group assesses that the adoption of the following new amendments, effective for annual period beginning on January 1, 2021, would not have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements:

- Amendments to IFRS 4 “Extension of the Temporary Exemption from Applying IFRS 9”
- Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS39, IFRS7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16 “Interest Rate Benchmark Reform—Phase 2”

(Continued)

**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

- (c) The impact of IFRS issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

The Group does not expect the following new and amended standards, which have yet to be endorsed by the FSC, to have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements:

- Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 “Sale or Contribution of Assets Between an Investor and Its Associate or Joint Venture”
- IFRS 17 “ Insurance Contracts” and amendments to IFRS 17 “ Insurance Contracts”
- Amendments to IAS 1 “Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current”
- Amendments to IAS 16 “Property, Plant and Equipmentt – Proceeds before Intended Use”
- Amendments to IAS 37 “Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract”
- Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018-2020
- Amendments to IFRS 3 “Reference to the Conceptual Framework”
- Amendments to IAS 1 “Disclosure of Accounting Policies”
- Amendments to IAS 8 “Definition of Accounting Estimates”

**(4) Summary of significant accounting policies:**

The significant accounting policies presented in the consolidated financial statements are summarized below. The following accounting policies were applied consistently throughout the periods presented in the consolidated financial statements.

- (a) Statement of compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers (hereinafter referred to as “the Regulations” ) and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission, R.O.C..

- (b) Basis of preparation

- (i) Basis of measurement

Except for the following significant accounts, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis:

- 1) Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value;
- 2) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value;
- 3) Biological assets are measured at fair value less costs to sell;
- 4) The defined benefit liabilities (assets) are measured at fair value of the pension fund assets less the present value of the defined benefit obligation, limited as explained in note 4(q).

(Continued)

**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(ii) Functional and presentation currency

The functional currency of each Group entity is determined based on the primary economic environment in which the entity operates. The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan Dollar (NTD), which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in NTD has been rounded to the nearest thousand.

(c) Basis of consolidation

(i) Principles of preparation of the consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements comprise the Company and subsidiaries. Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group 'controls' an entity when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity.

The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date on which control commences until the date on which control ceases. Intragroup balances and transactions, and any unrealized income and expenses arising from Intragroup transactions are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements. The Group attributes the profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

The Group prepares consolidated financial statements using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances.

Changes in the Group's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received will be recognized directly in equity, and the Group will attribute it to the owners of the parent.

(ii) List of subsidiaries in the consolidated financial statements

1) List of subsidiaries in the consolidated financial statements include:

Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Principal activity	Shareholding		Notes
			December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019	
Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Total Nutrition Tech. Co., Ltd.	Feed production and sales, breeding stock imports and exports, and food distribution	100.00 %	100.00 %	
Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Huang-Ho Invest. Co., Ltd.	Investment	100.00 %	100.00 %	
Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Great Wall International (Holdings) Ltd.	Foreign investment holding	100.00 %	100.00 %	
Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd.	City Chain Food Ltd.	Operation of western restaurants	100.00 %	100.00 %	
Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd.	KouChan Mill Co., Ltd.	Flour production and sales	55.00 %	55.00 %	
Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Mei Lan Lei Co., Ltd.	Processing and sales of feed, concentrated feed, and chicken meat	100.00 %	100.00 %	
Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd.	An Hsin Chiao Chu Co., Ltd.	Sale of fresh meat	100.00 %	100.00 %	

(Continued)

**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Principal activity	Shareholding		Notes
			December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019	
Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Oriental Best Foods Co., Ltd.	Operation of western restaurants and food distribution	90.00 %	90.00 %	
Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Great Wall FeedTech Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Feed production, sales, and research	100.00 %	100.00 %	
Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Zhong Yi Food Co., Ltd.	Sale of egg products	65.00 %	100.00 %	
Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Wonder Biotek Co., Ltd.	Production and research of animal medicine	100.00 %	100.00 %	
Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Neo Foods Co., Ltd.	Food production and sales	100.00 %	- %	
City Chain Food Ltd.	Route 66 Fast Food Ltd.	Investment Holding	100.00 %	100.00 %	
City Chain Food Ltd.	Nissshi Chain Co., Ltd.	Bakeries	67.29 %	67.29 %	
City Chain Food Ltd.	Saboten Co., Ltd.	Operation of Japanese restaurants	50.00 %	50.00 %	
City Chain Food Ltd.	Saboten (China) Limited	Operation of Japanese restaurants	50.00 %	50.00 %	
City Chain Food Ltd.	Honolulu Chain Food & Beverage Co., Ltd.	Western and Chinese fast-food chain restaurants	55.00 %	55.00 %	
City Chain Food Ltd.	Xiang Cheng Co., Ltd.	Operation of Chinese restaurants	50.00 %	50.00 %	
City Chain Food Ltd.	Ma Cheng Co., Ltd.	Operation of western restaurants	90.00 %	90.00 %	
Route 66 Fast Food Ltd.	Beijing Universal Chain Food Co., Ltd.	Western and Chinese food and dining	100.00 %	100.00 %	
Route 66 Fast Food Ltd.	Yung Huo (China) Co., Ltd	Investment Holding	79.03 %	79.03 %	
Route 66 Fast Food Ltd.	Tianjin Fast Food Limited	Operation of western restaurants and sale of food products	100.00 %	100.00 %	
Route 66 Fast Food Ltd.	ORIENT BEST GLOBAL FOODS Co., Ltd.	Investment Holding	100.00 %	100.00 %	
Route 66 Fast Food Ltd.	Tai Ji Food Co., Ltd.	Operation of western restaurants and sale of food products	100.00 %	100.00 %	
Route 66 Fast Food Ltd.	Shanghai Universal Chain Food Co., Ltd.	Processing, production, and sale of poultry, coffee, and fast-food products	100.00 %	100.00 %	
Route 66 Fast Food Ltd.	Beijing Dingfenggang Catering Co., Ltd.	Western and Chinese fast-food chain restaurants	55.00 %	55.00 %	
Route 66 Fast Food Ltd.	Full Loyal Int' Ltd	Investment holding	100.00 %	100.00 %	
Full Loyal Int' Ltd and Shanghai Universal Chain Food Co., Ltd.	Saboten (Nanjing) Limited	Mall operation	100.00 %	100.00 %	
Saboten (China) Limited	Saboten (Beijing) Limited	Operation of Japanese restaurants	50.00 %	50.00 %	
Beijing Universal Chain Food Co., Ltd.	Shanghai Xunshi Foods Co., Ltd.	Western and Chinese dining services and management	100.00 %	100.00 %	
Route 66 Fast Food Ltd. and Beijing Universal Chain Food Co., Ltd.	Beijing Duhsiaoyueh Restaurant Co., Ltd	Operation of Chinese restaurants and sale of food products	70.00 %	70.00 %	
Beijing Duhsiaoyueh Restaurant Co., Ltd	Shanghai Duhsiaoyueh Restaurant Co., Ltd.	Operation of Chinese restaurants and sale of food products	70.00 %	70.00 %	
Yung Huo (China) Co., Ltd	Great Wall Yung Huo Food (Beijing) Co., Ltd.	Processing, production, and sale of western and Chinese fast-food products, pastries, and juices	79.03 %	79.03 %	
Great Wall International (Holdings) Ltd.	Asia Nutrition Technologies Corporation	Investment Holding	100.00 %	100.00 %	
Great Wall International (Holdings) Ltd.	Waverley Star Ltd.	Investment Holding	100.00 %	100.00 %	

(Continued)

**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Principal activity	Shareholding		Notes
			December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019	
Great Wall International (Holdings) Ltd.	Great Wall Food (HK) Co., Ltd.	Sale of flour and chicken related products	100.00 %	100.00 %	
Great Wall International (Holdings) Ltd.	DaChan Showa Foods (Tianjin) Co., Ltd.	Production and sale of flour related products	55.00 %	55.00 %	
Great Wall International (Holdings) Ltd.	Seafood Internation Co., Ltd.	Aquaculture trading	100.00 %	100.00 %	
Great Wall International (Holdings) Ltd.	Tianjin Food Investment Co. Ltd.	Investment Holding	78.40 %	78.40 %	
Great Wall International (Holdings) Ltd.	Global Food Corporation	Aquaculture trading	100.00 %	100.00 %	
Great Wall International (Holdings) Ltd.	Clydebridge Ltd.	Investment Holding	94.66 %	94.66 %	
Great Wall International (Holdings) Ltd.	Universal Food Corp.	Aquaculture trading	- %	100.00 %	
Great Wall International (Holdings) Ltd.	GreatWall Food Investment Co., Ltd.	Investment Holding	100.00 %	100.00 %	
Great Wall International (Holdings) Ltd.	Golden Harvest Inc.	Aquaculture trading	100.00 %	100.00 %	
Great Wall International (Holdings) Ltd.	Fresh Aqua Corporation	Aquaculture trading	100.00 %	100.00 %	
Great Wall International (Holdings) Ltd.	Great Wall FeedTech (Holdings) Ltd.	Investment Holding	100.00 %	100.00 %	
Great Wall International (Holdings) Ltd.	Myint Dachan Co., Ltd	Feed production and sales, breeding stock imports and exports, and food distribution	51.00 %	51.00 %	
Great Wall International (Holdings) Ltd.	Great Wall Grains International Limited	Commodities trading	100.00 %	- %	
Great Wall International (Holdings) Ltd.	Fresh Aqua Limited	Aquaculture trading	100.00 %	- %	
Great Wall International (Holdings) Ltd.	Global Seafood Limited	Aquaculture trading	100.00 %	- %	
Great Wall International (Holdings) Ltd.	Pacific Harvest Limited	Aquaculture trading	100.00 %	- %	
Great Wall International (Holdings) Ltd.	Seafood International Limited	Aquaculture trading	100.00 %	- %	
Great Wall International (Holdings) Ltd.	Universal Food Limited	Aquaculture trading	100.00 %	- %	
Great Wall International (Holdings) Ltd.	Food China Inc.	Commodities trading	55.03 %	- %	(Note)
Asia Nutrition Technologies Corporation	Asia Nutrition Technologies Investment Corporation	Investment Holding	100.00 %	100.00 %	
Asia Nutrition Technologies Corporation and Waverley Star Ltd.	Dachan Food (Asia) Limited	Investment Holding	52.04 %	52.04 %	
Great Wall Northeast Asia Corporation	Great Wall Northeast Asia Corporation	Investment Holding	52.04 %	52.04 %	
Great Wall Northeast Asia Corporation	Impreza Investment Ltd.	Investment Holding	52.04 %	52.04 %	
Great Wall Northeast Asia Corporation	Great Wall Agritech (Liaoning) Co., Ltd. (Incorporated in BVI)	Investment Holding	52.04 %	52.04 %	
Great Wall Northeast Asia Corporation	Dongbei Agri. Corp.	Investment Holding	52.04 %	52.04 %	
Great Wall Northeast Asia Corporation	Hwabei Agri. Corp.	Investment Holding	52.04 %	52.04 %	

(Continued)

**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Principal activity	Shareholding		Notes
			December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019	
Great Wall Northeast Asia Corporation	Great Wall Kuang-Ming Investment Co., Ltd.	Investment Holding	52.04 %	52.04 %	
Great Wall Northeast Asia Corporation	Asia Nutrition Technologies (VN) Investment Co., Ltd.	Investment Holding	34.09 %	34.09 %	
Great Wall Northeast Asia Corporation	Marksville Corp.	Investment Holding	52.04 %	52.04 %	
Great Wall Northeast Asia Corporation	China S&F Farm Holdings Co., Ltd.	Investment Holding	52.04 %	52.04 %	
Impreza Investment Ltd.	Great Wall Dalian Investment Co., Ltd.	Investment Holding	30.70 %	30.70 %	
Great Wall Kuang-Ming Investment Co., Ltd.	Miyasun Great Wall (BVI) Co., Ltd.	Investment Holding	52.04 %	52.04 %	
Miyasun Great Wall (BVI) Co., Ltd.	Miyasan-Great Wall Foods (Dalian) Co., Ltd.	Feed and chicken meat production and sales	52.04 %	52.04 %	
Great Wall Dalian Investment Co., Ltd.	Great Wall Food (Dalian) Co., Ltd.	Feed and chicken meat production and sales	30.70 %	30.70 %	
Great Wall Agritech (Liaoning) Co., Ltd.(Incorporated in HK)	Great Wall Agritech (Liaoning) Co., Ltd.(Incorporated in HK)	Investment Holding	52.04 %	52.04 %	
Great Wall Agritech (Liaoning) Co., Ltd.(Incorporated in HK)	Liaoning Great Wall Agri-Industrial Co., Ltd.	Feed and chicken meat production and sales	52.04 %	52.04 %	
Great Wall Agritech (Liaoning) Co., Ltd.(Incorporated in HK)	Great Wall Agri (Hei Long Jiang) Co., Ltd.	Feed production and sales	52.04 %	52.04 %	
Great Wall Agritech (Liaoning) Co., Ltd.(Incorporated in HK)	Great Wall Agri (Henan) Co., Ltd.	Feed production and sales	52.04 %	52.04 %	
Great Wall Agritech (Liaoning) Co., Ltd.(Incorporated in HK)	Great Wall Agrotech Huludao Co., Ltd.	Feed production and sales	52.04 %	52.04 %	
Great Wall Agritech (Liaoning) Co., Ltd.(Incorporated in HK)	Shandong Dachan Biotechnology Co., Ltd.	Feed production and sales	52.04 %	52.04 %	
Dongbei Agri Corp.	Great Wall Agri (Yingkou) Co., Ltd.	Feed and chicken meat production and sales	52.04 %	52.04 %	
Dongbei Agri Corp.	Great Wall Agri (Tieling) Co., Ltd.	Feed and chicken meat production and sales	52.04 %	52.04 %	
Dongbei Agri Corp.	DongBei Agri (Changchun) Co., Ltd.	Feed and chicken meat production and sales	52.04 %	52.04 %	
Dongbei Agri Corp.	Dachan Livestock Development Co, Ltd.	Feed production and sales	20.82 %	20.82 %	
Dongbei Agri Corp.	DaChan (Hunan) Feed Technologies Co., Ltd.	Feed production and sales	52.04 %	52.04 %	
Dongbei Agri Corp.	Dachan Food (Hebei) Co., Ltd.	Feed production and sales	52.04 %	52.04 %	
Dongbei Agri Corp.	Dachan Food (Panjin) Co., Ltd.	Chicken meat production and sales	52.04 %	52.04 %	
Hwabei Agri Corp.	Dachan Wanda (HK) Ltd.	Investment Holding	52.04 %	52.04 %	
Hwabei Agri Corp.	Union Manufacturing Ltd.	Investment Holding	52.04 %	52.04 %	
Hwabei Agri Corp.	Dongbei (Beijing) Consultant Co., Ltd.	Operations management services	52.04 %	52.04 %	
Dachan Wanda ( HK) Ltd.	Dachan Wanda (Tianjin) Co., Ltd.	Feed and chicken meat production and sales	52.04 %	52.04 %	
Dachan Wanda ( HK) Ltd.	Qingdao Dachan Technologies Feed Co., Ltd.	Feed production and sales	- %	52.04 %	

(Continued)

**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Principal activity	Shareholding		Notes
			December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019	
China S&F Farm Holdings Co., Ltd.	Yanzhou Dachan Food Co., Ltd.	Production and sale of feed, livestock and poultry farming	52.04 %	52.04 %	
Union Manufacturing Ltd.	Great Wall Gourmet (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	Sale of chicken, pork, and prepared foods	52.04 %	52.04 %	
Great Wall Kuang-Ming Investment Co., Ltd.	Taixu & Dachan Foods Holdings Co., Ltd.	Investment Holding	32.03 %	32.03 %	
Donbei (Beijing) Consultant Co., Ltd.	Zhenglanqi Dachan Eco-Ranch Co., Ltd.	Food services, animal breeding and sales	52.04 %	52.04 %	
Liaoning Great Wall Agri-Industrial Co., Ltd.	Dachan Agricultural Technologies (Sichuan) Co., Ltd.	Feed production and sales; livestock farming research and consulting services	52.04 %	52.04 %	
Dachan Wanda (Tianjin) Co., Ltd.	Bengbu Dachan Food Co., Ltd.	Feed production and sales, poultry and livestock farming and sales, and meat and meat products processing and sales	52.04 %	52.04 %	
Dachan Wanda (Tianjin) Co., Ltd.	Tianjin Chao Cheng Food Trade Co., Ltd.	Pig farming and sales	28.62 %	28.62 %	
Dachan Wanda (Tianjin) Co., Ltd.	Tianjin Dachan Prospect Research and Development Co., Ltd.	Research	52.04 %	52.04 %	
Tianjin Dachan Prospect Research and Development Co., Ltd.	Tian Jin Super Pig Ast Co., Ltd.	Meat and processed food sales	52.04 %	52.04 %	
Tianjin Dachan Prospect Research and Development Co., Ltd.	Sunseap Advance Green Technology Limited.	Biotechnology	- %	27.58 %	
Green Pac Bio Co., Ltd.	Shandong Lvhuang Biotechnology Co. Ltd.	Biotechnology	- %	14.07 %	
Green Pac Bio Co., Ltd.	Green Pac Bio (Fujian) Co., Ltd.	Biotechnology	- %	14.07 %	
Taixu & Dachan Foods (HK) Co., Ltd.	Taixu & Dachan Foods (HK) Co., Ltd.	Investment Holding	20.82 %	20.82 %	
Taixu & Dachan Foods (HK) Co., Ltd.	Taixu & Dachan Foods (Dalian) Co., Ltd.	Wholesale of pork related prepared foods	20.82 %	20.82 %	
Taixu & Dachan Foods (HK) Co., Ltd.	Taixu & Dachan Foods (Bengbu) Co., Ltd.	Wholesale of pork related prepared foods	20.82 %	20.82 %	
Asia Nutrition Technologies (VN) Investment Co., Ltd.	Asia Nutrition Technologies (HN) Co., Ltd.	Wholesale of pork related prepared foods	34.09 %	34.09 %	
Asia Nutrition Technologies (VN) Investment Co., Ltd.	Asia Nutrition Technologies (VN) Co., Ltd.	Feed production and sales, breeding stock imports and exports, and food imports and exports	34.09 %	34.09 %	
Asia Nutrition Technologies (VN) Co., Ltd.	Asia Nutrition Technologies (LA) Co., Ltd.	Feed production and sales, breeding stock imports and exports, and food imports and exports	34.09 %	34.09 %	
Asia Nutrition Technologies (VN) Co., Ltd.	Asia Nutrition Technologies (MV) Co., Ltd.	Feed production and sales, breeding stock imports and exports, and food imports and exports	34.09 %	34.09 %	
Asia Nutrition Technologies (VN) Co., Ltd.	ANT Feed Co., Ltd.	Feed production and sales, breeding stock imports and exports, and food imports and exports	34.09 %	34.09 %	
Asia Nutrition Technologies (VN) Investment Co., Ltd. and Great Wall International (Holdings) Ltd.	Dachan (Asia-Pacific) Limited.	Investing Holding	77.00 %	95.60 %	
Dachan (Asia-Pacific) Limited.	Dachan (VN) Company Limited	Feed production and sales	77.00 %	95.60 %	
Clydebridge Ltd.	Dachan Aquaculture Limited.	Investing Holding	56.80 %	56.80 %	
Dachan Aquaculture Limited.	PT. MUSTIKA MINANUSA AURORA.	Seafood processing	56.80 %	56.80 %	

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
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Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Principal activity	Shareholding		Notes
			December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019	
Dachan Aquaculture Limited.	Dachan Aqua(Tarakan) Ltd.	Investing Holding	56.80 %	56.80 %	
Dachan Aquaculture Limited.	PT. MISAJA MITRA	Processing of seafood	56.80 %	56.80 %	
Dachan Aqua (Tarakan) Ltd. and PT. MUSTIKA MINANUSA AURORA.	PT. DACHAN MUSTIK AURORA	Processing of seafood	56.80 %	56.80 %	
Marksville Corp.	Great Wall Nutrition Technologies SDN. BHD.	Feed sales and production	52.04 %	52.04 %	
Tianjin Food Investment Co., Ltd.	Great Wall Food (Tianjin) Co., Ltd.	Flour production and sales	78.40 %	78.40 %	
Total Nutrition Tech. Co., Ltd.	TNT Biotechnology Co., Ltd.	Investment Holding	100.00 %	100.00 %	
TNT Biotechnology Co., Ltd.	TNT Biotechnology (Tianjin) Co., Ltd.	Feed production and sales	100.00 %	100.00 %	
TNT Biotechnology Co., Ltd.	TNT Huabang Holdings Limited	Investment Holding	100.00 %	100.00 %	
TNT Biotechnology Huabang Co., Ltd.	Huabang (Tianjin) Biotechnology Co., Ltd.	Feed production and sales	- %	100.00 %	
Dachan Food (HK) Co., Ltd.	Great Wall Milling Co., Ltd.	Sale of flour related products	100.00 %	100.00 %	
GreatWall Food Investment Co., Ltd	Trans Dynamic Corporation	Investment Holding	100.00 %	100.00 %	
Great Wall FeedTech Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Great Wall FeedTech (Tianjin) Co., Ltd.	Feed production and sales	100.00 %	100.00 %	
Great Wall FeedTech Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Great Wall FeedTec (Ningxia) Co. Ltd.	Feed production and sales	100.00 %	100.00 %	
Food China Inc.	FoodChina Company	Commodities trading	55.03 %	- %	(Note)
Food China Inc.	Beijing FoodChina Global Information & Technology Ltd.	Commodities trading	55.03 %	- %	(Note)

Note: Food China Inc., FoodChina Company, and Beijing FoodChina Global Information & Technology Ltd. were associates for the year ended 2019, and thus were not included in the consolidated financial statements.

When preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Company's investments in its subsidiaries represented as shareholder equity have been written off, and significant transactions during the period have been eliminated.

2) Changes in subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

In the first quarter of 2019, the subsidiary Ma Cheng Co., Ltd. increased its capital in cash, which led to a comprehensive shareholding ratio of 90%.

In the first quarter of 2019, the Group obtained 20% non-controlling interest of Oriental Best Foods Co., Ltd., and the comprehensive shareholding ratio increased to 90%.

In the first quarter of 2019, it acquired a 30% stake in Dachan Aqua (Tarakan) Ltd. and its comprehensive shareholding ratio increased to 56.8%.

In the first quarter of 2019, Shaanxi Green Pine Ecological Technology Co., Ltd. was liquidated.

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

In the third quarter of 2019, the subsidiary Dachan Espressamente Illy (China) Co, Ltd was liquidated.

In the fourth quarter of 2019, the subsidiary Great Wall Agrotech Feed (Shenyang) Co., Ltd. was liquidated.

In the fourth quarter of 2019, the Group acquired 100.00% interest of Tai Ji Co., Ltd. and Shanghai Xunshi Foods Co., Ltd.'s minority shareholder, ORIENT BEST GLOBAL FOODS Co., Ltd, which increased Tai Ji Co., Ltd. and Shanghai Xunshi Foods Co., Ltd.'s comprehensive shareholding ratio to 100%.

In the fourth quarter of 2019, the Group obtained 11.67% non-controlling interest of the subsidiary Nisshi Chain Co., Ltd., with a comprehensive shareholding ratio of 67.29%.

In the fourth quarter of 2019, the Group disposed of all shares of its subsidiary company, Beijing Long Xian Ju Catering Management Co., Ltd., and lost control.

In the fourth quarter of 2019, the subsidiary Danchan Zhong Xin Limited was liquidated.

In the first quarter of 2020, the Group obtained 30% non-controlling interest of KouChan Mill Co., Ltd., and the comprehensive shareholding ratio increased to 85%. In the second quarter of 2020, the company did not purchase more stocks according to its previous shareholding ratio, and the comprehensive shareholding ratio decreased to 55%.

In the first quarter of 2020, Neo Foods Co., Ltd. was established with a comprehensive shareholding ratio of 100%.

In the first quarter of 2020, Green Pac (Fujian) Biological Technology Co., Ltd. was liquidated.

In the second quarter of 2020, Great Wall Grains International Limited was established with a comprehensive shareholding ratio of 100%.

In the second quarter of 2020, the Group did not purchase more stocks of Zhong Yi Food Co., Ltd. according to its previous shareholding ratio, and the comprehensive shareholding ratio decreased to 65%.

In the second and third quarter of 2020, the Group did not purchase more stocks of Danchen (Asia Pacific) Limited and Dachan (VN) Company Limited according to its previous shareholding ratio, and the comprehensive shareholding ratio decreased to 77%.

In the third quarter of 2020, the subsidiary Huabang (Tianjin) Biotechnology Co., Ltd. was liquidated.

In the third quarter of 2020, the Group disposed of all stocks of Shandong Luhuan Biotechnology Co. Ltd and lost control.

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

In the third quarter of 2020, subsidiaries Fresh Aqua Limited, Global Seafood Limited, Pacific Harvest Limited, Seafood International Limited, and Universal Food Limited were established with a comprehensive shareholding ratio of 100%.

In the third quarter of 2020, the Group acquired more shares of FoodChina Inc., Food China Global Co.Ltd., and Beijing Food China Global Information & Technology. The comprehensive shareholding ratio increased to 55.03% and the Group gained control, henceforward they shall be included in the consolidated financial statements.

In the fourth quarter of 2020, the Group disposed of all stocks of its subsidiary Univeral Food Corp. and lost control.

In the fourth quarter of 2020, the Group disposed of all stocks of its subsidiary Qingdao Dachan Technologies Feed Co., Ltd. and lost control.

In the fourth quarter of 2020, Green Pac Bio Co., Ltd. was liquidated.

3) Subsidiaries excluded from the consolidated financial statements: None.

(d) Foreign currencies

(i) Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the respective functional currencies of Group entities at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each subsequent reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currencies using the exchange rate at that date.

Non-monetary items, assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are retranslated into the functional currencies using the exchange rate at the date that the fair value was determined. Non monetary items denominated in a foreign currency that are measured based on historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

Exchange differences arising on retranslation are generally recognized in profit or loss, except for those differences relating to the following, which are recognized in other comprehensive income:

- 1) An investment in equity securities designated as at fair value through other comprehensive income;
- 2) A financial liability designated as a hedge of the net investment in a foreign operation to the extent that the hedge is effective

(ii) Foreign operations

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations, including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on acquisition, are translated into the reporting currency at the exchange rates at the reporting date. The income and expenses of foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency at the average exchange rate. Exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

When a foreign operation is disposed of such that control, significant influence, or joint control is lost, the cumulative amount in the translation reserve related to that foreign operation is reclassified to profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal. When the Group disposes of only part of its interest in a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation while retaining control, the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reattributed to non controlling interests. When the Group disposes of only part of its investment in an associate or joint venture that includes a foreign operation while retaining significant influence or joint control, the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reclassified to profit or loss.

When the settlement of a monetary receivable from or payable to a foreign operation is neither planned nor likely to occur in the foreseeable future, foreign exchange gains and losses arising from such a monetary item that are considered to form part of the net investment in the foreign operation are recognized in other comprehensive income.

(e) Classification of current and non-current assets and liabilities

An asset is classified as current under one of the following criteria, and all other assets are classified as non current.

- (i) It is expected to be realized, or intended to be sold or consumed, in the normal operating cycle;
- (ii) It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- (iii) It is expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- (iv) The asset is cash or a cash equivalent (as defined in IAS 7) unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

A liability is classified as current under one of the following criteria, and all other liabilities are classified as non-current. An entity shall classify a liability as current when:

- (i) It is expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle;
- (ii) It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- (iii) It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- (iv) The Group does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by issuing equity instruments do not affect its classification.

(f) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits. Cash equivalents are short term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits which meet the above definition and are held for the purpose of meeting short term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes should be recognized as cash equivalents.

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows.

(g) Financial instruments

Trade receivables and debt securities issued are initially recognized when they are originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognized when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component) or financial liability is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. A trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

(i) Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date basis.

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at: amortized cost; Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) – debt investment; FVOCI – equity investment; or FVTPL. Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Group changes its business model for managing financial assets, in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the first reporting period following the change in the business model.

1) Financial assets measured at amortized cost

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

These assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost, which is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition, plus/minus, the cumulative amortization using the effective interest method, adjusted for any loss allowance. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses, as well as impairment, are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognized in profit or loss.

2) Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)

A debt investment is measured at FVOCI if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive income. This election is made on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

Debt investments at FVOCI are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income calculated using the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

Equity investments at FVOCI are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognized as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income and are never reclassified to profit or loss.

Dividend income is recognized in profit or loss on the date on which the Group's right to receive payment is established.

3) Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

All financial assets not classified as amortized cost or FVOCI described as above are measured at FVTPL, including derivative financial assets. On initial recognition, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset, which meets the requirements to be measured at amortized cost or at FVOCI, as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognized in profit or loss.

4) Business model assessment

The Group makes an assessment of the objective of the business model in which a financial asset is held at portfolio level because this best reflects the way the business is managed and information is provided to management. The information considered includes:

- the stated policies and objectives for the portfolio and the operation of those policies in practice. These include whether management's strategy focuses on earning contractual interest income, maintaining a particular interest rate profile, matching the duration of the financial assets to the duration of any related liabilities or expected cash outflows or realizing cash flows through the sale of the assets;
- how the performance of the portfolio is evaluated and reported to the Group's management;
- the risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and how those risks are managed;

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

- the frequency, volume and timing of sales of financial assets in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and expectations about future sales activity.

Transfers of financial assets to third parties in transactions that do not qualify for derecognition are not considered sales for this purpose, and are consistent with the Group's continuing recognition of the assets.

Financial assets that are held for trading or are managed and whose performance is evaluated on a fair value basis are measured at FVTPL.

- 5) Assessment of whether contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest

For the purposes of this assessment, 'principal' is defined as the fair value of the financial assets on initial recognition. 'Interest' is defined as consideration for the time value of money and for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs, as well as a profit margin.

In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, the Group considers the contractual terms of the instrument. This includes assessing whether the financial asset contains a contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition. In making this assessment, the Group considers:

- contingent events that would change the amount or timing of cash flows;
- terms that may adjust the contractual coupon rate, including variable rate features;
- prepayment and extension features ; and
- terms that limit the Group's claim to cash flows from specified assets(e.g. non-recourse features)

- 6) Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognizes loss allowances for expected credit losses (ECL) on financial assets measured at amortized cost (including cash and cash equivalents, amortized costs, notes and trade receivables, other receivables, guarantee deposit paid and other financial assets).

The Group measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime ECL, except for the following which are measured as 12-month ECL:

- debt securities that are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date ; and
- other debt securities and bank balances for which credit risk (i.e. the risk of default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument) has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Loss allowance for trade receivables and contract assets are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECL, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment as well as forward-looking information.

The Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than 90 days past due.

The Group considers a financial asset to be in default when the financial asset is more than 365 days past due or the debtor is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full.

The Group considers a debt security to have low credit risk when its credit risk rating is equivalent to the globally understood definition of 'investment grade which is considered to be BBB- or higher per Standard & Poor's, Baa3 or higher per Moody's or twA or higher per Taiwan Ratings'.

Lifetime ECLs are the ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

12-month ECLs are the portion of ECLs that result from default events that are possible within the 12 month after the reporting date (or a shorter period if the expected life of the instrument is less than 12 months).

The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e the difference between the cash flows due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive). ECLs are discounted at the effective interest rate of the financial asset.

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether financial assets carried at amortized cost and debt securities at FVOCI are credit-impaired. A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial assets is credit-impaired includes the following observable data:

- significant financial difficulty of the borrower or issuer;
- a breach of contract such as a default or being more than 90 days past due;
- the lender of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession that the lender would not otherwise consider;

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

- it is probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization;  
or
- the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets.

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off when the Group has no reasonable expectations of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof. For individual customers, the Group has a policy of writing off the gross carrying amount when the financial asset is 365 days past due based on historical experience of recoveries of similar assets. For corporate customers, the Group individually makes an assessment with respect to the timing and amount of write-off based on whether there is a reasonable expectation of recovery. The Group expects no significant recovery from the amount written off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Group's procedures for recovery of amounts due.

7) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and it does not retain control of the financial asset.

When the Group signs a transaction to transfer financial assets, if it retains all or almost all risks and rewards of ownership of the transferred assets, they will continue to be recognized on the balance sheet.

(ii) Financial liabilities and equity instruments

1) Classification of debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Group are classified as financial liabilities or equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

2) Equity instrument

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued are recognized as the amount of consideration received, less the direct cost of issuing.

(Continued)

**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

3) Treasury shares

When shares recognized as equity are repurchased, the amount of the consideration paid, which includes directly attributable costs, is recognized as a deduction from equity. Repurchased shares are classified as treasury shares. When treasury shares are sold or reissued subsequently, the amount received is recognized as an increase in equity, and the resulting surplus or deficit on the transaction is recognized in capital surplus or retained earnings (if the capital surplus is not sufficient to be written down).

4) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortized cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held-for-trading, it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognized in profit or loss.

Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognized in profit or loss.

5) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged, cancelled, or expired. The Group also derecognizes a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different, in which case a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognized at fair value.

On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability extinguished and the consideration paid (including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed) is recognized in profit or loss.

6) Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of balance sheet when, and only when, the Group currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(iii) Derivative financial instruments

The Group holds derivative financial instruments to hedge its foreign currency and interest rate exposures. Embedded derivatives are separated from the host contract and accounted for separately if the host contract is not a financial asset and certain criteria are met. Derivatives are initially measured at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition, derivatives are measured at fair value, and changes therein are generally recognized in profit or loss.

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(h) Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value. The cost of inventories is calculated using the weighted average method, and includes expenditure incurred in acquiring the inventories, production or conversion costs, and other costs incurred in bringing them to their present location and condition. In the case of manufactured inventories and work in progress, cost includes an appropriate share of production overheads based on normal operating capacity.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and selling expense.

The cost of inventories transferred from biological assets is its fair value less costs to sell at the date of harvest.

(i) Biological assets

Biological assets are measured at fair value less costs to sell on initial recognition and at the end of each reporting period. Costs to sell are the incremental costs directly attributable to the disposal of the assets, excluding finance costs and income taxes. Gains and losses arising on initial recognized of biological assets at fair value less costs to sell and from changes in fair value less costs to sell of biological assets are recognized in profit or loss for the period in which they arise.

(j) Investment in associates

Associates are those entities in which the Group has significant influence, but not control or joint control, over their financial and operating policies.

Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method and are recognized initially at cost. The cost of the investment includes transaction costs. The carrying amount of the investment in associates includes goodwill arising from the acquisition less any accumulated impairment losses.

The consolidated financial statements include the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of those associates, after adjustments to align their accounting policies with those of the Group, from the date on which significant influence commences until the date on which significant influence ceases. The Group recognizes any changes of its proportionate share in the investee within capital surplus, when an associate's equity changes due to reasons other than profit and loss or comprehensive income, which did not result in changes in actual proportionate share.

Gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and an associate are recognized only to the extent of unrelated Group's interests in the associate.

When the Group's share of losses of an associate equals or exceeds its interests in an associate, it discontinues recognizing its share of further losses. After the recognized interest is reduced to zero, additional losses are provided for, and a liability is recognized, only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

The Group discontinues the use of the equity method and measures the retained interest at fair value from the date when its investment ceases to be an associate. The difference between the fair value of retained interest and proceeds from disposing, and the carrying amount of the investment at the date the equity method was discontinued is recognized in profit or loss. The Group accounts for all the amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to that investment on the same basis as would have been required if the associates had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. If a gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income would be reclassified to profit or loss (or retained earnings) on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities, the Group reclassifies the gain or loss from equity to profit or loss (as a reclassification adjustment) (or retained earnings) when the equity method is discontinued. If the Group's ownership interest in an associate is reduced while it continues to apply the equity method, the Group reclassifies the proportion of the gain or loss that had previously been recognized in other comprehensive income relating to that reduction in ownership interest to profit or loss.

If an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or an investment in a joint venture becomes an investment in an associate, the Group continues to apply the equity method without remeasuring the retained interest.

When the Group subscribes to additional shares in an associate at a percentage different from its existing ownership percentage, the resulting carrying amount of the investment will differ from the amount of the Group's proportionate interest in the net assets of the associate. The Group records such a difference as an adjustment to investments, with the corresponding amount charged or credited to capital surplus. The aforesaid adjustment should first be adjusted under capital surplus. If the capital surplus resulting from changes in ownership interest is not sufficient, the remaining difference is debited to retained earnings. If the Group's ownership interest is reduced due to the additional subscription to the shares of the associate by other investors, the proportionate amount of the gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate will be reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the associate had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

(k) Investment property

Investment property is property held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes. Investment property is measured at cost on initial recognition, and subsequently at cost, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation expense is calculated based on the depreciation method, useful life, and residual value which are the same as those adopted for property, plant and equipment.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an investment property (calculated as the difference between the net proceeds from disposal and the carrying amount) is recognized in profit or loss.

Rental income from investment property is recognized as other revenue on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives granted are recognized as an integral part of the total rental income, over the term of the lease.

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(l) Property, plant and equipment

(i) Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost, which includes capitalized borrowing costs less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in profit or loss.

(ii) Reclassification to investment properties

When a property for self-use becomes an investment property, said property should be reclassified as an investment property based on the book value at the time of change.

(iii) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Group.

(iv) Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated on the cost of an asset less its residual value and is recognized in profit or loss on a straight line basis over the estimated useful lives of each component of an item of property, plant and equipment.

Land is not depreciated.

The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment for current and comparative periods are as follows:

Buildings	2 - 60 years
Plant and equipment	2 - 60 years
Transportation equipment	3 - 10 years
Other equipment	2 - 25 years
Leasehold improvement	According to leasehold period
Leased assets	According to leasehold period

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

(Continued)

**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
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(m) Leases

(i) Identifying a lease

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Group assesses whether:

- 1) the contract involves the use of an identified asset – this may be specified explicitly or implicitly, and should be physically distinct or represent substantially all of the capacity of a physically distinct asset. If the supplier has a substantive substitution right, then the asset is not identified; and
- 2) the customer has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset throughout the period of use; and
- 3) the customer has the right to direct the use of the asset throughout the period of use only if either:
  - the customer has the right to direct how and for what purpose the asset is used throughout the period of use; or
  - the relevant decisions about how and for what purpose the asset is used are predetermined and:
    - the customer has the right to operate the asset throughout the period of use, without the supplier having the right to change those operating instructions; or
    - the customer designed the asset in a way that predetermines how and for what purpose it will be used throughout the period of use.

(ii) As a lessee

The Group recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be reliably determined, the Group's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
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Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- 1) fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments;
- 2) variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- 3) amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and
- 4) payments for purchase or termination options that are reasonably certain to be exercised.

The lease liability is measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when:

- 1) there is a change in future lease payments arising from the change in an index or rate; or
- 2) there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; or
- 3) there is a change in the lease term resulting from a change of its assessment on whether it will exercise an option to purchase the underlying asset; or
- 4) there is a change of its assessment on whether it will exercise a extension or termination option; or
- 5) there is any lease modification

When the lease liability is remeasured, other than lease modifications, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or in profit and loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

When the lease liability is remeasured to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease for lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the Group accounts for the remeasurement of the lease liability by decreasing the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognize in profit or loss any gain or loss relating to the partial or full termination of the lease.

The Group presents right-of-use assets that do not meet the definition of investment and lease liabilities as a separate line item respectively in the statement of financial position.

If an arrangement contains lease and non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of their relative stand-alone prices. However, for the leases of land and buildings in which it is a lessee, the Group has elected not to separate non-lease components and account for the lease and non-lease components as a single lease component.

The Group has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets of other equipment. The Group recognizes the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(iii) As a lessor

When the Group acts as a lessor, it determines at lease commencement whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease. To classify each lease, the Group makes an overall assessment of whether the lease transfers to the lessee substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership incidental to ownership of the underlying asset. If this is the case, then the lease is a finance lease; if not, then the lease is an operating lease. As part of this assessment, the Group considers certain indicators such as whether the lease is for the major part of the economic life of the asset.

When the Group is an intermediate lessor, it accounts for its interests in the head lease and the sub-lease separately. It assesses the lease classification of a sub-lease with reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease. If a head lease is a short-term lease to which the Group applies the exemption described above, then it classifies the sub-lease as an operating lease.

If an arrangement contains lease and non-lease components, the Group applies IFRS15 to allocate the consideration in the contract.

The Group recognizes lease payments received under operating leases as income on a straight-line basis over the lease term as part of 'rental income'.

(n) Intangible assets

(i) Goodwill

1) Recognition and measurement

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of subsidiaries is included in intangible assets. Please refer to Note 4(s) for the recognition of goodwill.

2) Subsequent evaluations

Goodwill is measured at cost, less accumulated impairment losses. For investments using the equity method, the book value of goodwill is included in the book value of the investment, and the impairment losses of such investments are not allocated to goodwill or any assets, but are part of the book value of the investment using the equity method.

(o) Impairment of non-financial assets

At each reporting date, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its non-financial assets (other than inventories, contract assets, deferred tax assets and investment properties and biological assets, measured at fair value, less costs) to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment.

For impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or cash-generating units (CGUs). Goodwill arising from a business combination is allocated to CGUs or groups of CGUs that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU.

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount.

Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss. They are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the CGU, and then to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets in the CGU on a pro rata basis.

(p) Revenue recognition

(i) Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue is measured based on the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. The Group recognizes revenue when it satisfies a performance obligation by transferring control of a good or a service to a customer. The accounting policies for the Group's main types of revenue are explained below:

1) Sale of goods – Feed and meat products

The Group manufactures and sells feed and meat products to customers. The Group recognizes revenue when the control of the product is transferred. The transfer of control of the product means that the product has been delivered to the customer, and the customer can fully determine the sales channel and price of the product without any unfulfilled performance obligations that will affect the customer's acceptance of the product. Delivery occurs when the product is delivered to a specific location, when the customer has accepted the product in accordance with the sales contract, when its risk of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, when the acceptance clause has expired, or when the Group has objective evidence that all acceptance conditions have been met.

The Group often provides volume discounts to customers on the basis of cumulative sales within twelve months. The Group recognizes revenue on the basis of the contract price minus the net amount of the estimated quantity discount. The amount of the quantity discount is estimated based on the expected value using past experiences, and only in the range where a significant change will not occur at a high degree. The average credit period for feed and meat sales is 30 to 60 days, which is consistent with industry practices and thus does not include financing elements.

A receivable is recognized when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the Group has a right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional.

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
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2) IT Consulting services/Advisory and Management

The Group provides business IT management services. Revenue from providing services is recognized in the accounting period in which the services are rendered. For fixed-price contracts, revenue is recognized based on the actual service provided to the end of the reporting period as a proportion of the total services to be provided. The proportion of services provided is determined based on the actual labor hours spent relative to the total expected labor hours.

3) Financial components

The Group does not expect to have any contracts where the period between the transfer of the promised goods or services to the customer and payment by the customer exceeds one year. As a consequence, the group does not adjust any of the transaction prices for the time value of money.

(q) Employee benefits

(i) Defined contribution plans

Obligations for contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed as the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognized as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in future payments is available.

(ii) Defined benefit plans

The Group's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated separately for each the plan by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in the current and prior periods, discounting that amount and deducting the fair value of any plan assets.

The calculation of defined benefit obligations is performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. When the calculation results in a potential asset for the Group, the recognized asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan. To calculate the present value of economic benefits, consideration is given to any applicable minimum funding requirements.

Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognized immediately in other comprehensive income, and accumulated in retained earnings within equity. The Group determines the net interest expense (income) on the net defined benefit liability (asset) for the period by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the annual period to the then-net defined benefit liability (asset). Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognized in profit or loss.

When the benefits of a plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that relates to past service or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognized immediately in profit or loss. The Group recognizes gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(iii) Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognized for the amount expected to be paid if the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

(r) Income taxes

Income taxes comprise current taxes and deferred taxes. Except for expenses related to business combinations or recognized directly in equity or other comprehensive income, all current and deferred taxes are recognized in profit or loss.

Current income tax includes the estimated income tax payable or tax refund receivable calculated through the taxable profit (loss) of the year, plus any adjustments made to the tax payable in previous years. After reflecting the uncertainty (if any) related to income tax, the amount is the best estimate of the expected payment or receivable based on the statutory tax rate on the reporting date or on the tax rate of the substantively enacted legislation.

Deferred taxes arise due to temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their respective tax bases. Deferred taxes are recognized except for the following:

- (i) Temporary differences on the initial recognition of assets and liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profits (losses) at the time of the transaction;
- (ii) Temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements to the extent that the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future; and
- (iii) Taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for the carry forward of unused tax losses, unused tax credits, and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefits will be realized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if the following criteria are met:

- (i) the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and
- (ii) the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
  - 1) the same taxable entity; or
  - 2) different taxable entities which intend to settle current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis, or to realize the assets and liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
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(s) Business combination

The Company accounts for business combinations using the acquisition method. The goodwill arising from an acquisition is measured as the excess of (i) the consideration transferred (which is generally measured at fair value) and (ii) the amount of non-controlling interest in the acquiree, both over the identifiable net assets acquired at the acquisition date. If the amount calculated above is a deficit balance, the Company recognized that amount as a gain on a bargain purchase in profit or loss immediately after reassessing whether it has correctly identified all of the assets acquired and all of the liabilities assumed.

All acquisition-related transaction costs are expensed as incurred, except for the issuance of debt or equity instruments.

For each business combination, the Group measures any non controlling interests in the acquiree either at fair value or at the non controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets, if the non controlling interests are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the acquiree's net assets in the event of liquidation. Other components of non controlling interests are measured at their acquisition-date fair values, unless another measurement basis is required by the IFRSs endorsed by the FSC.

In a business combination achieved in stages, the Group remeasures its previously held equity interest in the acquiree at its acquisition-date fair value, and recognizes the resulting gain or loss, if any, in profit or loss. In prior reporting periods, the Group may have recognized changes in the value of its equity interest in the acquiree in other comprehensive income. If so, the amount that was recognized in other comprehensive income will be recognized on the same basis as would be required if the Group had disposed directly of the previously held equity interest. If the disposal of the equity interest required a reclassification to profit or loss, such an amount will be reclassified to profit or loss.

If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete are reported in the Group's financial statements. During the measurement period, the provisional amounts recognized at the acquisition date are retrospectively adjusted, or additional assets or liabilities are recognized to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date. The measurement period will not exceed one year from the acquisition date.

(t) Earnings per share

The Group discloses the Company's basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company. Basic earnings per share is calculated as the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share is calculated as the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding after adjustment for the effects of all potentially dilutive ordinary shares.

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(u) Operating segments

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses (including revenues and expenses relating to transactions with other components of the Group). Operating results of the operating segment are regularly reviewed by the Group's chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and to assess its performance. Each operating segment consists of standalone financial information.

(v) Government grants

A government grant is recognized when it is reasonably certain that the Group will comply with the conditions attached to the government grant and will receive the grant. The receipt of the grant by the enterprise itself is not sufficient to provide conclusive evidence that the completed goods will fulfill the conditions attached to the grant.

Government grants should be recognized in profit and loss on a systematic basis during the period when the related costs that they intend to compensate are recognized as expenses by the Group.

When a government grant is receivable, if it is used as compensation for the expenses or losses that have already occurred or for the purpose of providing immediate financial support to the company without future related costs, it shall be recognized in the profit and loss during the period when it can be received.

Asset-related grants (including non-monetary grants measured at fair value) should be classified as deferred income or as a deduction to obtain the asset's carrying amount, which is expressed in the statement of financial position.

When government grants need to be returned, they should be dealt with according to changes in accounting estimates. The return of grants related to income shall first be offset against the unamortized deferred credits recognized in connection with the grants. When the refund exceeds the scope of any such deferred credit, or when there is no deferred credit, the refund shall be immediately recognized in profit and loss. The return of grants related to assets should be recognized by increasing the asset's carrying amount or reducing the balance of deferred income. Assuming that there is no grant, the accumulated additional depreciation that should have been recognized in profit and loss so far should be recognized in profit and loss immediately.

**(5) Significant accounting assumptions and judgments, and major sources of estimation uncertainty:**

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with the Regulations and the IFRSs endorsed by the FSC requires management to make judgments, estimates, and assumptions that affect the application of the accounting policies and the reported amount of assets, liabilities, income, and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The management continues to monitor the accounting estimates and assumptions. The management recognizes any changes in accounting estimates during the period and the impact of those changes in accounting estimates in the following period.

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
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Information about judgments made in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effects on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements is as follows:

Impairment of property, plant and equipment

In the process of evaluating the potential impairment assets, the Group is required to make subjective judgments in determining the independent cash flows, useful lives, expected future income and expenses related to the specific asset groups considering of the nature of the industry. Any changes in these estimates based on changed economic conditions or business strategies could result in significant impairment charges or reversal in future years.

**(6) Explanation of significant accounts:**

(a) Cash and cash equivalents

	<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>
Cash on hand	\$ 47,020	50,885
Revolving funds	344	356
Check deposits	778,720	698,005
Demand deposits	3,356,878	1,937,702
Foreign currency deposits	58,185	19,147
Bank financial products	70,099	77,741
Time/certificate deposits	<u>177,240</u>	<u>158,906</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	<u><b>\$ 4,488,486</b></u>	<u><b>2,942,742</b></u>

Please refer to note 6(x) for the interest rate risk and the sensitivity analysis of financial assets and liabilities of the Group.

The details of wealth investment products as of December 31, 2020 and 2019 are as follows:

- (i) The Group signed a contract with the bank for a floating-rate principal-protected note on December 9, 2020. The yield is linked to the three-month LIBOR interest rate. The contract amount is \$70,099 thousand and the expected yield is 2.75%. The maturity date is January 11, 2021.
- (ii) The Group signed a contract with the bank for a floating-rate principal-protected note on August 9, 2019. The yield is linked to the six-month SHIBOR interest rate. The contract amount is \$12,892 thousand and the expected yield is 3.75%. The maturity date is February 10, 2020 and it is redeemable from September 10, 2019.
- (iii) The Group signed a contract with the bank for a floating-rate principal-protected note on November 20, 2019. The yield is linked to the six-month SHIBOR interest rate. The contract amount is \$10,701 thousand and the expected yield is 3.67%. The maturity date is May 20, 2020 and it is redeemable from December 23, 2019.

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
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- (iv) The Group signed a contract with the bank for a floating-rate principal-protected note on December 11, 2019. The yield is linked to the six-month SHIBOR interest rate. The contract amount is \$54,148 thousand and the expected yield is 3.67%. The maturity date is June 11, 2020 and it is redeemable from January 13, 2019.

The Company held deposits that mature within one year for short-term cash purposes. Such deposits are held to meet short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes. The time deposits with maturities within one year are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

- (b) Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>December 31, 2019</u>
Derivative financial assets: current:		
Non-derivative financial assets: current:		
Forward exchange contracts	\$ 9,472	-
Corn structured swaps	11,969	-
Non-derivative financial assets		
Futures Margin	-	5,164
Stocks listed on domestic markets	439	439
Total	<u>\$ 21,880</u>	<u>5,603</u>
Derivative financial liabilities:		
Non-hedge derivatives		
Forward exchange contracts	\$ 22,820	69,844
Option contracts	1,010	-
Total	<u>\$ 23,830</u>	<u>69,844</u>

- (i) Forward exchange contracts:

	<u>December 31, 2020</u>			
	<u>Carrying amount</u>	<u>Amount (in thousands)</u>	<u>Currency</u>	<u>Maturity date</u>
Forward exchange purchased	9,472	USD 97,510	USD to NTD	2021.1.7-2021.3.17
Forward exchange purchased	(22,820)	USD 102,010	USD to NTD	2021.1.4-2021.5.3

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
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December 31, 2019					
	Carrying amount		Amount (in thousands)	Currency	Maturity date
Forward exchange purchased		USD	3,000	CNY to NTD	2020.1.31-2020.3.31
Forward exchange purchased	(69,844)	USD	162,000	USD to NTD	2020.1.21-2020.3.29

(ii) Futures and options trading

		Outstanding position		Contract amount or option premiums received (paid)	Fair value
Item	Type	Buy/Sell	Amount		
<b>December 31, 2020</b>					
Structured swaps	Corn	Buy	800	\$ -	11,969
Option contract	Corn	Sell	500	(497)	(1,010)
	Total			\$ (497)	10,959

		Outstanding position		Contract amount or option premiums received (paid)	Fair value
Item	Type	Buy/Sell	Amount		
<b>December 31, 2019</b>					
Futures	Soybean meal	Sell	700	\$ -	-

(c) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
Equity investments at fair value through other comprehensive income:		
Listed common shares: Domestic- TTET UNION CORPORATION	\$ 2,547,181	2,162,870
Unlisted common shares: Domestic	100,561	101,427
Other	349	365
Total	\$ 2,648,091	2,264,662

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

- (i) Equity investments at fair value through other comprehensive income

The Group designated the investments shown above as equity securities at fair value through other comprehensive income because these equity securities represent those investments that the Group intends to hold for long-term strategic purposes.

For information on dividends received from the aforementioned equity investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, please refer to Note 6(ab).

There were no disposals of strategic investments and transfers of any cumulative gain or loss within equity to these investments as of December 31, 2020 and 2019.

- (ii) For credit risk and market risk, please refer to note 6(ac).  
 (iii) The aforementioned financial assets had not been pledged as collateral for its long-term borrowings.

Sensitivity analysis- equity price risks:

If the price of equity securities changes on the reporting date (the two-period analysis adopts the same basis and assumes that other changing factors remain unchanged), the impact on the comprehensive profit and loss items is as follows:

<u>Prices of securities at the reporting date</u>	<u>For the years ended December 31,</u>			
	<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>	
	<u>Other comprehensive income after tax</u>	<u>Net income</u>	<u>Other comprehensive income after tax</u>	<u>Net income</u>
Increasing 1%	\$ <u>26,481</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>22,647</u>	<u>-</u>
Decreasing 1%	\$ <u>(26,481)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(22,647)</u>	<u>-</u>

- (d) Notes and trade receivables

	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>December 31, 2019</u>
Notes receivable from operating activities	\$ 1,107,562	1,027,381
Trade receivables—measured as amortized cost	5,539,715	5,324,972
Less: Loss allowance	<u>(313,735)</u>	<u>(342,292)</u>
	<u>\$ 6,333,542</u>	<u>6,010,061</u>

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
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	<u>Accumulated loss</u>
Balance at January 1, 2019	\$ 284,130
Impairment losses recognized	88,147
Amounts written off	(10,565)
Foreign exchange gain (loss)	(28,443)
Amounts recoverable	<u>9,023</u>
Balance at December 31, 2019	<u><u>\$ 342,292</u></u>

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, accounts receivable had not been pledged as collateral.

(e) Inventory

	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>December 31, 2019</u>
Raw materials and consumables	\$ 4,537,771	4,266,521
Materials in transit	1,249,695	1,184,460
Work in progress	158,958	98,479
Finished goods	2,110,645	2,227,251
Agricultural products	<u>91,263</u>	<u>175,982</u>
Total	<u><u>\$ 8,148,332</u></u>	<u><u>7,952,693</u></u>
Inventory FVLCTS	<u><u>\$ 91,263</u></u>	<u><u>175,982</u></u>

The details of the cost of sales were as follows:

	<u>For the years ended December 31,</u>	
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Inventory that has been sold	\$ 69,463,542	66,147,395
Write-down of inventories (Reversal of write-downs)	17,163	(59,758)
Loss on disposal of inventory	13,356	55,000
Revenue from sale of scraps	<u>(105,398)</u>	<u>(103,905)</u>
	<u><u>\$ 69,388,663</u></u>	<u><u>66,038,732</u></u>

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, inventories have not been pledged as collateral for long-term borrowings.

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
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## (f) Biological assets

(i) The details of biological assets are as follows :

	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2020</u>	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2019</u>
<u>Biological assets: Current</u>		
Consumable biological assets: Poultry	\$ 1,055,686	883,039
Consumable biological assets: Livestock	589,225	508,022
Bearer biological assets: Poultry	112,311	153,078
Bearer biological assets: Accumulated depreciation	(38,194)	(58,640)
Changes in the fair value of productive biological assets less costs to sell	1,757	45,417
Biological assets: Current	<u>\$ 1,720,785</u>	<u>1,530,916</u>
<u>Biological assets: Non-current</u>		
Consumable biological assets: Poultry	\$ 134,821	-
Consumable biological assets: Accumulated depreciation	(46,399)	-
Bearer biological assets: Livestock	261,214	301,341
Bearer biological assets: Accumulated depreciation	(86,470)	(100,910)
Biological assets: Non-current	<u>\$ 263,166</u>	<u>200,431</u>

(ii) Changes in biological assets:

	<u>Poultry</u>	<u>Livestock</u>	<u>Total</u>
Balance at January 1, 2020	\$ 1,022,894	708,453	1,731,347
Increase due to purchases	1,783,090	62,892	1,845,982
Decrease due to sales	(1,879,413)	(2,057,072)	(3,936,485)
Net increase due to reproduction (death)	295,300	2,049,696	2,344,996
Changes in fair value less costs to sell	(18,352)	-	(18,352)
Effect of movements in exchange rates	16,463	-	16,463
Balance at December 31, 2020	<u>\$ 1,219,982</u>	<u>763,969</u>	<u>1,983,951</u>
Current	\$ 1,131,560	589,225	1,720,785
Non-current	88,422	174,744	263,166
	<u>\$ 1,219,982</u>	<u>763,969</u>	<u>1,983,951</u>

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

	<u>Poultry</u>	<u>Livestock</u>	<u>Total</u>
Balance at January 1, 2019	\$ 870,621	696,735	1,567,356
Increase due to purchases	1,461,696	66,146	1,527,842
Decrease due to sales	(2,039,224)	(2,134,051)	(4,173,275)
Net increase due to reproduction (death)	780,249	2,079,623	2,859,872
Changes in fair value less costs to sell	(22,538)	-	(22,538)
Effect of movements in exchange rates	(27,910)	-	(27,910)
Balance at December 31, 2019	<u>\$ 1,022,894</u>	<u>708,453</u>	<u>1,731,347</u>
Current	\$ 1,022,894	508,022	1,530,916
Non-current	-	200,431	200,431
	<u>\$ 1,022,894</u>	<u>708,453</u>	<u>1,731,347</u>

(iii) As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the number of poultry owned amounted to:

	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>December 31, 2019</u>
Underage broiler	8,336,072	7,112,938
Underage breeder poultry	240,286	272,037
Breeder poultry	955,599	850,142
	<u>9,531,957</u>	<u>8,235,117</u>

(iv) As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the number of livestock owned amounted to:

	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>December 31, 2019</u>
Underage swine	97,141	112,008
Underage breeder swine	14,673	16,462
Breeder swine	16,788	12,841
	<u>128,602</u>	<u>141,311</u>

The Group slaughtered and sold approximately 135,576,436 and 112,952,185 units of biological assets in 2020 and 2019, respectively.

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(v) Fair value

The fair value of biological assets is based on the most recent market transaction price. However, if there are major changes in economic conditions between the transaction date and the reporting date, the market price of similar assets will be adjusted to reflect the difference. The fair value of livestock to be sold is based on the market price of livestock of similar age, breed and gene. When the market-determined price or value of a biological asset cannot be obtained at the time of initial recognition, and the alternative estimate for determining the fair value is unreliable, the biological asset should be measured at its cost minus all accumulated depreciation and all accumulated impairment losses. The book value of biological assets not measured by fair value is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

The Group is exposed to the following risks related to raising poultry and livestock:

(i) Regulations and environmental risks

The Group is subject to laws and regulations in various countries in which it operates. The Group has established environmental policies and procedures aimed at compliance with local environmental and other laws. Management performs regular reviews to identify environmental risks and to ensure that systems in place are adequate to manage those risks.

(ii) Supply and demand risks

The Group is exposed to risks arising from fluctuations in the price and sales volume of poultry and livestock. When possible, the Group manages this risk by aligning its raising volume with market supply and demand. Management performs regular industry trend analyzes to ensure that the Group's pricing structure is in line with the market and to ensure that projected slaughtering volumes are consistent with the expected demand.

(iii) Climate and other risks

The Group's poultry and livestock raising is exposed to the risk of damage from climate change, diseases, and other natural forces. The Group has extensive processes in place aimed at monitoring and mitigating those risks, including raising animals in a closed environment and conducting regular health checks and disease investigation of poultry and livestock. The Group also insures itself against natural disasters such as floods and hurricanes.

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, biological assets have not been pledged as collateral for long-term borrowings.

(g) Prepayments

The details of prepayments are as follows :

	<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>
Prepayments to suppliers	\$ 696,412	465,251
Other	221,977	210,685
	<b><u>\$ 918,389</u></b>	<b><u>675,936</u></b>

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(h) Other financial assets- current

The details of other current financial assets are as follows:

	<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>
Other advances receivable: associates	\$ 41,133	69,035
Other advances receivable: other related parties	66,129	114,704
Guarantee deposits paid	300,754	278,045
Other trade receivable: other	<u>394,231</u>	<u>161,498</u>
	<b><u>\$ 802,247</u></b>	<b><u>623,282</u></b>

(i) Obtaining non-controlling interest

The Group acquired more equity of KouChan Mill Co., Ltd. from another related party, Kou Feng Industrial Co., Ltd., for \$76,615 thousand in cash in March 2020, increasing its shareholding ratio from 55% to 85%. In addition, the Group acquired more equity of KouChan Mill Co., Ltd. for \$217,435 thousand in cash in May 2020. However, it was not proportionate to its previous shareholding ratio, thus decreasing it from 85% to 55%.

The effects of the changes in shareholdings were as follows:

	<b>December 31, 2020</b>
Carrying amount of non-controlling interest on acquisition	\$ 76,615
Consideration paid to non-controlling interests	<u>(76,615)</u>
Capital surplus differences between consideration and carrying amounts subsidiaries acquired	<b><u>\$ -</u></b>

The Group acquired more equity of Oriental Best Foods Co., Ltd. in March 2019 for \$31,400 thousand in cash, increasing its shareholding ratio from 70% to 90%.

The effects of the changes in shareholdings were as follows:

	<b>December 31, 2019</b>
Carrying amount of non-controlling interest on acquisition	\$ 20,651
Consideration paid to non-controlling interests	<u>(31,400)</u>
Capital surplus differences between consideration and carrying amounts subsidiaries acquired	<b><u>\$ (10,749)</u></b>

(Continued)

**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(j) Investments using the equity method

A summary of the Group's financial information for investments accounted for using the equity method at the reporting date is as follows:

	<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>
Associates	<u><u>\$ 1,745,344</u></u>	<u><u>1,717,796</u></u>

(i) Associates

1) Associates which are material to the Group consisted of the followings:

<u>Name of Associate</u>	<u>Relationship with the Group</u>	<u>Main operating country</u>	<u>Shareholding ratio</u>	
			<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>December 31, 2019</u>
Advent Prosperity Real Estate Development Co. Ltd	Investment in associates	PRC	32.64 %	32.64 %

There is no public quotation in the active market for investments in associates of the Group, hence its fair value cannot be reliably measured.

The following consolidated financial information of significant associates has been adjusted according to individually prepared IFRS financial statements of these associates:

Advent Prosperity Real Estate Development Co. Ltd :

	<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>
Current assets	\$ 2,046,109	2,182,343
Non-current assets	643,261	527,512
Current liabilities	(138,584)	(184,908)
Net assets	<u><u>\$ 2,550,786</u></u>	<u><u>2,524,947</u></u>
Net assets attributable to non-controlling interests	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>	<u><u>-</u></u>
Net assets attributable to the Group	<u><u>\$ 2,550,786</u></u>	<u><u>2,524,947</u></u>
	<b>For the years ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
Operating revenue	\$ 32,785	20,016
Profit (loss) from continuing operations	(13,484)	(30,769)
Other comprehensive income	39,323	127,398
Total comprehensive income	<u><u>\$ 25,839</u></u>	<u><u>96,629</u></u>
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to non-controlling interests	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>	<u><u>-</u></u>
Comprehensive income attributable to the Group	<u><u>\$ 25,839</u></u>	<u><u>96,629</u></u>

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
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	<b>For the years ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
Share of net assets of associates as of January 1	\$ 1,111,617	1,100,070
Capital increase	-	-
Comprehensive income attributable to the Group	<u>11,242</u>	<u>11,547</u>
Dividends received from associates	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Share of net assets of associates as of December 31	1,122,859	1,111,617
Less: Write-down of unrealized downstream sales transactions	-	-
Add: Goodwill	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Carrying amount	<u><b>\$ 1,122,859</b></u>	<u><b>1,111,617</b></u>

	<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>
Carrying amount of individually insignificant associates' equity	<u><b>\$ 623,643</b></u>	<u><b>606,179</b></u>

	<b>For the years ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
Attributable to the Group:		
Net income	\$ 23,239	23,216
Other comprehensive (loss) income	<u>23,928</u>	<u>(21,150)</u>
Comprehensive income	<u><b>\$ 47,167</b></u>	<u><b>2,066</b></u>

(ii) Guarantees

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, investments accounted for using the equity method have not been pledged as collateral.

(k) Material non-controlling interests of subsidiaries

The material non-controlling interests of subsidiaries were as follows:

<b>Subsidiaries</b>	<b>Main operation place</b>	<b>Percentage of non-controlling interests</b>	
		<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>
Dachan Food (Asia) Limited	PRC/Cayman Islands	47.96 %	47.96 %
KouChan Mill Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	45.00 %	45.00 %
Zhong Yi Food Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	35.00 %	- %

(Continued)

**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
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The following information of the aforementioned subsidiaries have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers. Included in these information are the fair value adjustment made during the acquisition and relevant difference in accounting principles between the Group as at the acquisition date. Intercompany transactions were not eliminated in this information.

(i) Dachan Food (Asia) Limited's collective financial information

	<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>
Current assets	\$ 11,497,958	10,117,328
Non-current assets	7,288,658	7,263,067
Current liabilities	(6,916,314)	(6,451,763)
Non- current liabilities	<u>(2,053,025)</u>	<u>(2,289,559)</u>
Net assets	<b><u>\$ 9,817,277</u></b>	<b><u>8,639,073</u></b>
Non-controlling interests	<b><u>\$ 5,688,314</u></b>	<b><u>4,986,804</u></b>
	<b><u>For the years ended December 31,</u></b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
Sales revenue	<b><u>\$ 39,770,531</u></b>	<b><u>36,026,659</u></b>
Net income	\$ 746,676	630,909
Other comprehensive income	547,528	1,943
Comprehensive income	<b><u>\$ 1,294,204</u></b>	<b><u>632,852</u></b>
Profit, attributable to non-controlling interests	<b><u>\$ 788,075</u></b>	<b><u>628,486</u></b>
Comprehensive income, attributable to non-controlling interests	<b><u>\$ 334,848</u></b>	<b><u>630,669</u></b>
	<b><u>For the years ended December 31,</u></b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$ 2,092,342	1,748,667
Net cash flows from investing activities	(441,168)	(399,380)
Net cash flows from financing activities	<u>(445,482)</u>	<u>(1,543,516)</u>
Net increase (loss) in cash and cash equivalents	<b><u>\$ 1,205,692</u></b>	<b><u>(194,229)</u></b>
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	<b><u>\$ (178,329)</u></b>	<b><u>(156,661)</u></b>

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(ii) KouChan Mill Co., Ltd.'s collective financial information

	<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>
Current assets	\$ 312,742	305,183
Non-current assets	693,756	682,577
Current liabilities	(166,098)	(680,263)
Non- current liabilities	(347)	(727)
Net assets	<b>\$ 840,053</b>	<b>306,770</b>
Ending balance of non-controlling interests	<b>\$ 378,024</b>	<b>138,047</b>
	<b>For the years ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
Sales revenue	<b>\$ 806,830</b>	<b>901,757</b>
Net income	\$ 55,002	74,004
Other comprehensive income	-	-
Comprehensive income	<b>\$ 55,002</b>	<b>74,004</b>
Profit, attributable to non-controlling interests	<b>\$ 24,751</b>	<b>32,028</b>
Comprehensive income, attributable to non-controlling interests	<b>\$ 24,751</b>	<b>32,028</b>
	<b>For the years ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$ 30,401	162,955
Net cash flows from investing activities	(13,990)	(681,708)
Net cash flows from financing activities	(12,096)	521,368
Net increase (loss) in cash and cash equivalents	<b>\$ 4,315</b>	<b>2,615</b>

(iii) Zhong Yi Food Co., Ltd.'s collective financial information

	<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>
Current assets	\$ 483,372	270,814
Non-current assets	1,310,786	186,525
Current liabilities	(639,552)	(396,435)
Non- current liabilities	(9,801)	(8,158)
Net assets	<b>\$ 1,144,805</b>	<b>52,746</b>
Ending balance of non-controlling interests	<b>\$ 402,250</b>	<b>-</b>

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	<b>For the years ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
Sales revenue	<b>\$ 2,695,748</b>	<b>1,261,126</b>
Net income	\$ 52,059	(39,177)
Other comprehensive income	-	-
Comprehensive income	<b>\$ 52,059</b>	<b>(39,177)</b>
Profit, attributable to non-controlling interests	<b>\$ 19,789</b>	-
Comprehensive income, attributable to non-controlling interests	<b>\$ 19,789</b>	-

	<b>For the years ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$ 216,414	(50,354)
Net cash flows from investing activities	(1,166,782)	(50,366)
Net cash flows from financing activities	941,387	100,281
Net increase (loss) in cash and cash equivalents	<b>\$ (8,981)</b>	<b>(439)</b>

(1) Property, plant and equipment

The movements of the cost, depreciation, and impairment of the property, plant and equipment of the Group were as follows:

	<u>Land</u>	<u>Buildings and Construction</u>	<u>Machinery and Equipment</u>	<u>Transportation equipment</u>	<u>Other facilities</u>	<u>Leasehold improvements</u>	<u>Leased assets</u>	<u>Construction in progress</u>	<u>Accumulated impairment</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cost or deemed cost:										
January 1, 2020	\$ 4,414,933	5,019,423	14,786,854	585,816	3,578,936	741,111	394	1,929,974	-	31,057,441
Acquisitions	-	-	5,992	-	9,795	-	-	-	-	15,787
Other additions	536,965	104,151	471,627	57,493	126,340	40,092	-	2,083,259	-	3,419,927
Reclassification to other assets	-	-	6,890	211	(7,101)	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers	26,540	713,711	377,233	44,946	312,708	28,009	-	(1,503,147)	-	-
Disposal	(59,445)	(21,211)	(321,019)	(49,163)	(224,030)	(28,916)	-	(1,075)	-	(704,859)
Effect of movements in exchange rates	-	(29,713)	110,165	(7,419)	14,797	4,956	-	(4,441)	-	88,345
December 31, 2020	<b>\$ 4,918,993</b>	<b>5,786,361</b>	<b>15,437,742</b>	<b>631,884</b>	<b>3,811,445</b>	<b>785,252</b>	<b>394</b>	<b>2,504,570</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>33,876,641</b>
January 1, 2019	\$ 2,309,776	4,013,582	15,663,226	614,416	3,365,700	834,887	7,327	905,879	-	27,714,793
Other additions	2,173,820	322,539	389,812	48,186	147,619	57,948	-	1,993,454	-	5,133,378
Transfers	-	1,031,309	(234,403)	11,992	300,226	(1,106)	-	(1,108,018)	-	-
Disposal	(68,663)	(7,956)	(587,891)	(78,889)	(130,976)	(138,792)	(6,933)	(4,660)	-	(1,024,760)
Effect of movements in exchange rates	-	(340,051)	(443,890)	(9,889)	(103,633)	(11,826)	-	143,319	-	(765,970)
December 31, 2019	<b>\$ 4,414,933</b>	<b>5,019,423</b>	<b>14,786,854</b>	<b>585,816</b>	<b>3,578,936</b>	<b>741,111</b>	<b>394</b>	<b>1,929,974</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>31,057,441</b>
Depreciation and impairment losses:										
January 1, 2020	\$ -	1,936,808	8,191,865	322,018	2,399,547	460,160	145	-	389,433	13,699,976
Acquisitions	-	-	5,963	-	7,781	-	-	-	-	13,744
Depreciation for the year	-	207,586	793,320	76,506	329,307	81,128	66	-	-	1,487,913
Impairment loss (reversal)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29,492	29,492
Reclassification to other assets	-	-	1,073	211	(13,239)	-	-	-	-	(11,955)
Disposal	-	(18,139)	(248,615)	(37,728)	(197,397)	(16,899)	-	-	-	(518,778)
Effect of movements in exchange rates	-	(9,443)	69,700	(4,387)	8,192	3,294	-	-	(10,171)	57,185
December 31, 2020	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>2,116,812</b>	<b>8,813,306</b>	<b>356,620</b>	<b>2,534,191</b>	<b>527,683</b>	<b>211</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>408,754</b>	<b>14,757,577</b>

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	<u>Land</u>	<u>Buildings and Construction</u>	<u>Machinery and Equipment</u>	<u>Transportati on equipment</u>	<u>Other facilities</u>	<u>Leasehold improvements</u>	<u>Leased assets</u>	<u>Construction in progress</u>	<u>Accumulated impairment</u>	<u>Total</u>
January 1, 2019	\$ -	1,814,846	8,038,557	310,545	2,211,702	491,005	7,013	-	356,411	13,230,079
Depreciation for the year	-	282,532	797,153	76,384	319,211	94,904	66	-	-	1,570,250
Impairment loss (reversal)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	172,911	172,911
Disposal	-	(229)	(416,953)	(56,592)	(98,202)	(117,309)	(6,934)	-	(126,980)	(823,199)
Effect of movements in exchange rates	-	(160,341)	(226,892)	(8,319)	(33,164)	(8,440)	-	-	(12,909)	(450,065)
December 31, 2019	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>1,936,808</u>	<u>8,191,865</u>	<u>322,018</u>	<u>2,399,547</u>	<u>460,160</u>	<u>145</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>389,433</u>	<u>13,699,976</u>
Carrying amount:										
December 31, 2020	<u>\$ 4,918,993</u>	<u>3,669,549</u>	<u>6,624,436</u>	<u>275,264</u>	<u>1,277,254</u>	<u>257,569</u>	<u>183</u>	<u>2,504,570</u>	<u>(408,754)</u>	<u>19,119,064</u>
January 1, 2019	<u>\$ 2,309,776</u>	<u>2,198,736</u>	<u>7,624,669</u>	<u>303,871</u>	<u>1,153,998</u>	<u>343,882</u>	<u>314</u>	<u>905,879</u>	<u>(356,411)</u>	<u>14,484,714</u>
December 31, 2019	<u>\$ 4,414,933</u>	<u>3,082,615</u>	<u>6,594,989</u>	<u>263,798</u>	<u>1,179,389</u>	<u>280,951</u>	<u>249</u>	<u>1,929,974</u>	<u>(389,433)</u>	<u>17,357,465</u>

(i) Reversal of impairment loss

Some business groups performed poorly during the years 2020 and 2019. The Group conducted impairment tests and recognized impairment losses of \$29,492 thousand and \$172,911 thousand, respectively. As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Group's accumulative impairment losses for the business entity were \$408,754 thousand and \$389,433 thousand, respectively.

- (ii) In 2008, the Group acquired nine lots of land (0439-0000, etc.) for \$35,708 thousand in Xinpi Township Section, Xinpi Township, Pingtung County. Since they are all agricultural land and cannot be transferred to the Group, property rights are temporarily registered under the individual's name. However, an agreement has been obtained and security measures have been adopted to mortgage the land to the Group.
- (iii) In October 2009, the Group acquired three lots of land (212, etc.) for \$16,011 thousand in Shirong Section, Yanpu Township, Pingtung County. Since they are all agricultural land and cannot be transferred to the Group, property rights are temporarily registered under the individual's name. However, an agreement has been obtained and security measures have been adopted to mortgage the land to the Group.
- (iv) In October 2008, the Group acquired twenty-one lots of land (105-34, etc.) for \$45,971 thousand in Wuluo Section, Ligang Township, Pingtung County. Since they are all agricultural land and cannot be transferred to the Group, property rights are temporarily registered under the individual's name. However, an agreement has been obtained and security measures have been adopted to mortgage the land to the Group.
- (v) In April 2010, the Group acquired five lots of land (0889, etc.) for \$23,179 thousand in Pizitou Section, Guanmiao Township, Tainan County. Since they are all agricultural land and cannot be transferred to the Group, property rights are temporarily registered under the individual's name. As of July 2014, two lots of land (0889, 0893) totaling \$22,823 thousand have been transferred to the Group.
- (vi) The Group acquired land lots (0440-0006) for \$3,247 thousand in Xinbei Township Section, Xinpi Township, Pingtung County in March 2011. Since they are all agricultural land and cannot be transferred to the Group, property rights are temporarily registered under the individual's name. However, an agreement has been obtained and security measures have been adopted to mortgage the land to the Group.

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
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- (vii) The Group acquired one lot of land (715-2) for \$1,114 thousand in Xinli Section, Xinpi Township, Pingtung County in 2013. Since they are all agricultural land and cannot be transferred to the Group, property rights are temporarily registered under the individual's name. However, an agreement has been obtained and security measures have been adopted to mortgage the land to the Group.
- (viii) The Group acquired five lots of land (27-0, 27-1, 28-0, 29-0, 128-0) for \$7,734 thousand in Zhujia Xiaosuan, Zhujiajiao Section, Zhujiao Township, Liujiao Township, Chiayi County in June 2014. Since they are all agricultural land and cannot be transferred to the Group, property rights are temporarily registered under the individual's name. However, an agreement has been obtained and security measures have been adopted to mortgage the land to the Group.
- (ix) The Group acquired one land lot (406) for \$1,480 thousand in Xinzhuang Xiaoduan, Yizhu Township, Chiayi County and 15 land lots (195, etc.) for \$27,482 thousand in Duanpiqian Xiaoduan, Pizitou in February 2015. Since they are all agricultural land and cannot be transferred to the Group, property rights are temporarily registered under the individual's name. However, an agreement has been obtained and security measures have been adopted to mortgage the land to the Group.
- (x) The Group acquired land lots 129 and (130) for \$4,445 thousand in Zhujia Xiaoduan, Zhujiajiao Section, Liujiao Township, Chiayi County in March 2015. Since they are all agricultural land and cannot be transferred to the Group, property rights are temporarily registered under the individual's name. However, an agreement has been obtained and security measures have been adopted to mortgage the land to the Group.
- (xi) The Group acquired one land lot (440-7) for \$3,617 thousand in Shitan Section, Xinpi Township, Pingtung County in September, 2015.
- (xii) The Group acquired land lots (936, 936-1) in Linluo Township, Pingtung County for \$9,841 thousand in January 2016. Since they are all agricultural land and cannot be transferred to the Group, property rights are temporarily registered under the individual's name. However, an agreement has been obtained and security measures have been adopted to mortgage the land to the Group.
- (xiii) The Group acquired one lot of land (221) in the front section of Piqian Xiaoduan, Pizitou Duanbi, Yizhu Township, Chiayi County for \$9,559 thousand in April 2016. Since they are all agricultural land and cannot be transferred to the Group, property rights are temporarily registered under the individual's name. However, an agreement has been obtained and security measures have been adopted to mortgage the land to the Group.
- (xiv) The Group acquired land lots (126-1, 127) in Zhujia Xiaoduan, Zhujiajiao Section, Zhujiao Section, Liujiao Township, Chiayi County for \$3,236 thousand in July 2016. Since they are all agricultural land and cannot be transferred to the Group, property rights are temporarily registered under the individual's name. However, an agreement has been obtained and security measures have been adopted to mortgage the land to the Group.

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
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- (xv) The Group acquired land lots (50, 51-2, 126) in Zhujia Xiaoduan, Zhujiajiao Section, Liujiao Township, Chiayi County for \$4,680 thousand in November 2016. Since they are all agricultural land and cannot be transferred to the Group, property rights are temporarily registered under the individual's name. However, an agreement has been obtained and security measures have been adopted to mortgage the land to the Group.
- (xvi) The Group acquired land lots (195, 195-6, 199, 199-4) in the front section of Pizitou Duanpi, Yizhu Township, Chiayi County for \$2,255 thousand in October 2017. Since they are all agricultural land and cannot be transferred to the Group, property rights are temporarily registered under the individual's name. However, an agreement has been obtained and security measures have been adopted to mortgage the land to the Group.
- (xvii) The Group acquired one land lot (635) in the front section of Pizitou Duanbi, Yizhu Township, Chiayi County for \$3,014 thousand in the fourth financial quarter of 2017. Since they are all agricultural land and cannot be transferred to the Group, property rights are temporarily registered under the individual's name. However, an agreement has been obtained and security measures have been adopted to mortgage the land to the Group.
- (xviii) The Group acquired one land lot (465-0) in the front section of Pizitou Duanpi, Yizhu Township, Chiayi County for \$10,924 thousand in October 2018. Since they are all agricultural land and cannot be transferred to the Group, property rights are temporarily registered under the individual's name. However, an agreement has been obtained and security measures have been adopted to mortgage the land to the Group.
- (xix) The Group acquired one land lot (4303) in the Caohu Section and Fangbei Section of Fangyuan Township, Changhua County for \$85,862 thousand in December 2018. Since they are all agricultural land and cannot be transferred to the Group, property rights are temporarily registered under the individual's name. However, an agreement has been obtained and security measures have been adopted to mortgage the land to the Group.
- (xx) The Group acquired one land lot (195) in the front section of Duanpi, Pizitou, Chiayi County for \$688 thousand on January 3, 2019. Since they are all agricultural land and cannot be transferred to the Group, property rights are temporarily registered under the individual's name. However, an agreement has been obtained and security measures have been adopted to mortgage the land to the Group.
- (xxi) The Group acquired three land lots (127, 128, 129) in the front section 0127, 0128, and 0129 of Pizitou Duanpi, Yizhu Township, Chiayi County for \$7,828 thousand on April 24, 2019. Since they are all agricultural land and cannot be transferred to the Group, property rights are temporarily registered under the individual's name. However, an agreement has been obtained and security measures have been adopted to mortgage the land to the Group.
- (xxii) The Group did not capitalize any interests incurred due to the construction of plant and equipment in the years 2020 and 2019.
- (xxiii) For gain and loss on disposal, please refer to Note 6(ab).

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
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(xxiv) No collateral was pledged for short-term borrowings, long-term borrowings, or loan commitments in the years 2020 and 2019.

(m) Right-of-use assets

The movements of the cost, depreciation for the land, buildings and construction, transportation equipment, machinery and equipment that were leased by the Group were as follows:

	Land	Buildings and construction	Machinery and equipment	Transportation equipment	Accumulated impairment	Total
Cost:						
January 1, 2020	\$ 1,375,535	1,044,316	2,399	36,801	-	2,459,051
Addition	24,840	342,293	65	30,375	-	397,573
Disposal/Write-off	(31,975)	(92,905)	-	-	-	(124,880)
Effects of changes in foreign exchange rates	6,396	1,351	35	329	-	8,111
December 31, 2020	<u>\$ 1,374,796</u>	<u>1,295,055</u>	<u>2,499</u>	<u>67,505</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,739,855</u>
Effects of retrospective application	\$ 1,413,979	730,687	4,003	28,555	-	2,177,224
Addition	36,403	354,632	-	11,763	-	402,798
Disposal/Write-off	(30,878)	(32,445)	(1,543)	(3,078)	-	(67,944)
Effects of changes in foreign exchange rates	(43,969)	(8,558)	(61)	(439)	-	(53,027)
December 31, 2019	<u>\$ 1,375,535</u>	<u>1,044,316</u>	<u>2,399</u>	<u>36,801</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,459,051</u>
Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses:						
January 1, 2020	\$ 64,641	219,224	733	14,411	-	299,009
Depreciation for the year	56,041	219,519	794	23,570	-	299,924
Disposal/Write-off	(4,351)	(30,385)	-	-	-	(34,736)
Impairment loss	-	-	-	-	7,498	7,498
Effects of changes in foreign exchange rates	11,772	2,665	(15)	142	138	14,702
December 31, 2020	<u>\$ 128,103</u>	<u>411,023</u>	<u>1,512</u>	<u>38,123</u>	<u>7,636</u>	<u>586,397</u>
January 1, 2019	\$ -	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation	67,202	226,069	754	14,597	-	308,622
Disposal/Write-off	-	(6,086)	-	-	-	(6,086)
Effects of changes in foreign exchange rates	(2,561)	(759)	(21)	(186)	-	(3,527)
December 31, 2019	<u>\$ 64,641</u>	<u>219,224</u>	<u>733</u>	<u>14,411</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>299,009</u>
Carrying amount:						
December 31, 2020	<u>\$ 1,246,693</u>	<u>884,032</u>	<u>987</u>	<u>29,382</u>	<u>(7,636)</u>	<u>2,153,458</u>
January 1, 2019	<u>\$ 1,413,979</u>	<u>730,687</u>	<u>4,003</u>	<u>28,555</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,177,224</u>
December 31, 2019	<u>\$ 1,310,894</u>	<u>825,092</u>	<u>1,666</u>	<u>22,390</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,160,042</u>

In 2020, some segments did not perform as well, which led to the Group undergoing impairment tests. An impairment loss of 7,498 thousand was thus recognized. As of December 31, 2020, the Group has recognized an accumulated impairment loss of 7,636 thousand.

(n) Investment property

Investment property comprises office buildings that are leased to third parties under operating leases, including properties that are held as right-of-use assets, as well as properties that are owned by the Group. The leases of investment properties contain an initial non-cancellable lease term of 3 to 11 years.

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
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For all investment property leases, the rental income is fixed under the contracts.

The details of investment properties are as follows:

	Owned property			Right-of-use assets	Total
	Land and improvements	Buildings and construction	Accumulated impairment	Buildings and construction	
Balance at January 1, 2020	\$ 113,640	768,130	-	149,515	1,031,285
Effects of changes in foreign exchange rates	-	10,120	-	185	10,305
Balance at December 31, 2020	<u>\$ 113,640</u>	<u>778,250</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>149,700</u>	<u>1,041,590</u>
Balance at January 1, 2019	\$ 113,640	794,854	-	180,842	1,089,336
Disposals	-	-	-	(30,837)	(30,837)
Effects of changes in foreign exchange rates	-	(26,724)	-	(490)	(27,214)
Balance at December 31, 2019	<u>\$ 113,640</u>	<u>768,130</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>149,515</u>	<u>1,031,285</u>
Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses:					
Balance at January 1, 2020	-	179,413	36,000	25,187	240,600
Depreciation	-	33,622	-	25,178	58,800
Effects of changes in foreign exchange rates	-	1,761	-	107	1,868
Balance at December 31, 2020	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>214,796</u>	<u>36,000</u>	<u>50,472</u>	<u>301,268</u>
Balance at January 1, 2019	-	173,569	36,000	-	209,569
Depreciation	-	10,718	-	25,285	36,003
Effects of changes in foreign exchange rates	-	(4,874)	-	(98)	(4,972)
Balance at December 31, 2019	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>179,413</u>	<u>36,000</u>	<u>25,187</u>	<u>240,600</u>
Carrying amount:					
Balance at December 31, 2020	<u>\$ 113,640</u>	<u>563,454</u>	<u>(36,000)</u>	<u>99,228</u>	<u>740,322</u>
Balance at December 31, 2019	<u>\$ 113,640</u>	<u>588,717</u>	<u>(36,000)</u>	<u>124,328</u>	<u>790,685</u>
Fair value:					
Balance at December 31, 2020				<u>\$ 773,931</u>	
Balance at December 31, 2019 (same as balance at January 1, 2019)				<u>\$ 811,716</u>	

The fair value of investment properties was based on a valuation by management. Fair value was measured using the market approach to compare the market value of the properties with similar condition in neighboring areas.

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
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Investment properties include several commercial properties leased to others. The leases of investment properties contain an initial non-cancellable lease term of 2 to 9 years. Subsequent lease terms are negotiated with the lessee, and no contingent rent has been collected. For relevant information, please refer to Note 6(u).

The Group acquired the Hedong section of Dongshan District, Tainan City (previously land lots #0328-0001 in the Jibeishuan Section, Dongshan Township, Tainan County) for \$313 thousand in 2007. Since they are all agricultural land and cannot be transferred to the Group, property rights are temporarily registered under the individual's name. However, an agreement has been obtained and security measures have been adopted to mortgage the land to the Group.

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, investment properties have not been pledged as collateral.

(o) Other non current assets - other

	<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>
Prepayments for construction and facilities	\$ 263,169	534,739
Tax credit	593,025	364,956
Guarantee deposits paid	125,500	120,804
Unamortized expenses	17,844	27,133
Prepaid pension	105,259	100,643
Other	45,339	38,245
	<b><u>\$ 1,150,136</u></b>	<b><u>1,186,520</u></b>

(p) Short-term borrowings

	<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>
Letters of credit	\$ 5,067,173	4,809,172
Unsecured bank loans	3,864,233	3,394,391
Total	<b><u>\$ 8,931,406</u></b>	<b><u>8,203,563</u></b>
Unused short-term credit lines	<b><u>\$ 10,134,805</u></b>	<b><u>6,938,177</u></b>
Range of interest rates	<b><u>0.476%~4.2%</u></b>	<b><u>0.8%~5.40%</u></b>

(i) Issuance and repayment of loans

	<b>Total</b>
Balance at January 1, 2020	\$ 8,203,563
New loans (Due date: from February 2020 to June 2021)	63,891,608
Acquisitions	183,054
Loans repaid	(63,159,031)
Effects of changes in foreign exchange rates	(187,788)
Balance at December 31, 2020	<b><u>\$ 8,931,406</u></b>

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

	<b>Total</b>
Balance at January 1, 2019	\$ 7,069,396
New loans (Due date: from February 2010 to June 2020)	64,844,481
Loans repaid	(63,694,106)
Effects of changes in foreign exchange rates	(16,208)
Balance at December 31, 2019	<b>\$ 8,203,563</b>

(ii) Collateral for bank loans

The Group issues covered promissory notes to guarantee for short-term borrowings, please refer to Note 9.

(q) Short-term notes and bills payable

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the guarantee and acceptance agencies for commercial short-term notes are Ta Ching Bills Finance Corporation, China Bills Finance Corporation, Dah Chung Bills Finance Corporation, Taiwan Cooperative Bills Finance Corporation, and Mega Bills Finance Corporation. The maturity dates are 2021.1.4 - 2021.2.2 and 2019.1.3 - 2019.1.22, respectively. The interest rate ranges from 0.831%~1.168% and 0.958%~1.180%, respectively. The face values are \$1,987,000 thousand and \$2,125,000 thousand, respectively.

	<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>
Commercial paper payable	<b>\$ 1,986,931</b>	<b>\$ 2,124,946</b>

(i) Issuance and repayment

	<b>Total</b>
Balance at January 1, 2020	\$ 2,124,946
New loans (Due date: from January 2020 to February 2021)	23,550,985
Loans repaid	(23,689,000)
Balance at December 31, 2020	<b>\$ 1,986,931</b>
Balance at January 1, 2019	\$ 1,216,968
New loans (Due date: from January 2019 to January 2020)	21,551,978
Loans repaid	(20,644,000)
Balance at December 31, 2019	<b>\$ 2,124,946</b>

(ii) Collateral for borrowings

The Company issues covered promissory notes to guarantee for short-term borrowings, please refer to Note 9.

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
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## (r) Long-term borrowings

The details were as follows:

	<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>
Unsecured bank loans	\$ 1,897,964	2,361,768
Government loans	329,563	353,104
Less: current portion	(972,264)	(1,204,426)
Total	<u>\$ 1,255,263</u>	<u>1,510,446</u>
Unused long-term credit lines	<u>\$ 928,500</u>	<u>2,786,488</u>
Range of interest rates	<u>0%~7.5%</u>	<u>0%~7.50%</u>

## (i) Issuance and repayment

	<b>Total</b>
Balance at January 1, 2020	\$ 2,714,872
New loans (Due date: from November 2021 to July 2023)	1,437,345
Loans repaid	(1,883,451)
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates	(41,239)
Balance at December 31, 2020	<u>\$ 2,227,527</u>
Balance at January 1, 2019	\$ 3,862,392
New loans (Due date: from October 2020 to September 2022)	1,658,570
Loans repaid	(2,885,238)
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates	79,148
Balance at December 31, 2019	<u>\$ 2,714,872</u>

## (ii) Collateral for long-term borrowings

For more information on the Group's promissory notes and commercial papers, please refer to Note 9.

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
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## (s) Other payables

The details of other payables are as follows:

	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2020</u>	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2019</u>
Wage and employee benefits payable	\$ 1,191,589	1,096,021
Employee compensation payable	90,000	75,000
Board member remuneration payable	40,000	35,000
Interest payable	8,753	20,957
Dividends	10,772	11,293
Other expenses and accounts payable	<u>866,721</u>	<u>740,900</u>
Total	<u>\$ 2,207,835</u>	<u>1,979,171</u>

## (t) Lease liabilities

The details of lease liabilities are as follows:

	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2020</u>	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2019</u>
Current	<u>\$ 221,658</u>	<u>238,988</u>
Non-current	<u>\$ 1,050,393</u>	<u>974,240</u>

For the maturity analysis, please refer to Note 6(ac).

The amounts recognized in profit or loss was as follows:

	<u>For the years ended December 31,</u>	
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Interest on lease liabilities	<u>\$ 29,317</u>	<u>37,093</u>
Variable lease payments not included in the measurement of lease liabilities	<u>\$ 236,955</u>	<u>207,062</u>
Income from sub-leasing right-of-use assets	<u>\$ (70,647)</u>	<u>(84,619)</u>
Expenses relating to short-term leases	<u>\$ 255,513</u>	<u>402,550</u>
Expenses relating to leases of low-value assets, excluding short-term leases of low-value assets	<u>\$ 20,203</u>	<u>65,135</u>

The amounts recognized in the statement of cash flows for the Group was as follows:

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Total cash outflow for leases	<u>\$ 719,947</u>	<u>947,487</u>

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
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(u) Operating lease

(i) Leases as lessor

The Group leases out its investment property and some machinery. The Group has classified these leases as operating leases, because it does not transfer substantially all of the risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of the assets. Please refer to Note 6(n) for information about the operating leases of investment property.

A maturity analysis of lease payments showing the undiscounted lease payments to be received is as follows:

	<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>
Less than one year	\$ 23,618	23,401
Between one and five years	74,972	80,336
Over five years	71,540	88,774
Total undiscounted lease payments	<b>\$ 170,130</b>	<b>192,511</b>

Rental income from investment properties totaled 21,136 thousand and 6,368 thousand in 2020 and 2019, respectively.

(v) Employee benefits

(i) Defined benefit plans

Reconciliation of defined benefit obligation at present value and plan asset at fair value are as follows:

	<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>
Present value of the defined benefit obligations	\$ 74,878	81,932
Fair value of planned assets	(173,003)	(175,094)
Net defined benefit liabilities (assets)	<b>\$ (98,125)</b>	<b>(93,162)</b>

The Group's employee benefit liabilities (assets) were as follows:

	<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>
Total employee benefit assets	\$ (105,259)	(100,642)
Total employee benefit liabilities	7,134	7,480
Total	<b>\$ (98,125)</b>	<b>(93,162)</b>

The Group makes defined benefit plan contributions to the pension fund account with Bank of Taiwan that provides pensions for employees upon retirement. Plans (covered by the Labor Standards Law) entitle a retired employee to receive retirement benefits based on years of service and average monthly salary for the six months prior to retirement.

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1) Composition of plan assets

The Group allocates pension funds in accordance with the Regulations for Revenues, Expenditures, Safeguard and Utilization of the Labor Retirement Fund, and such funds are managed by the Bureau of Labor Funds, Ministry of Labor. With regard to the utilization of the funds, minimum earnings shall be no less than the earnings attainable from two-year time deposits with interest rates offered by local banks.

The Group approved the establishment of the "Employee Pension Management Committee" in accordance with Rule No. 0920015946 issued by the Xinhua Office of the National Taxation Bureau of the Southern Area to transfer retirement funds to the special employee retirement reserve account of the Cooperative Bank Commercial Bank.

The Group's Bank of Taiwan and Taiwan Cooperative Bank labor pension reserve account balance amounted to \$173,003 thousand and \$175,094 thousand as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. For information on the utilization of the labor pension fund assets, including the asset allocation and yield of the fund, please refer to the website of the Bureau of Labor Funds, Ministry of Labor.

2) Movements in present value of the defined benefit obligations

For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the movement in present value of the defined benefit obligations for the Group were as follows:

	<b>For the years ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
Defined benefit obligations at January 1	\$ 81,932	83,036
Current service costs and interest cost (income)	1,615	1,806
Remeasurements loss (gain):		
— Return on plan assets excluding interest income	(524)	(47)
— Actuarial loss (gain) arising from financial assumptions	2,405	884
Benefits paid	(10,550)	(3,747)
Defined benefit obligations at December 31	<b>\$ 74,878</b>	<b>81,932</b>

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3) Movements of defined benefit plan assets

For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the movements in the present value of the defined benefit plan assets for the Group were as follows:

	<b>For the years ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
Defined benefit obligations at January 1	\$ 175,094	166,668
Remeasurements loss (gain):		
— Return on plan assets excluding interest income	5,259	5,710
Contributions paid by the employer	3,200	6,463
Benefits paid	(10,550)	(3,747)
Defined benefit obligations at December 31	<b>\$ 173,003</b>	<b>175,094</b>

4) Expenses recognized in profit or loss

The expenses recognized in profit or loss for the Group were as follows:

	<b>For the years ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
Current service costs	\$ 1,055	1,116
Net interest of net liabilities for defined benefit obligations	(672)	(625)
Previous service costs and payoffs	-	(52)
Total (Administration expenses)	<b>\$ 383</b>	<b>439</b>

5) Remeasurement of net defined benefit liability (asset) recognized in other comprehensive income

The Group's remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability (asset) recognized in other comprehensive income for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, was as follows:

	<b>For the years ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
Accumulated amount at January 1	\$ (6,558)	(3,053)
Recognized during the period	(2,160)	(3,505)
Accumulated amount at December 31	<b>\$ (8,718)</b>	<b>(6,558)</b>

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
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6) Actuarial assumptions

The principal actuarial assumptions at the reporting date were as follows:

	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>December 31, 2019</u>
Discount rate	0.30%	0.70%
Future salary increase rate	1.00%~2.00%	1.00%~2.00%

For the year ended 2020, the expected allocation payment to be made by the Group to the defined benefit plans for the one-year period after the reporting date is \$2,106 thousand.

The weighted average lifetime of the defined benefits plans ranges from 6.5~9.7 years.

7) Sensitivity analysis

The impact on the present value of the defined benefit obligation given some changes in the actuarial assumptions shall be as follows:

	<u>Influences of defined benefit obligations</u>	
	<u>Increased</u>	<u>Decreased</u>
December 31, 2020		
Discount rate (0.25% change)	\$ 1,235	(1,281)
Future salary increasing rate (0.25% change)	(1,099)	1,066
December 31, 2019		
Discount rate (0.25% change)	\$ 1,274	(1,318)
Future salary increasing rate (0.25% change)	(1,136)	1,105
December 31, 2020		
Discount rate (0.1% change)	\$ (115)	116
Future salary increasing rate (0.1% change)	102	(101)
December 31, 2019		
Discount rate (0.5% change)	\$ (628)	667
Future salary increasing rate (0.5% change)	588	(561)

Reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, would have affected the defined benefit obligation by the amounts shown above. The method used in the sensitivity analysis is consistent with the calculation of pension liabilities in the balance sheets.

There is no change in the method and assumptions used in the preparation of sensitivity analysis for 2020 and 2019.

(Continued)

**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
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(ii) Defined contribution plans

The Group allocates 6% of each employee's monthly wages to the labor pension personal account at the Bureau of Labor Insurance in accordance with the provisions of the Labor Pension Act. Under these defined contribution plans, the Group allocates a fixed amount to the Bureau of Labor Insurance without additional legal or constructive obligation.

Chinese employees must participate in the retirement pension plan run by the relevant Chinese municipal government; that is, in the relevant year, it must be based on the standard wages determined by the relevant Chinese authorities. In the year of 2020 and 2019, the rates ranged from 14.5%~16% and 14%~18% for annual pension contributions. Except for the aforementioned contributions, the Group does not assume other major responsibilities for the retirement benefits of Chinese employees.

According to the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance, the Group also set up a mandatory provident fund scheme ("MPF Scheme") for employees hired under the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance. The MPF plan is a defined contribution retirement plan managed by an independent trustee. According to the MPF scheme, the Group and its employees contribute 5%~12% of the employee's relevant income to the plan, and the monthly relevant income of the contribution amount is limited to HK\$30,000. Contributions to the plan vest immediately.

In 2020 and 2019, contributions to the Employees' Provident Fund for Malaysian employees is 12% of the employee's salary if the employee's salary is above 5,000 ringgits and 13% if the employee's salary is under 5,000 ringgits.

The Group also purchases statutory social security and medical insurance for qualified employees in Vietnam. Contribution ratios in 2020 and 2019 reached 7% to 10% and 8.8% to 12.1% of their salaries, respectively.

The pension costs incurred from the contributions amounted to \$183,322 thousand and \$329,498 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

(w) Income taxes

(i) The components of income tax in the years 2020 and 2019 were as follows:

	<b>For the years ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
Current tax expense		
Current period	\$ 987,669	888,323
Adjustment for prior periods	<u>(10,360)</u>	<u>(2,908)</u>
	<u>977,309</u>	<u>885,415</u>
Deferred tax expense		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	17,948	41,301
Adjustment in tax rate	5,040	9,801
Origination and reversal of temporary difference	<u>(89,155)</u>	<u>(57,975)</u>
	<u>(66,167)</u>	<u>(6,873)</u>
Income tax expense from continuing operations	<u><b>\$ 911,142</b></u>	<u><b>878,542</b></u>

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

The amount of income tax recognized in other comprehensive income for 2020 and 2019 was as follows:

	<b>For the years ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
Remeasurement from defined benefit plans	<u>\$ (473)</u>	<u>(490)</u>

Reconciliation of income tax and profit before tax for 2020 and 2019 is as follows:

	<b>For the years ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
Profit excluding income tax	<u>\$ 4,983,488</u>	<u>3,852,569</u>
Income tax using the Company's domestic tax rate	996,698	770,514
Effect of tax rates in foreign jurisdiction (not applicable for separate financial statements)	(79,846)	(88,157)
Non-deductible expenses	45,889	79,678
Tax-exempt income	(19,466)	(18,531)
Other permanent differences	(136,219)	(33,690)
Recognition of previously unrecognized tax losses	(89,155)	(57,975)
Current-year losses for which no deferred tax asset was recognized	198,561	186,106
Change in unrecognized temporary differences	5,040	9,801
Change in provision in prior periods	(10,360)	(2,908)
Additional tax on undistributed earnings	-	11,650
Basic income tax	<u>-</u>	<u>22,054</u>
Total	<u>\$ 911,142</u>	<u>878,542</u>

(ii) Deferred tax assets and liabilities

1) Unrecognized deferred tax liabilities

The Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries as of December 31, 2020 and 2019. Also, management considers it probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Hence, such temporary differences are not recognized under deferred tax liabilities. Details are as follows:

	<b>December 31,</b>	<b>December 31,</b>
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
Aggregate amount of temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries	<u>\$ 5,915,981</u>	<u>5,611,456</u>
Unrecognized deferred tax liabilities	<u>\$ 1,232,711</u>	<u>1,327,044</u>

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

2) Unrecognized deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets have not been recognized in respect of the following items:

	<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>
Tax effect of deductible temporary differences	\$ 139,432	125,517
The carryforward of unused tax losses	412,476	746,332
	<b><u>\$ 551,908</u></b>	<b><u>871,849</u></b>

The Group follows local tax regulations to offset net losses with taxable income during the first five to ten years for local tax reporting purposes. Deferred tax assets have not been recognized in respect of these items because it is not probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the Group can utilize the benefits therefrom.

3) Recognized deferred tax assets and liabilities

Changes in the amount of deferred tax assets and liabilities for 2020 and 2019 were as follows:

Deferred Tax Liabilities:

	<b>Defined benefit plans</b>	<b>Unrealized exchange gains and losses</b>	<b>Fair value gains</b>	<b>Other</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>January 1, 2020</b>	\$ 20,635	8,875	11,899	29,996	71,405
Recognized in profit or loss debit (credit)	500	11,708	(467)	28,577	40,318
<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<b><u>\$ 21,135</u></b>	<b><u>20,583</u></b>	<b><u>11,432</u></b>	<b><u>58,573</u></b>	<b><u>111,723</u></b>
<b>January 1, 2019</b>	\$ 21,497	-	1,012	22,976	45,485
Recognized in profit or loss debit (credit)	(862)	8,875	10,887	7,020	25,920
<b>December 31, 2019</b>	<b><u>\$ 20,635</u></b>	<b><u>8,875</u></b>	<b><u>11,899</u></b>	<b><u>29,996</u></b>	<b><u>71,405</u></b>

Deferred Tax Assets:

	<b>Unrealized exchange gains and losses</b>	<b>Other</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>January 1, 2020</b>	\$ -	174,197	174,197
Recognized in profit or loss (debit) credit	-	22,370	22,370
Recognized in other comprehensive profit and loss	-	(473)	(473)
<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<b><u>\$ -</u></b>	<b><u>196,094</u></b>	<b><u>196,094</u></b>
<b>January 1, 2019</b>	\$ 124	189,944	190,068
Recognized in profit or loss (debit) credit	(124)	(15,257)	(15,381)
Recognized in other comprehensive profit and loss	-	(490)	(490)
<b>December 31, 2019</b>	<b><u>\$ -</u></b>	<b><u>174,197</u></b>	<b><u>174,197</u></b>

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
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- (iii) As of December 31, 2020, the Company's tax returns for the years through 2018 were assessed by the National Tax Administration. For domestic subsidiaries, the year up till which was assessed by the National Tax Administration is as follows:

Total Nutrition Tech. Co., Ltd.: 2018.

Huang-Ho Invest. Co., Ltd.: 2018.

City Chain Food Ltd.: 2018.

May Lan Lei Co., Ltd.: 2018.

Zhong Yi Food Co., Ltd : 2018.

Oriental Best Foods Co., Ltd.: 2018.

An Hsin Chiao Chu Co., Ltd.: 2018.

KouChan Mill Co., Ltd.: 2018.

Nissshi Chain Co., Ltd.: 2018.

Saboten Co., Ltd.: 2018.

Honolulu Chain Food & Beverage Co., Ltd.: 2018.

Great Wall Feed Tech (Holdings) Ltd.: 2018.

- (x) Capital and other equity

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the number of authorized ordinary shares were both \$9,900,000 shares with par value of 10 per share while the total value of authorized ordinary shares amounted to 990,000 thousand. As of those dates, 827,339 thousand ordinary shares were both issued.

Reconciliation of shares outstanding for 2020 and 2019 was as follows:

(expressed in thousands)

	<b>Ordinary shares</b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
January 1, 2020	\$ 827,339	787,942
Capitalizing undistributed earnings	-	39,397
December 31, 2020	<b>\$ 827,339</b>	<b>827,339</b>

- (i) Ordinary shares

A resolution was passed during the general meeting of shareholders held on May 31, 2019 to transfer undistributed earnings of \$393,971 thousand into capital increase. The Company has received approval from the Financial Supervisory Commission for this capital increase, with September 2, 2019 as the date of capital increase. The relevant statutory registration procedures have since been completed.

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(ii) Capital surplus

The balances of capital surplus as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, were as follows:

	<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>
Share capital	\$ 2,252	2,252
Treasury share transactions	1,659,108	1,559,311
Gain or disposal differences arising from subsidiary's share price and its carrying value	844,969	807,430
Change in equity of associates and joint ventures under the equity method	66,918	36,001
Additional paid-in capital arising from bond conversion	587,144	587,144
Other	<u>19,235</u>	<u>19,235</u>
	<b><u>\$ 3,179,626</u></b>	<b><u>3,011,373</u></b>

According to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus can only be used to offset a deficit, and only the realized capital surplus can be used to increase the common stock or be distributed as cash dividends. The aforementioned realized capital surplus includes capital surplus resulting from premium on issuance of capital stock and earnings from donated assets received. According to the Regulations Governing the Offering and Issuance of Securities by Securities Issuers, capital increases by transferring capital surplus in excess of par value should not exceed 10% of the total common stock outstanding.

(iii) Retained earnings

The Company's article of incorporation stipulates that Company's net earnings should first be used to offset the prior years' deficits, if any, before paying any income taxes. Of the remaining balance, 10% is to be appropriated as legal reserve, and then any remaining profit together with any undistributed retained earnings shall be distributed according to the distribution plan proposed by the Board of Directors and submitted to the shareholders' meeting for approval.

1) Legal reserve

When a company incurs no loss, it may, pursuant to a resolution by a shareholders' meeting, distribute its legal reserve by issuing new shares or by distributing cash, and only the portion of legal reserve which exceeds 25% of capital may be distributed.

2) Special reserve

When the Group first adopted the IFRSs as approved by the FSC, by application of the exemption under IFRSs No. 1, any unrealized revaluation gains and cumulative translation adjustments (gains) recorded to shareholders equity were reclassified under "Investment property" on the conversion date. The fair value on the conversion date is used as the recognized cost, and the amount of retained earnings increased to \$328,719 thousand. In accordance with Rule No. 1010012865 issued by the FSC on April 6, 2012, for the amount that the company elects to transfer to retained earnings, the company shall set aside an equal amount of special reserve, provided that when, on the date of the adoption of the IFRSs, the increase in retained earnings due to the first-time adoption of

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

the IFRSs is insufficient to set aside the amount specified above, the company may set aside only the amount of the increase in retained earnings resulting from the adoption of the IFRSs. Following this, the company stated an increase of \$42,994 thousand in special reserves. When the company subsequently uses, disposes of, or reclassifies the relevant assets, it may reverse to distributable earnings a proportional amount of the special reserve originally set aside. As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, special reserves both amounted to \$42,994 thousand.

In accordance with Rule No. 1010012865 as stated above, a portion of current-period earnings and undistributed prior-period earnings shall be reclassified as special earnings reserve during earnings distribution. The amount to be reclassified should equal the current-period total net reduction of other shareholders' equity. Similarly, a portion of undistributed prior-period earnings shall be reclassified as special earnings reserve (and does not qualify for earnings distribution) to account for cumulative changes to other shareholders' equity pertaining to prior periods. Amounts of subsequent reversals pertaining to the net reduction of other shareholders' equity shall qualify for additional distributions.

3) Earnings distribution

The amounts of cash dividends on the appropriations of earnings for 2019 and 2018 had been approved during the board meeting on March 27, 2020 and March 28, 2019, respectively. Furthermore, the amounts of share dividends on the appropriations of earnings for 2018 had been approved in the shareholders' meeting on May 31, 2019.

	<b>2019</b>		<b>2018</b>	
	<u>Amount per share</u>	<u>Total amount</u>	<u>Amount per share</u>	<u>Total amount</u>
Dividends distributed to ordinary shareholders:				
Cash	\$ 2.20	1,820,146	1.50	1,181,913
Shares	-	-	0.50	393,971
		<u><b>1,820,146</b></u>		<u><b>1,575,884</b></u>

The amount of cash dividends on the appropriations of earnings for 2020, and the amount of shares dividends of appropriations of earnings for 2020, had been approved and proposed, respectively during the board meeting on March 31, 2021, as follows:

	<b>For the years ended December 31, 2020</b>	
	<u>Amount per share</u>	<u>Total Amount</u>
Dividends distributed to ordinary shareholders:		
Cash	\$ 2.70	2,233,815
Shares	0.30	248,202
		<u><b>2,482,017</b></u>

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
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More information on earnings distribution is available on the Market Observation Post System website.

(iv) Treasury shares

Company shares held by subsidiaries

In 2020 and 2019, subsidiaries of the Company did not acquire any company shares. The number of shares held by subsidiaries and their respective market price are as follows:

<u>Name of subsidiary</u>	<u>December 31, 2020</u>		<u>December 31, 2019</u>	
	<u>Market price</u>	<u>Shares owned (thousands)</u>	<u>Market price</u>	<u>Shares owned (thousands)</u>
Huang-Ho Invest. Co., Ltd.	\$ 999,449	19,674	858,778	19,674
City Chain Food Ltd.	1,304,963	25,688	1,121,292	25,688
Total	<u>\$ 2,304,412</u>	<u>45,362</u>	<u>1,980,070</u>	<u>45,362</u>

In March 2019, when stating subsidiary interests, retained earnings arising from the sale of the Company's shares by the subsidiary was treated as treasury stocks and then classified as "capital surplus-treasury stock transaction". The amount was \$363,674 thousand.

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the total value of Company shares held by subsidiaries both amounted to \$219,132 thousand.

(v) Other equity interest

	<u>Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements</u>	<u>Unrealized gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income</u>	<u>Total</u>
Balance at January 1, 2020	\$ (899,515)	1,801,643	902,128
Exchange differences on foreign operations	56,596	-	56,596
Exchange differences on associates accounted for using equity method	41,175	-	41,175
Unrealized gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	384,312	384,312
Balance at December 31, 2020	<u>\$ (801,744)</u>	<u>2,185,955</u>	<u>1,384,211</u>

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

	<b>Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements</b>	<b>Unrealized gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income</b>	<b>Total</b>
Balance at January 1, 2019	\$ (627,977)	1,390,519	762,542
Exchange differences on foreign operations	(204,215)	-	(204,215)
Exchange differences on associates accounted for using equity method	(67,323)	-	(67,323)
Unrealized gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	411,124	411,124
Balance at December 31, 2019	<u>\$ (899,515)</u>	<u>1,801,643</u>	<u>902,128</u>

(y) Employee compensation and directors' remuneration

In accordance with the memorandum of the Company should contribute no less than 2% of the profit as employee compensation and less than 2% as directors' remuneration when there is profit for the year. However, if the Company has accumulated deficits, the profit should be reserved to offset the deficit. The amount of remuneration of each director and supervisor and of compensation for employees entitled to receive the abovementioned employee compensation is approved by the Board of Directors. The recipients of shares and cash may include the employees of the Company's affiliated companies who meet certain conditions.

For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Company estimated its employee remuneration both amounting to \$90,000 thousand and \$75,000 thousand, and directors' remuneration both amounting \$40,000 thousand and \$35,000 thousand, respectively. The estimated amounts mentioned above are calculated based on the net profit before tax, excluding the remuneration to employees and directors of each period, multiplied by the percentage of remuneration to employees and directors as specified in the Company's articles. These remunerations were expensed under operating costs or operating expenses during 2019 and 2018. If the Board of Directors choose to distribute shares as employee compensation, calculations shall be done one day prior the date of their meeting.

The amounts, as stated in the consolidated financial statements, are identical to those of the actual distributions for 2020 and 2019. Related information would be available on the Market Observation Post System website.

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(z) Earnings per share

(i) Basic earnings per share

The details on the calculation of basic earnings per share as of December 31, 2020 and 2019 was based on the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding. Calculations are as follows:

1) Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Group

	<b>For the years ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company	<b>\$ 3,122,071</b>	<b>2,283,601</b>

2) Weighted average number of ordinary shares

	<b>For the years ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
Issued ordinary shares at January 1	\$ 827,339	787,942
Effect of the Company's shares held by subsidiaries recognized as treasury share	(45,362)	(48,188)
Effect of share dividends	-	39,397
Weighted average number of ordinary shares at December 31	<b>\$ 781,977</b>	<b>779,151</b>

(ii) Weighted average number of ordinary shares

The details on the calculation of diluted earnings per share as of December 31, 2020 and 2019 was based on the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding after adjusting the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. Calculations are as follows:

1) Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company (diluted)

	<b>For the years ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company (diluted)	<b>\$ 3,122,071</b>	<b>2,283,601</b>

2) Diluted earnings per share

	<b>For the years ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (basic)	\$ 781,977	779,151
Effect of employee share bonus	1,772	1,718
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (diluted) at December 31	<b>\$ 783,749</b>	<b>780,869</b>

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## (aa) Revenue from contracts with customers

		<b>For the year ended December 31, 2020</b>							
		<b>Agricultural Food</b>	<b>Meat Integration</b>	<b>Processed Food</b>	<b>Food Service</b>	<b>Southeast Asia</b>	<b>East Asia</b>	<b>Other</b>	<b>Total</b>
Primary geographical markets:									
	Taiwan	\$ 20,761,370	11,953,589	2,967,201	1,331,240	-	-	23,300	37,036,700
	China	1,434,776	-	46,410	658,467	2,739,287	21,396,077	-	26,275,017
	Vietnam	-	-	-	-	-	14,361,398	-	14,361,398
	Other regions	-	-	-	-	-	3,977,777	-	3,977,777
		<b><u>\$ 22,196,146</u></b>	<b><u>11,953,589</u></b>	<b><u>3,013,611</u></b>	<b><u>1,989,707</u></b>	<b><u>2,739,287</u></b>	<b><u>39,735,252</u></b>	<b><u>23,300</u></b>	<b><u>81,650,892</u></b>
Major product line:									
	Feeds	\$ 11,915,179	1,644,615	-	-	453,438	24,090,707	-	38,103,939
	Grains, meal and oil	9,253,041	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,253,041
	Chicken meat	-	10,308,974	-	-	-	7,680,991	-	17,989,965
	Foods	-	-	3,013,611	1,989,707	-	7,963,554	-	12,966,872
	Other	1,027,926	-	-	-	2,285,849	-	23,300	3,337,075
		<b><u>\$ 22,196,146</u></b>	<b><u>11,953,589</u></b>	<b><u>3,013,611</u></b>	<b><u>1,989,707</u></b>	<b><u>2,739,287</u></b>	<b><u>39,735,252</u></b>	<b><u>23,300</u></b>	<b><u>81,650,892</u></b>
		<b>For the year ended December 31, 2019</b>							
		<b>Agricultural Food</b>	<b>Meat Integration</b>	<b>Processed Food</b>	<b>Food Service</b>	<b>Southeast Asia</b>	<b>East Asia</b>	<b>Other</b>	<b>Total</b>
Primary geographical markets:									
	Taiwan	\$ 21,170,655	10,102,373	2,661,720	1,849,720	-	-	101,560	35,886,028
	China	1,526,677	-	255,328	429,216	3,653,246	17,681,253	-	23,545,720
	Vietnam	-	-	-	-	-	13,567,277	-	13,567,277
	Other regions	-	-	-	-	-	4,770,961	-	4,770,961
		<b><u>\$ 22,697,332</u></b>	<b><u>10,102,373</u></b>	<b><u>2,917,048</u></b>	<b><u>2,278,936</u></b>	<b><u>3,653,246</u></b>	<b><u>36,019,491</u></b>	<b><u>101,560</u></b>	<b><u>77,769,986</u></b>
Major product line:									
	Feeds	\$ 17,613,525	1,798,171	-	-	1,327,658	19,626,889	-	40,366,243
	Grains, meal and oil	3,893,181	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,893,181
	Chicken meat	-	8,304,202	-	-	-	7,240,279	-	15,544,481
	Foods	-	-	2,917,048	2,278,936	-	9,152,323	-	14,348,307
	Other	1,190,626	-	-	-	2,325,588	-	101,560	3,617,774
		<b><u>\$ 22,697,332</u></b>	<b><u>10,102,373</u></b>	<b><u>2,917,048</u></b>	<b><u>2,278,936</u></b>	<b><u>3,653,246</u></b>	<b><u>36,019,491</u></b>	<b><u>101,560</u></b>	<b><u>77,769,986</u></b>

## (ab) Net other income (expenses)

## (i) Interest income

The details of interest income were as follows:

		<b>For the years ended December 31,</b>	
		<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
	Interest income from bank deposits	<b><u>\$ 16,558</u></b>	<b><u>90,439</u></b>

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
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(ii) Other gains and losses

The details of other gains and losses were as follows:

	<b>For the years ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
Foreign exchange gains (losses)	\$ 345,523	48,555
Gains (losses) on financial assets (liabilities) at fair value through profit or loss	(55,928)	(82,055)
Dividends income	96,564	176,149
Rent income	52,248	54,690
Gains (losses) on disposals of property, plant and equipment	27,561	68,908
Reversal of impairment loss on property, plant and equipment	(36,990)	(172,911)
Loss of changes in the fair value of biological assets	(18,352)	(22,538)
Government grants	75,605	24,674
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	38,489	-
Other	493,854	272,061
	<b>\$ 1,018,574</b>	<b>367,533</b>

(iii) Finance costs

The details of finance costs were as follows:

	<b>For the years ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
Interest expense: Borrowings	\$ 250,310	370,397
Interest expense: lease liabilities	29,317	37,093
Total	<b>\$ 279,627</b>	<b>407,490</b>

(Continued)

**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(ac) Financial instruments

(i) Types of financial instruments

1) Financial assets

	<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,488,486	2,942,742
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit and loss	21,880	5,603
Notes receivables	1,107,562	1,027,381
Trade receivables	5,225,980	4,982,680
Other current financial assets	802,247	623,282
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit and loss	2,648,091	2,264,662
Other non-current assets, other	718,525	485,760
Total	<b>\$ 15,012,771</b>	<b>12,332,110</b>

2) Financial liabilities

	<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>
Short-term borrowings	\$ 8,931,406	8,203,563
Short-term notes and bills payable	1,986,931	2,124,946
Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit and loss	23,830	69,844
Notes payable	219,123	204,113
Trade payable	4,516,214	4,222,168
Other payables	2,207,835	1,979,171
Long-term liabilities, current portion	972,264	1,204,426
Other current liabilities, others	131,860	142,089
Long-term borrowings	1,255,263	1,510,446
Guarantee deposits received	83,332	80,762
Rent liabilities	1,272,051	1,213,228
Total	<b>\$ 21,600,109</b>	<b>20,954,756</b>

(Continued)

**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(ii) Credit risk

1) Credit risk exposure

The carrying amount of financial assets and contract assets represents the maximum amount exposed to credit risk. As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk amounted to \$12,364,241 thousand and \$10,061,845, respectively.

2) Concentration of credit risk

The Group has a broad customer base so there is no significant concentration of transactions with a single customer and the sales area is spread out. Therefore, there is no concentration of credit risk. In order to reduce credit risk, the Group also regularly and continuously evaluates the financial position of customers and requires customers to provide collateral when necessary.

(iii) Liquidity risk

The following table shows the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including estimated interest payments and excluding the impact of netting agreements.

	<u>Carrying amount</u>	<u>Contractual cash flows</u>	<u>Within 6 months</u>	<u>6-12 months</u>	<u>1-2 years</u>	<u>2-5 years</u>	<u>Over 5 years</u>
<b>December 31, 2020</b>							
Short-term borrowings	\$ 8,931,406	8,971,882	8,971,882	-	-	-	-
Short-term notes and bills payable	1,986,931	1,987,632	1,987,632	-	-	-	-
Financial liabilities measured at fair value through other comprehensive income: current	23,830	23,830	23,830	-	-	-	-
Note and trade payable	4,735,337	4,735,337	4,735,337	-	-	-	-
Other payables	886,246	886,246	886,246	-	-	-	-
Long term liabilities, current portion	972,264	992,594	-	992,594	-	-	-
Other current liabilities, others	131,860	131,860	131,860	-	-	-	-
Long-term borrowings	1,255,263	1,300,542	-	-	-	1,300,542	-
Guarantee deposits received	83,332	83,332	31,381	2,456	16,492	32,360	643
Lease liabilities	1,272,051	1,569,726	133,327	121,442	191,561	399,376	724,020
	<u>\$ 20,278,520</u>	<u>20,682,981</u>	<u>16,901,495</u>	<u>1,116,492</u>	<u>208,053</u>	<u>1,732,278</u>	<u>724,663</u>
<b>December 31, 2019</b>							
Short-term borrowings	\$ 8,203,563	8,240,657	8,240,657	-	-	-	-
Short-term notes and bills payable	2,124,946	2,125,692	2,125,692	-	-	-	-
Financial liabilities measured at fair value through other comprehensive income: current	69,844	69,844	69,844	-	-	-	-
Note and trade payable	4,426,281	4,426,281	4,426,281	-	-	-	-
Other payables	773,150	773,150	773,150	-	-	-	-
Long term liabilities, current portion	1,204,426	1,206,293	-	1,206,293	-	-	-
Other current liabilities, others	142,089	142,089	142,089	-	-	-	-
Long-term borrowings	1,510,446	1,515,357	-	-	-	1,515,357	-
Guarantee deposits received	80,762	80,762	41,100	2,843	4,868	31,751	200
Lease liabilities	1,213,228	1,262,158	93,471	90,521	159,481	431,225	487,460
	<u>\$ 19,748,735</u>	<u>19,842,283</u>	<u>15,912,284</u>	<u>1,299,657</u>	<u>164,349</u>	<u>1,978,333</u>	<u>487,660</u>

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

The Group does not expect the cash flows included in the maturity analysis to occur significantly earlier or at significantly different amounts.

(iv) Currency risk

1) Exposure to foreign currency risk

The Group's significant exposure to foreign currency risk were as follows:

	December 31, 2020			December 31, 2019		
	Foreign currency	Exchange rate	TWD	Foreign currency	Exchange rate	TWD
<u>Financial liabilities</u>						
<u>Monetary items</u>						
USD	\$ 253,895	29.624	7,521,449	247,479	30.487	7,544,855
CNY	81,365	4.365	355,141	176,047	4.297	756,557

2) Sensitivity analysis

The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk arises from the translation of the foreign currency exchange gains and losses on cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, loans and borrowings; and trade and other payables that are denominated in foreign currency. On December 31, 2020 and 2019, a strengthening (weakening) of 1% of the NTD against the USD and the CNY, ceteris paribus, would have increased (decreased) the net profit before tax by \$78,766 thousand and \$83,014 thousand, respectively. The analysis is performed on the same basis for both years.

3) Foreign exchange gain and loss on monetary items

Since the Group has many kinds of functional currency, the information on foreign exchange gain (loss) on monetary items is disclosed by total amount. For relevant information on foreign exchange gain (loss) (including realized and unrealized portions) in the years 2020 and 2019, please refer to Note 6(ab).

(v) Interest rate analysis

Please refer to the notes on liquidity risk management and interest rate exposure of the Group's financial assets and liabilities.

The following sensitivity analysis is based on the exposure to the interest rate risk of derivative and non derivative financial instruments on the reporting date. Regarding assets with variable interest rates, the analysis is based on the assumption that the amount of assets outstanding at the reporting date was outstanding throughout the year. The rate of change is expressed as the interest rate increases or decreases by 1% when reporting to management internally, which also represents the Group management's assessment of the reasonably possible interest rate change.

If the interest rate had increased / decreased by 1 basis points, ceteris paribus, the Group's net income would have increased / decreased by \$42,905 thousand and \$48,556 thousand in 2020 and 2019, respectively. This is mainly due to the Group's borrowing at variable rates and investment in variable-rate bills.

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(vi) Fair value of financial instruments

1) Fair value hierarchy

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, financial instruments used for hedging, and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income is measured on a recurring basis. The carrying amount and fair value of the Group's financial assets and liabilities, including the information on fair value hierarchy were as follows; however, except as described in the following paragraphs, for financial instruments not measured at fair value whose carrying amount is reasonably close to the fair value, disclosure of fair value information is not required:

	December 31, 2020				
	Book value	Fair Value			Total
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit and loss					
Derivative instruments not used for hedging					
Forward exchange contracts	\$ 9,472	-	9,472	-	9,472
Corn structured swaps	11,969	-	11,969	-	11,969
Non-derivative financial assets: current					
Stocks in listed companies	439	439	-	-	439
Subtotal	<u>\$ 21,880</u>	<u>439</u>	<u>21,441</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>21,880</u>
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive profit and loss					
Stocks in domestic listed companies	\$ 2,547,181	2,547,181	-	-	2,547,181
Stocks in unlisted companies	100,561	-	-	100,561	100,561
Other	349	-	349	-	349
Subtotal	<u>\$ 2,648,091</u>	<u>2,547,181</u>	<u>349</u>	<u>100,561</u>	<u>2,648,091</u>
Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit and loss					
Derivative instruments not used for hedging					
Forward exchange contracts	\$ (22,820)	-	(22,820)	-	(22,820)
Option contracts	(1,010)	-	(1,010)	-	(1,010)
Subtotal	<u>\$ (23,830)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(23,830)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(23,830)</u>

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

	December 31, 2019				
	Book value	Fair Value			Total
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit and loss					
Non-derivative financial assets: current					
Futures margin	\$ 5,164	5,164	-	-	5,164
Stocks in listed companies	439	439	-	-	439
Subtotal	<u>\$ 5,603</u>	<u>5,603</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>5,603</u>
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income					
Stocks in listed companies	2,162,870	2,162,870	-	-	2,162,870
Stocks in unlisted companies	101,427	-	-	101,427	101,427
Other	365	-	365	-	365
Subtotal	<u>\$ 2,264,662</u>	<u>2,162,870</u>	<u>365</u>	<u>101,427</u>	<u>2,264,662</u>
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss					
Derivative instruments not used for hedging					
Forward exchange contracts	<u>\$ (69,844)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(69,844)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(69,844)</u>

2) Valuation techniques for financial instruments measured at fair value

a) Financial instruments

If a financial instrument has a public quotation in an active market, said public quotation shall be the fair value. The market price announced by the major exchange is decided following the basis for the fair value of listed equity instruments.

A financial instrument is regarded as being quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's-length basis. If the conditions above are not met, the market is deemed inactive. Generally speaking, wide bid-ask spreads, significant increases in bid-ask spreads, or very little trading volume are indicators of inactive markets.

If the financial instruments held by the Group have an active market, their fair values are listed as follows according to their categories and attributes:

- For listed companies, financial assets and liabilities traded in an active market have their fair values determined by market price.

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

If the financial instruments held by the Group do not have an active market, their fair values are listed as follows according to their categories and attributes:

- Equity instruments without a quoted price: Fair value is estimated using comparable company valuation multiples. The main assumption is based on the surplus multiplier derived from the market price from comparable listed companies. This estimate has been adjusted for the discount effect by its lack of market liquidity.
- b) The fair value of derivative financial products is the amount that the Group is expecting to obtain or to pay if it terminates the contract on the reporting date as agreed. It typically includes the unrealized gains and losses of unsettled contracts in the current period. Most of the derivative financial products of the Group have quotations from financial institutions for reference.
- c) Non-financial instruments

For information on the evaluation of biological assets, please refer to Note 6(f). For information on the evaluation of investment properties, please refer to Note 6(n).

3) Transfers between Level 1 and Level 2

There were no significant transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 in both 2020 and 2019.

4) Reconciliation of Level 3 fair values

	<b>Measured at fair value through other comprehensive income</b>
January 1, 2020	\$ 101,427
Capital reduction	(506)
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates	<u>(360)</u>
December 31, 2020	<b><u>\$ 100,561</u></b>
January 1, 2019	\$ 103,793
Disposal	(2,190)
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates	<u>(176)</u>
December 31, 2019	<b><u>\$ 101,427</u></b>

5) Quantified information on significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) used in fair value measurement

Due to the fact that the Group's Level 3 financial instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive profit and loss has no active market public quotation and the relationship between the significant unobservable input value and the fair value cannot be fully grasped in practice, quantitative information is not exposed.

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Most of the Group's Level 3 financial instruments measured at fair value only has one single significant unobservable input. Only equity instrument investments without an active market have multiple significant unobservable inputs. The significant unobservable input values of equity instrument investments without an active market are independent of each other, so there is no correlation.

Quantified information of significant unobservable inputs was as follows:

<u>Item</u>	<u>Valuation technique</u>	<u>Significant unobservable inputs</u>	<u>Inter-relationship between significant unobservable inputs and fair value measurement</u>
Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss – equity investment without an active market	Comparable to listed company	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Discount due to lack of market liquidity (30% for both 2020.12.31 and 2019.12.31)</li> <li>· P/E Multiplier (18.39~26.49 and 14.20~21.89 for 2020.12.31 and 2019.12.31, respectively)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· The higher the discount due to a lack of market liquidity, the lower the fair value</li> <li>· The higher the multiplier and premium for control, the higher the fair value</li> </ul>
	Net Asset Value Method	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Net asset value</li> </ul>	The estimated fair value would increase if the net asset value were higher

6) Valuation process of fair value measurements in Level 3

The fair value of the Group uses unobservable input values, and the observable input values must be significantly adjusted based on unobservable parameters to be classified as Level 3. The input value of this level is measured on the basis of the earnings multiplier derived from the market quotation of comparable listed companies. The evaluation results will then be checked later to ensure consistency with the evaluation source and ensure that the evaluation results are reasonable.

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

- 7) Fair value measurements in Level 3 – sensitivity analysis of reasonably possible alternative assumptions

The Group's fair value measurement of financial instruments is reasonable, but using different evaluation models or evaluation parameters may lead to different evaluation results. Should the evaluation parameters change, the impact on the current profit and loss or other comprehensive income or loss for financial instruments classified as Level 3 is as follows:

	Input	Changes	Other comprehensive income	
			Favorable	Unfavorable
<b>December 31, 2020</b>				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Equity investment without an active market	P/E Ratio	5%	4,793	(4,793)
<b>December 31, 2019</b>				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Equity investment without an active market	P/E Ratio	5%	10,520	(10,520)

The favorable and unfavorable effects represent the changes in fair value, and fair value is based on a variety of unobservable inputs calculated using a valuation technique. The analysis above only reflects the effects of changes in a single input, and it does not include the interrelationships with another input.

- (vii) Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

The Group performs transactions not applicable to the International Financial Reporting Standards Sections 42 NO. 32, but the Group has an exercisable master netting arrangement or similar agreement in place with its counterparties, and both parties reach a consensus regarding net settlement. The aforesaid exercisable master netting arrangement or similar agreement can be settled at the total amount. In the event of default involving one of the parties, the other party can have the transaction net settled. Relevant information is presented as follows:

<b>December 31, 2020</b>						
<b>Financial assets that are offset which have an exercisable master netting arrangement or similar agreement</b>						
	Gross amounts of recognized financial assets (a)	Gross amounts of financial assets offset in the balance sheet (b)	Net amount of financial liabilities presented in the balance sheet (c)=(a)-(b)	Amounts not off set in the balance sheet (d)		
				Financial instruments (Note)	Cash collateral received	Net amount (e)=(c)-(d)
Forward exchange contracts	\$ 9,472	-	9,472	8,081	-	1,391
Corn structured swaps	11,969	-	11,969	-	-	11,969
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 21,441</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>21,441</b>	<b>8,081</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>13,360</b>

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

December 31, 2020						
Financial liabilities that are offset which have an exercisable master netting arrangement or similar agreement						
	Gross amounts of recognized financial liabilities (a)	Gross amounts of financial liabilities offset in the balance sheet (b)	Net amount of financial liabilities presented in the balance sheet (c)=(a)-(b)	Amounts not off set in the balance sheet (d)		Net amount (e)=(c)-(d)
				Financial instruments	Cash collateral received	
Forward exchange contracts	\$ (22,820)	-	(22,820)	(8,081)	-	(14,739)
Option contracts	(1,010)	-	(1,010)	-	-	(1,010)
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ (23,830)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(23,830)</b>	<b>(8,081)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(15,749)</b>

  

December 31, 2019						
Financial liabilities that are offset which have an exercisable master netting arrangement or similar agreement						
	Gross amounts of recognized financial liabilities (a)	Gross amounts of financial liabilities offset in the balance sheet (b)	Net amount of financial liabilities presented in the balance sheet (c)=(a)-(b)	Amounts not off set in the balance sheet (d)		Net amount (e)=(c)-(d)
				Financial instruments	Cash collateral received	
Forward exchange contracts	\$ (69,844)	-	(69,844)	-	-	69,844

Note: Master netting arrangements and non cash financial collaterals are included.

(ad) Financial risk management

(i) Overview

The Group has exposures to the following risks from its financial instruments:

- 1) credit risk
- 2) liquidity risk
- 3) market risk

The following likewise discusses the Group's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing the above-mentioned risks. For more disclosures about the quantitative effects of these risks exposures, please refer to the respective notes in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
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(ii) Structure of risk management

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the risk management framework. The Group's risk management policies are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Group, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Group's activities. The Group, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

The Group's Board of Directors oversees how management monitors compliance with the Group's risk management policies and procedures and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Group. The Group's Board of Directors is assisted in its oversight role by Internal Audit. Internal Audit undertakes both regular and ad hoc reviews of risk management controls and procedures, the results of which are reported to the Board of Directors.

(iii) Credit risk

The Group's main credit risk lies in financial products of cash, equity securities, and accounts receivable. Cash is kept in different financial institutions. Equity securities held are funds issued by listed companies with excellent credit ratings. The Group controls the credit risks exposed to each financial institution and believes that the Group's cash and equity securities held will not have a significant concentration of credit risk.

1) Trade and other receivables

The Group's main potential credit risk comes from financial products in accounts receivable and other receivables. In order to reduce credit risk, the company continuously evaluates the financial position of customers, regularly assesses the possibility of recovering accounts receivable, and makes allowances for doubtful debts. The total loss of doubtful debts is within the management's expectations.

The credit risk exposure of the Group is mainly affected by the individual conditions of each customer. However, management also considers statistical data of the customer base, including the default risk of the customer's industry and country, as these factors may affect credit risk.

The Group's Risk Management Committee has established a credit policy under which each new customer is analyzed individually for creditworthiness before the Group's standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Purchase limits are established for each customer and represent the maximum open amount without requiring approval from the Risk Management Committee; these limits are reviewed quarterly. Customers that fail to meet the Group's benchmark creditworthiness may transact with the Group only on a prepayment basis.

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
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The Group's main transaction customers are not new customers, and no impairment loss has been recognized for these customers. When monitoring the credit risk of customers, they are grouped according to their credit characteristics, including whether they are individuals or legal entities, whether they are distributors, retailers or end customers, their respective location, industry, age, expiry date, and previous existing financial difficulties. Customers rated as high risk will be monitored by the credit department.

The Group has set up allowance of doubtful debt to reflect estimates of the losses incurred in accounts receivable and other receivables and investments. The main components of the provision account include specific loss components related to individual major risk insurance, and the combined loss components established for similar asset groups that have occurred but have not been identified. The combined loss provision account is determined based on historical payment statistics of similar financial assets.

2) Investments

The Group places orders of equity securities and trades futures through the centralized market. It is expected that the counterparty will not default, so there is no major credit transaction risk.

The exposure to credit risk for the bank deposits, fixed income investments, and other financial instruments is measured and monitored by the Group's finance department. The Group only deals with banks, other external parties, corporate organizations, government agencies and financial institutions with good credit rating. The Group does not expect any counterparty above fails to meet its obligations hence there is no significant credit risk arising from these counterparties.

3) Guarantees

For more information on the Group's policy to provide financial guarantees as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, please refer to Note 13(a).

(iv) Liquidity risk

The Group's capital and working capital are sufficient to meet all contractual obligations, so there is no liquidity risk caused by the inability to raise funds to fulfill contractual obligations. The changes in the fair value of the investment of the Group included in the profit and loss of financial assets have an active market, so it is expected that the financial assets can be quickly sold in the market at a price close to the fair value. The open positions of futures held by the Group can be liquidated in the market at a reasonable price, hence the liquidity risk is very low. The exchange rate of the forward foreign exchange contracts held by the Group has been determined, and there is no significant cash flow risk.

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it always has sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group's reputation.

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
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The Group aims to maintain the level of its cash and cash equivalents and other highly marketable debt investments at an amount in excess of expected cash flows on financial liabilities (other than trade payables) over the succeeding 60 days. This excludes the potential impact of extreme circumstances that cannot reasonably be predicted, such as natural disasters. As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Group's unused credit line amounted to \$10,993,505 thousand and \$11,987,919 thousand, respectively.

(v) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates, and equity prices, will affect the Group's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return.

In addition to the financial assets measured by cost, equity securities held by the Group also have financial assets whose fair value changes are included in the profit and loss and financial assets available for sale. Therefore, such assets are measured by fair value. Subsequently, the Group will be exposed to the risk of price volatility in the equity securities market.

The Group's forward foreign exchange contracts are of a hedging nature, and the profits and losses arising from changes in interest rates or exchange rates will roughly offset the profits and losses of the hedged project, so the market price risk is not significant.

The Group engaged in futures and option trading contracts, and had set a stop loss point based on risk during operation. As the loss incurred can be controlled within the expected range, the market price risk is not significant to the company as a whole and can be reasonably expected.

The fair value of wealth investment products invested by the Group will fluctuate according to market interest rates, so the Group will be exposed to the risk of changes in market prices.

1) Currency risk

The Group is exposed to currency risk on sales, purchases, and borrowings that are denominated in a currency other than the respective functional currencies of the Group's entities, primarily the NTD, US Dollar (USD), and Chinese Yuan (CNY). The currencies used in these transactions are the NTD, USD, and CNY.

At any point in time, the Group hedges its estimated foreign currency exposure with respect to its forecast sales and purchases over the following six months. The Group also uses forward exchange contracts with a maturity of less than one year from the reporting date to hedge its currency risk.

For group companies that use NTD as their functional currency, all USD loans borrowed will be hedged using forward contracts with the same maturity date as the loan repayment date.

Loan interest is priced in the currency of its principal. Typically, the currency of the loan is the same as the currency of the cash flow generated by the operation of the Group, mainly denominated in NTD, but sometimes in USD or CNY. In this case, economic hedging is provided without the need to sign derivatives, so hedging accounting is not adopted.

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
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Regarding other monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, the Group buys or sells foreign currencies at real-time exchange rates to ensure that the net exposure risk remains at an acceptable level when short-term imbalances occur.

2) Interest rate risk

On December 31, 2020 and 2019, the short-term and long-term borrowings of the Group consisted of debts with floating interest rates. Therefore, changes in market interest rates will cause the effective interest rates of short-term and long-term borrowings to change accordingly. For detailed interest rate analyses with respect to fluctuations in future cash flows, please refer to Note 6(ac).

3) Other market price risk

In addition to meeting the expected consumption and sales demand, the Group has not signed any commodity contracts; these commodity contracts are not delivered on a net basis.

(ae) Capital management

The Board of Directors' policy is to maintain a sound capital base to preserve the confidence of investors, creditors, and the market in order to support the development of future operations. Capital includes share capital, capital reserves, retained earnings, non-controlling interests and net liabilities of the Group. The Board of Directors controls the debt-to-capital ratio and at the same time controls the level of ordinary stock dividends.

The Group's debt-to-equity ratios at the end of the reporting period as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, are as follows:

	<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>
Total liabilities	\$ 23,806,284	22,976,218
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	<u>(4,488,486)</u>	<u>(2,942,742)</u>
Net debt	<b><u>\$ 19,317,798</u></b>	<b><u>20,033,476</u></b>
Total equity	<b><u>\$ 27,886,752</u></b>	<b><u>24,324,519</u></b>
Debt-to-equity ratio	<b><u>40.92 %</u></b>	<b><u>45.16 %</u></b>

(af) Investing and financing activities not affecting current cash flow

The Group's investing and financing activities which did not affect the current cash flow in the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, were as follows:

- (i) For information on obtaining right-of-use assets by lease, please refer to Note 6(m) for details.

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(ii) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities were as follows:

	<u>2020.1.1</u>	<u>Cash flow</u>	<u>Non-cash changes</u>			<u>December 31, 2020</u>
			<u>Rent</u>	<u>Changes in exchange rates</u>	<u>Acquisitions</u>	
Long-term borrowings	\$ 2,714,872	(446,106)	-	(41,239)	-	2,227,527
Short-term borrowings	8,203,563	732,577	-	(187,788)	183,054	8,931,406
Short-term notes and bills payable	2,124,946	(138,015)	-	-	-	1,986,931
Guarantee deposits received	80,762	2,570	-	-	-	83,332
Lease liabilities	1,213,228	(248,606)	307,429	-	-	1,272,051
Other current liabilities, others	159,429	(8,343)	-	-	-	151,086
<b>Total liabilities from financing activities</b>	<b>\$ 14,496,800</b>	<b>(105,923)</b>	<b>307,429</b>	<b>(229,027)</b>	<b>183,054</b>	<b>14,652,333</b>

	<u>2019.1.1</u>	<u>Cash flow</u>	<u>Non-cash changes</u>			<u>December 31, 2019</u>
			<u>Rent</u>	<u>Changes in exchange rates</u>	<u>Acquisitions</u>	
Long-term borrowings	\$ 3,862,392	(1,226,668)	-	79,148	-	2,714,872
Short-term borrowings	7,069,396	1,150,375	-	(16,208)	-	8,203,563
Short-term notes and bills payable	1,216,968	907,978	-	-	-	2,124,946
Guarantee deposits received	79,384	1,378	-	-	-	80,762
Lease liabilities	1,223,391	(320,266)	310,103	-	-	1,213,228
Other current liabilities, others	151,612	7,817	-	-	-	159,429
<b>Total liabilities from financing activities</b>	<b>\$ 13,603,143</b>	<b>520,614</b>	<b>310,103</b>	<b>62,940</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>14,496,800</b>

**(7) Related-party transactions:**

(a) Names and relationship with related parties

The followings are related parties that have made transactions with the Group during the periods covered in the consolidated financial statements.

<u>Name of related party</u>	<u>Relationship with the Group</u>
FoodChina Company	Associate (Note)
Advent Prosperity Real Estate Development Co., Ltd	Associate
Dachan Liangyou Food (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	Associate
Dachan Liangyou Food (Tianjin) Co., Ltd.	Associate
Tianjin Hai Rei Food Limited	Associate
Gallant / Dachan Seafood Co., Ltd.	Associate
Rupp & Dachan Foods (Tianjin) Co., Ltd.	Associate
San Inn Abattoir Co.	Associate
Marubeni Corporation	Other related party

(Continued)

**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

<u>Name of related party</u>	<u>Relationship with the Group</u>
Marubeni(Dallian) Co., Ltd.	Other related party
Kou Feng Industrial Co., Ltd.	Other related party
TTET Union Corporation	Other related party
Beijing Hengtaifeng Catering Co.,Ltd.	Other related party
DaCheng Land Development Ltd.	Other related party
Mengcun Hui Autonomous County Construction Investment Co., Ltd.	Other related party
BGI Genomics Co., Ltd	Other related party
Better Me Food Technology (Beijing) Co.,Ltd.	Other related party (The entity was controlled by key management personnel of the Group)
Beijing Sisters Kitchen Food and Beverage Management Co.	Other related party (The entity was controlled by key management personnel of the Group)
Beijing Daxiao Nutrition Food Science and Technology Co., Ltd.	Other related party (The entity was controlled by key management personnel of the Group)

Note: Recognized as a subsidiary since the third financial quarter of 2020.

(b) Significant transactions with related parties

(i) Sales

The amounts of significant sales by the Group to related parties were as follows:

	<b><u>For the years ended December 31,</u></b>	
	<b><u>2020</u></b>	<b><u>2019</u></b>
Associates	\$ 1,387,386	2,770,761
Other related parties	736,931	914,582
	<b><u>\$ 2,124,317</u></b>	<b><u>3,685,343</u></b>

The sales prices and trading conditions listed above are not significantly different from general customer sales.

Trade receivable from related parties were uncollateralized, and no expected credit loss were required after the assessment by the management.

(ii) Purchases

The amounts of significant purchases by the Group from related parties were as follows:

	<b><u>For the years ended December 31,</u></b>	
	<b><u>2020</u></b>	<b><u>2019</u></b>
Associates	\$ 1,071,182	1,580,299
Other related parties	834,388	881,118
	<b><u>\$ 1,905,570</u></b>	<b><u>2,461,417</u></b>

(Continued)

**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

The terms and pricing of purchase transactions with related parties were not significantly different from those offered by other vendors. The payment terms ranged from one to two months, which were no different from the payment terms given by other vendors.

(iii) Receivables from Related Parties

The receivables from related parties were as follows:

<u>Account</u>	<u>Relationship</u>	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>December 31, 2019</u>
Notes receivable	Associates	\$ 1,004	97,750
Trade receivable	Other related parties	31,202	76,116
Other receivable (other current financial assets)	Associates	41,133	68,893
Other receivable (other current financial assets)	Other related parties	66,129	77,716
		<u>\$ 139,468</u>	<u>320,475</u>

(iv) Payables to Related Parties

The payables to related parties were as follows:

<u>Account</u>	<u>Relationship</u>	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>December 31, 2019</u>
Trade payable	Associates	\$ 31,828	79,362
Trade payable	Other related parties	65,048	62,228
Other payables (other current financial liabilities)	Associates	3,855	1,298
Other payables (other current financial liabilities)	Other related parties	190,630	187,370
		<u>\$ 291,361</u>	<u>330,258</u>

(v) Borrowings from Related Parties

The borrowings from related parties were as follows:

	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>December 31, 2019</u>
BGI Genomics Co., Ltd	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>15,041</u>

The Group's borrowing from related parties is based on the financial institution's one-year benchmark interest rate of 4.35%, which is used as a guarantee for the loan. From January 1 to December 31 in 2020 and 2019, related parties' interest expenses were \$0 thousand and \$654 thousand, respectively.

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(vi) Guarantee

The Group provided guarantees for loans for other related parties during the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, with a quota of \$306,022 thousand and \$302,712 thousand, respectively.

(vii) Processing fee

Processing fees in 2020 and 2019 are as follows:

	<b>For the years ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
Other related parties	<b>\$ 309,670</b>	<b>304,560</b>

The Group commissioned TTET Union Corporation to process soybeans and soybean crude oil in 2020 and 2019. The processing fee of soybeans was \$809~\$1,167 and \$923~\$993 per metric ton, respectively. Processing of soybean crude oil was charged \$822~\$968 and \$891~\$912 per metric ton, respectively.

(viii) Leases

The Group leased its buildings and plants used for production to associates in January 2015, and signed a 15-year lease contract with a 30-year depreciation period based on the book value (the residual value withdrawal ratio is 5%). The calculated depreciation expenses are used as rent, and the annual rent calculation formula for the first five years = book value (1/5%)/30. In the last ten years of the lease, in addition to the depreciation expenses mentioned above, the cost of funds calculated at the beginning of the year based on the book value of the premises and the one-year benchmark loan interest rate of the People's Bank of China is added as the rent. Annual rent calculation for the next ten years = book value (1/5%)/30 + capital cost of the nth year. Moreover, for office buildings leased to related companies, the contracts are signed every year, and the monthly rent is calculated based on the leased area and the actual monthly utility bill. The Company revised the contract on July 26, 2016. In order to support the development of related parties and reduce their operating expenses, the lease period of the agreed office building was changed to July 1, 2015 to December 31, 2019. Rent for buildings and office buildings from July 1, 2016 to December 31, 2019 was reduced to \$0 thousand. On January 1, 2020, the lease period of the agreed office building was changed to January 1, 2020 to December 31, 2020. Rent for buildings and office buildings for the year ended December 31, 2020 was reduced by CNY4,447 thousand. Rental income for both 2020 and 2019 amounted to \$14,382 thousand and \$0 thousand (tax included), respectively. As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, all payments have been settled.

The Group leased its buildings and plants used for production to other related parties in January 2014 and signed a lease contract. On December 1, 2018, rent was revised to \$225 thousand per month payable mid-month the following month. The Company collected rents for houses and premises during the remaining lease period in 2015. The rental income in 2020 and 2019 was 10,026 thousand and 10,688 thousand (tax included). As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, all payments have been settled.. For other current financial assets, please refer to Note 7(b)iii.

(Continued)

**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(ix) Management services

Management services for the years 2020 and 2019 comprised:

	<b>For the years ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
Associate	15,442	7,623
Other related party	\$ 4,480	2,198
	<b>\$ 19,922</b>	<b>21,641</b>

(x) Property transaction

The Group purchased shares of KouChan Mill Co., Ltd. from another related party, Kou Feng Industrial Co., Ltd. in March 2020. Please refer to Note 6(i) for more information.

The Group purchased land, buildings and equipment of the Taoyuan Yangmei Factory from other related party Kou Feng Industrial Co., Ltd. on February 27, 2019. The land was 49,637.03 square meters and the transaction price was based on the appraisal report issued by the CCIS Property Appraisal Firm and Tian Shia Property Appraisal Firm. The total price of the land was \$1,553,044 thousand, the total building price was \$29,948 thousand, and the total equipment price was \$8,172 thousand, amounting to 1,591,164 thousand in total. Kou Feng Industrial Co., Ltd. intends to authorize its product trademarks for free for five years to the Group. As of March 22, 2019, ownership of the land has been transferred. As of June 25, 2019, all payments have been settled.

The Group sold the treasury shares to Kou Feng Industrial Co., Ltd. on March 19, 2019 at a price of \$450,741 thousand (after tax) based on the Company's average closing price of 60 trading days prior February 27, 2019, which was \$33.8 per share, as the calculation basis. There were 13,395 thousand shares in total and the cost was \$87,068 thousand. The disposal gains and losses are transferred to capital reserve-treasury stock transaction and amounted to \$363,674 thousand. The Group completed the stock transfer on March 21, 2019.

(c) Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel compensation comprised:

	<b>For the years ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
Short term employee benefits	\$ 154,333	132,601
Post-employment benefits	1,479	1,452
	<b>\$ 155,812</b>	<b>134,053</b>

In 2020 and 2019, the Group recognized costs of 8,580 thousand and 7,296 for 5 and 4 cars for the use of key management personnel, respectively.

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

**(8) Pledged assets:**

The carrying values of pledged assets were as follows:

<u>Pledged assets</u>	<u>Object</u>	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>December 31, 2019</u>
Fixed deposit	Guarantee deposits paid	\$ 2,916	11,821
Property, plant and equipment	Other payable	-	5,254
		<u>\$ 2,916</u>	<u>17,075</u>

**(9) Significant Commitments and contingencies:**

(a) The Group's unrecognized contractual commitments are as follows:

	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>December 31, 2019</u>
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment (unpaid)	<u>\$ 3,040,520</u>	<u>1,810,899</u>

(b) The Group's outstanding standby letter of credit are as follows:

	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>December 31, 2019</u>
Outstanding standby letter of credit (USD)	<u>USD 39,325</u>	<u>65,633</u>
Outstanding standby letter of credit (TWD)	<u>TWD 5,648</u>	<u>-</u>
Outstanding standby letter of credit (JPY)	<u>JPY 231,500</u>	<u>-</u>
Outstanding standby letter of credit (EUR)	<u>EUR 2,046</u>	<u>-</u>
Outstanding standby letter of credit (GBP)	<u>GBP 12</u>	<u>-</u>

(c) The Group's issuance of promissory notes in order provide guarantees for loans are as follows:

	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>December 31, 2019</u>
Outstanding promissory notes	<u>\$ 19,697,860</u>	<u>13,914,335</u>

**(10) Losses Due to Major Disasters:None**

**(11) Subsequent Events:None**

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

**(12) Other:**

- (a) A summary of current-period employee benefits, depreciation, and amortization, by function, is as follows:

By item	By function	For the year ended December 31					
		2020			2019		
		Cost of Sale	Operating Expense	Total	Cost of Sale	Operating Expense	Total
Employee benefits							
Salary		2,149,828	2,538,003	4,687,831	2,018,543	2,912,924	4,931,467
Labor and health insurance		147,717	165,095	312,812	192,505	196,541	389,046
Pension		76,022	107,683	183,705	123,267	206,670	329,937
Others		83,521	88,616	172,137	71,888	111,416	183,304
Depreciation		1,254,486	592,151	1,846,637	1,208,538	706,337	1,914,875
Depletion		-	-	-	-	-	-
Amortization		22,379	22,411	44,790	5,493	33,697	39,190

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

**(13) Other disclosures:****(a) Information on significant transactions:**

The following is the information on significant transactions required by the “Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers” for the Group:

**(i) Loans to other parties:**

Number	Name of lender	Name of borrower	Account name	Related party	Highest balance of financing to other parties during the period	Ending balance	Actual usage amount during the period	Range of interest rates during the period	Purposes of fund financing for the borrower	Transaction amount for business between two parties	Reasons for short-term financing	Allowance for bad debt	Collateral		Individual funding loan limits	Maximum limit of fund financing
													Item	Value		
0	Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Mei Lan Lei Co., Ltd.	Other receivables: related parties	Yes	1,600,000	1,600,000	576,228	1.2%	2	-	Business financing	-	None	-	4,036,216	8,072,431
0	"	City Chain Food Ltd.	"	Yes	100,000	100,000	-	1.2%	2	-	"	-	"	-	4,036,216	8,072,431
0	"	Total Nutrition Tech. Co., Ltd.	"	Yes	50,000	50,000	-	1.2%	2	-	"	-	"	-	4,036,216	8,072,431
0	"	Huang Ho Invest. Co., Ltd.	"	Yes	50,000	50,000	-	1.2%	2	-	"	-	"	-	4,036,216	8,072,431
0	"	An Hsin Chiao Chu Co., Ltd.	"	Yes	30,000	30,000	-	1.2%	2	-	"	-	"	-	4,036,216	8,072,431
0	"	Oriental Best Foods Co., Ltd.	"	Yes	100,000	100,000	36,000	1.2%	2	-	"	-	"	-	4,036,216	8,072,431
1	Great Wall International (Holdings) Ltd.	Great Wall Milling Co., Ltd.	"	Yes	9,099	8,559	8,559	0%	2	-	"	-	"	-	2,820,857	2,820,857
1	"	Tianjin Food Investment Co., Ltd.	"	Yes	336,056	316,112	316,112	3.5%	2	-	"	-	"	-	2,820,857	2,820,857
2	Dachan Food (Asia) Limited	Miyasun Great Wall Foods (Dalian) Co., Ltd.	"	Yes	106,155	99,855	99,855	0%	2	-	"	-	"	-	3,230,521	3,230,521
2	"	Dachan Food (Hebei) Co., Ltd.	"	Yes	266,904	251,064	251,064	0%	2	-	"	-	"	-	3,230,521	3,230,521
2	"	Great Wall Agri (Yingkou) Co., Ltd.	"	Yes	485,280	456,480	456,480	0%	2	-	"	-	"	-	3,230,521	3,230,521
2	"	Dachan Wanda (Tianjin) Co., Ltd.	"	Yes	818,910	770,310	770,310	0%	2	-	"	-	"	-	3,230,521	3,230,521
3	Greatwall FeedTech (Holding) Ltd.	Greatwall FeedTech (Tianjin) Co., Ltd.	"	Yes	30,330	28,530	28,530	0%	2	-	"	-	"	-	163,166	163,166
4	Route 66 Fast Food Ltd.	Beijing Universal Chain Food Co., Ltd.	"	Yes	34,880	32,810	32,810	0%	2	-	"	-	"	-	286,302	286,302
4	"	Tai Ji Food Co., Ltd.	"	Yes	44,464	41,825	41,825	0%	2	-	"	-	"	-	286,302	286,302
4	"	Ma Cheng Co., Ltd.	"	Yes	39,630	27,105	27,105	0%	2	-	"	-	"	-	286,302	286,302
8	Mei Lan Lei Co., Ltd.	Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd.	"	Yes	95,000	95,000	-	1.2%	2	-	"	-	"	-	700,902	700,902
8	"	Wonder Biotek Co., Ltd.	"	Yes	20,000	20,000	-	1.2%	2	-	"	-	"	-	700,902	700,902
9	City Chain Food Ltd.	Tianjin Fast Food Co., Ltd.	"	Yes	134,733	134,213	134,213	0%	2	-	"	-	"	-	706,864	706,864
9	"	Tai Ji Food Co., Ltd.	"	Yes	32,889	31,383	31,383	0%	2	-	"	-	"	-	706,864	706,864
	"	Ma Cheng Co., Ltd.	"	Yes	5,000	5,000	5,000	1.2%	2	-	"	-	"	-	706,864	706,864
9	"	Route 66 Fast Food Ltd.	"	Yes	75,825	71,325	71,325	0%	2	-	"	-	"	-	706,864	706,864
9	"	Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd.	"	Yes	50,000	50,000	-	1.2%	2	-	"	-	"	-	706,864	706,864

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Number	Name of lender	Name of borrower	Account name	Related party	Highest balance of financing to other parties during the period	Ending balance	Actual usage amount during the period	Range of interest rates during the period	Purposes of fund financing for the borrower	Transaction amount for business between two parties	Reasons for short-term financing	Allowance for bad debt	Collateral		Individual funding loan limits	Maximum limit of fund financing
													Item	Value		
9	City Chain Food Ltd.	An Hsin Chiao Chu Co., Ltd.	Other receivables: related parties	Yes	30,000	30,000	-	1.2%	2	-	Business financing	-	None	-	706,864	706,864
10	Dachan Aquaculture Limited (DAL)	PT. Misaja Mitra (MM)	"	Yes	84,894	51,311	51,311	0%	2	-	"	-	"	-	183,454	183,454
10	"	PT. Mustika Minanusa Aurora (MMA)	"	Yes	30,330	14,265	14,265	0%	2	-	"	-	"	-	183,454	183,454
11	Total Nutrition Tech. Co., Ltd.	Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd.	"	Yes	180,000	180,000	180,000	1.2%	2	-	"	-	"	-	283,330	283,330
11	"	Huang Ho Invest. Co., Ltd.	"	Yes	50,000	-	-	1.2%	2	-	Business financing	-	None	-	283,330	283,330
11	"	Oriental Best Foods Co., Ltd.	"	Yes	50,000	50,000	20,000	1.2%	2	-	"	-	"	-	283,330	283,330
12	Neo Foods Co., Ltd.	Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd.	"	Yes	20,000	15,000	15,000	1.2%	2	-	"	-	"	-	19,481	19,481
13	Greatwall Northeast Asia Corporation (NAC)	Dachan Wanda (Tianjin) Co., Ltd.	"	Yes	667,260	627,660	627,660	0%	2	-	"	-	"	-	3,295,453	3,295,453
14	Dachan Wanda (Tianjin) Co., Ltd.	Green Pac Bio Co., Ltd.	"	Yes	28,526	28,416	28,416	4.6%	2	-	"	-	"	-	514,021	514,021
15	Taixu & Dachan Foods Co., Ltd.	Taixu & Dachan Foods (Bengbu) Co., Ltd.	"	Yes	30,721	17,487	17,487	0%	2	-	"	-	"	-	57,595	57,595
16	TNT Biotechnology Co., Ltd.	Great Wall International (Holdings) Ltd.	"	Yes	24,599	24,251	24,251	0%	2	-	"	-	"	-	127,560	127,560

Note 1: The purposes of fund financing for the borrower are classified as follows:

1. For those with business dealings: 1.
2. For those with short-term financing: 2.

Note 2: The total amount of loans to other parties must not exceed 40% of the Group's net worth, while loans to individual entities must not exceed 20% of the Group's net worth.

Note 3: The above-mentioned loans and transactions to related parties have been written off.

Note 4: For the subsidiaries, the total amount of loans to other parties and to individual entities must not exceed 40% of its net worth.

(ii) **Guarantees and endorsements for other parties:**

No.	Name of guarantor	Counter-party of guarantee and endorsement		Limitation on amount of guarantees and endorsements for a specific enterprise	Highest balance for guarantees and endorsements during the period	Balance of guarantees and endorsements as of reporting date	Actual usage amount during the period	Property pledged for guarantees and endorsements (Amount)	Ratio of accumulated amounts of guarantees and endorsements to net worth of the latest financial statements	Maximum amount for guarantees and endorsements	Parent company endorsements/ guarantees to third parties on behalf of subsidiary	Subsidiary endorsements/ guarantees to third parties on behalf of parent company	Endorsements/ guarantees to third parties on behalf of companies in Mainland China
		Name	Relationship with the Company										
1	Great Wall International (Holdings) Ltd. (Note 3)	Dachan Liangyou Food (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	5	7,052,142	307,208	306,022	172,684	-	4.34 %	14,104,284			Y
1	"	Seafood International Inc.	2	7,052,142	303,300	285,300	-	-	4.05 %	14,104,284	Y		
1	"	Great Wall Milling Co., Ltd.	2	7,052,142	424,620	342,360	205,017	-	4.85 %	14,104,284	Y		
1	"	Great Wall Grains International, Ltd.	2	7,052,142	713,250	713,250	-	-	10.11 %	14,104,284	Y		
5	Asia Nutrition Technologies (VN) Co., Ltd. (Note 4)	ANT FEED CO., LTD.	4	1,413,821	90,990	85,590	28,530	-	6.05 %	2,827,641			

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## GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

No.	Name of guarantor	Counter-party of guarantee and endorsement		Limitation on amount of guarantees and endorsements for a specific enterprise	Highest balance for guarantees and endorsements during the period	Balance of guarantees and endorsements as of reporting date	Actual usage amount during the period	Property pledged for guarantees and endorsements (Amount)	Ratio of accumulated amounts of guarantees and endorsements to net worth of the latest financial statements	Maximum amount for guarantees and endorsements	Parent company endorsements/ guarantees to third parties on behalf of subsidiary	Subsidiary endorsements/ guarantees to third parties on behalf of parent company	Endorsements/ guarantees to third parties on behalf of companies in Mainland China
		Name	Relationship with the Company										
6	Liaoning Great Wall Agri Industrial Co., Ltd. (Note 3)	Dachan Food (Hebei) Co., Ltd.	4	1,144,219	19,749	19,673	-	-	1.72 %	2,288,438			Y
7	Great Wall Agri (Hei Long Jiang) Co., Ltd. (Note 3)	Liaoning Great Wall Agri Industrial Co., Ltd.	4	440,754	129,758	13,902	13,902	3,180	3.15 %	881,508			Y

Note 1: Guarantees and endorsements for other parties are classified into six types of relationships as follows:

1. For those with business dealings.
2. For subsidiaries with over 50% of common shares.
3. When the parent company and its subsidiaries own more than 50% of common shares of the invested company.
4. When the parent company owns more than 50% of common shares of the company either directly or indirectly through its subsidiaries.
5. For those in the same industry who are contractually obligated to endorse each other due to projects.
6. For companies that are endorsed and guaranteed by each investor based on their shareholding ratio due to joint ventures.
7. For companies in the same industry engaged in pre-sale house sales contracts who are contractually obligated to provide guarantees and endorsements in accordance with the Consumer Protection Act.

Note 2: The total amount of guarantees and endorsements for other parties must not exceed the Group's total net worth, while guarantees and endorsements for individual entities must not exceed 50% of the Group's net worth.

Note 3: For subsidiaries, the total amount of guarantees and endorsements for other parties must not exceed double its total net worth and must not be higher than the Group's total net worth. Guarantees and endorsements for individual entities must not exceed the subsidiary's total net worth, and must not be higher than 50% of the Group's total net worth.

(iii) Securities held as of December 31, 2020 (excluding investment in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures):

Name of holder	Category and name of security	Relationship with company	Account title	Ending balance				Highest Percentage of ownership (%)	Note
				Shares/Units (thousands)	Carrying value	Percentage of ownership (%)	Fair value		
Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Ordinary shares: Lien Hwa Industrial Holdings Corp.	Board of Directors	Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss: current	36,974	439	-	439	- %	
	Ordinary shares: TTET Union Co.	Board of Directors	Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive profit or loss: non current	15,416,960	2,196,917	9.64	2,196,917	9.64 %	
	Ordinary shares: China Trade and Development Co.	-	"	20,004	199	0.03	199	0.03 %	
	Ordinary shares: Da Chiang International Co., Ltd.	Board of Directors	"	7,889,655	56,615	3.94	56,615	3.94 %	
	Ordinary shares: ZHONG ZHDNG CO.,LTD.	-	"	461,760	4,618	2.59	4,618	2.59 %	
	Ordinary shares: Yo Ho Beach Resort Co., Ltd.	-	"	1,848,000	16,800	1.81	16,800	1.81 %	
	Ordinary shares: Deyong Biological Technology Co., Ltd.	Board of Directors	"	117,997	459	3.70	459	3.70 %	
	Ordinary shares: Yahsen Frozen Foods Co., Ltd.	-	"	40,425	-	0.08	-	0.08 %	
Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Ordinary shares: Hsin Tung Yang Co. Ltd.	-	Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive profit or loss: non current	137,000	1,480	0.16	1,480	0.16 %	
Huang Ho Invest. Co., Ltd.	Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Company	Treasury shares	19,674,191	121,687	2.38	999,449	2.38 %	

(Continued)

**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Name of holder	Category and name of security	Relationship with company	Account title	Ending balance				Highest Percentage of ownership (%)	Note
				Shares/Units (thousands)	Carrying value	Percentage of ownership (%)	Fair value		
Huang Ho Invest. Co., Ltd.	Ordinary shares: Da Chiang International Co., Ltd.	Board of Directors	Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive profit or loss: non current	1,724,138	12,500	0.86	12,500	0.86 %	
	Ordinary shares: TTET Union Co.	Board of Directors	Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive profit or loss: non current	2,457,997	350,264	1.54	350,264	1.54 %	
City Chain Food Ltd.	Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Company	Treasury shares	25,688,242	128,909	3.10	1,304,963	3.10 %	
Oriental Best Foods Co., Ltd.	Cashbox Partyworld Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive profit or loss: non current	26,010	1,055	0.02	1,055	0.02 %	
Route 66 Fast Food Ltd.	Beijing Hengfengtai Catering Management Co., Ltd.	-	"	-	6,835	9.09	6,835	9.09 %	
Great Wall Food (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.	Dynasty Club	-	"	-	349	-	349	- %	

Note 1: The assumptions made of the market price is as follows:

1. For those with an open market price, it refers to the average closing price as of the date on the balance sheet. However, for open end funds, the market price refers to its net asset value as of the date on the balance sheet.
2. For those without an open market price, net asset value per share is used.

- (iv) Individual securities acquired or disposed of with accumulated amount exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20% of the capital stock:None
- (v) Acquisition of individual real estate with amount exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20% of the capital stock:

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Name of company	Name of property	Transaction date	Transaction amount	Status of payment	Counter-party	Relationship with the Company	If the counter-party is a related party, disclose the previous transfer information				References for determining price	Purpose of acquisition and current condition	Others
							Owner	Relationship with the Company	Date of transfer	Amount			
Zhong Yi Food Co., Ltd.	Property, plant, and equipment	2020.2.3	820,420	Complete	Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Note	Note	Note	-	CCIS Real Estate Joint Appraisers Firm	Expanding their egg business	

Note: Information not found as the previous transfer took place ages ago.

- (vi) Disposal of individual real estate with amount exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20% of the capital stock:None
- (vii) Related-party transactions for purchases and sales with amounts exceeding the lower of NT\$100 million or 20% of the capital stock:

Name of company	Related party	Nature of relationship	Transaction details				Transactions with terms different from others			Notes/Accounts receivable (payable)		Note
			Purchase/Sale	Amount	Percentage of total purchases/sales	Payment terms	Unit price	Payment terms	Ending balance	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)		
Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Mei Lan Lei Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Purchase	3,780,189	19 %	2 months	-			(228,446)	(32)%	
Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd.	FoodChina Company	Associate	Purchase	813,464	4 %	Same as regular customers	-			(59,558)	(4)%	
Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd.	TTET Union Corporation	Other related party	Purchase	267,430	1 %	Same as regular customers	-			(5,417)	(1)%	
Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Total Nutrition Tech. Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Purchase	338,787	2 %	Same as regular customers	-			(20,729)	(4)%	

(Continued)

**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Name of company	Related party	Nature of relationship	Transaction details				Transactions with terms different from others		Notes/Accounts receivable (payable)		Note
			Purchase/Sale	Amount	Percentage of total purchases/sales	Payment terms	Unit price	Payment terms	Ending balance	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	
Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd.	FoodChina Company	Associate	Sale	2,015,372	9 %	Same as regular customers	-		320,770	13 %	
Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Mei Lan Lei Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Sale	1,235,034	5 %	2 months	-		-	- %	
Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Zhong Yi Food Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Sale	816,920	3 %	270 days	-		415,517	14 %	
Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Total Nutrition Tech. Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Sale	283,737	1 %	Same as regular customers	-		10,818	- %	
Mei Lan Lei Co., Ltd.	TTET Union Corporation	Other related party	Purchase (Outsourced)	287,877	- %	Same as regular customers	-		-	- %	

Note: Transactions between the parent company and its subsidiaries have been written off.

(viii) Receivables from related parties with amounts exceeding the lower of NT\$100 million or 20% of the capital stock:

Name of company	Counter-party	Nature of relationship	Ending balance	Turnover rate	Overdue		Amounts received in subsequent period	Allowance for bad debts
					Amount	Action taken		
Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Zhong Yi Food Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	415,517 (Note)	12.12 %	-		22,089	-
Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd.	FoodChina Company	Associate / Subsidiary	320,770 (Note)	15.92 %	-		320,689	-
Mei Lan Lei Co., Ltd.	Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	228,446 (Note)	8.72 %	-		158,697	-

Note 1: Refers to trade receivables and notes receivables.

Note 2: Transactions between the parent company and its subsidiaries have been written off.

(ix) Trading in derivative instruments: Please refer to notes 6(b)

(x) Business relationships and significant intercompany transactions:

No.	Name of company	Name of counter-party	Nature of relationship	Intercompany transactions			
				Account name	Amount	Trading terms	Percentage of the consolidated net revenue or total assets
0	Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Mei Lan Lei Co., Ltd.	1	Sales revenue	1,235,034	Adjusted according to market price and company policies	1.00%
0	"	"	1	Cost of sales	3,780,189		4.00%
0	"	"	1	Trades' current account receivable	576,228		1.00%
0	"	"	1	Other receivables	545		-%
0	"	"	1	Accounts payable	204,028		-%
0	"	"	1	Notes payable	24,418		-%
0	"	"	1	Rental income	11,429		-%
0	"	"	1	Finance income	7,307		-%
0	"	"	1	Finance expense	8	Same as regular trading terms	-%
0	"	FoodChina Company	1	Sales revenue	649,748	Same as regular trading terms	1.00%
0	"	"	1	Cost of sales	619,683	Same as regular trading terms	1.00%
0	"	"	1	Accounts receivable	320,770	Same as regular trading terms	-%
0	"	"	1	Accounts payable	59,558		-%
0	"	"	1	Rental income	177		-%
0	"	"	1	Other income	5,590		-%
0	"	"	1	Inventory	4,340		-%
0	"	City Chain Food Ltd.	1	Sales revenue	4,183	Same as regular trading terms	-%
0	"	"	1	Accounts receivable	613		-%
0	"	"	1	Service income	1		-%
0	"	"	1	Other income	37		-%
0	"	"	1	Finance expense	3		-%
0	"	"	1	Rental income	4,354		-%
0	"	KouChan Mill Co., Ltd.	1	Cost of sales	24,601		-%
0	"	"	1	Accounts payable	4,734		-%
0	"	"	1	Finance income	271	Same as regular trading terms	-%

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

No.	Name of company	Name of counter-party	Nature of relationship	Intercompany transactions			
				Account name	Amount	Trading terms	Percentage of the consolidated net revenue or total assets
0	Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd.	KouChan Mill Co., Ltd.	1	Service income	7,111	Same as regular trading terms	-%
0	"	Total Nutrition Tech. Co., Ltd.	1	Finance expense	737		-%
0	"	"	1	Sales revenue	283,737		-%
0	"	"	1	Cost of sales	360,577		-%
0	"	"	1	Accounts receivable	10,818		-%
0	"	"	1	Trades' current account payable	180,000		-%
0	"	"	1	Rental income	9,585	Same as regular trading terms	-%
0	"	"	1	Other income	3,224	Same as regular trading terms	-%
0	"	"	1	Service income	840		-%
0	"	"	1	Accounts payable	20,729		-%
0	"	"	1	Notes payable	5,584		-%
0	"	"	1	Outsourced processing expense	16,821		-%
0	"	An Hsin Chiao Chu Co., Ltd.	1	Sales revenue	11,734		-%
0	"	"	1	Cost of sales	389	Same as regular trading terms	-%
0	"	"	1	Accounts receivable	1,424		-%
0	"	"	1	Other income	160		-%
0	"	"	1	Rental income	143		-%
0	"	"	1	Other payables	114		-%
0	"	"	1	Finance income	20		-%
0	"	Nisshi Chain Co., Ltd.	1	Cost of sales	307	Same as regular trading terms	-%
0	"	Zhong Yi Food Co., Ltd.	1	Sales revenue	816,920		1.00%
0	"	"	1	Cost of sales	12,640		-%
0	"	"	1	Accounts payable	1,194	Same as regular trading terms	-%
0	"	"	1	Accounts receivable	415,517	Same as regular trading terms	1.00%
0	"	"	1	Other income	4,879		-%
0	"	"	1	Finance income	898		-%
0	"	"	1	Rental income	1,441		-%
0	"	"	1	Service income	122		-%
0	"	Oriental Best Foods Co., Ltd.	1	Sales revenue	52,003		-%
0	"	"	1	Cost of sales	9,229		-%
0	"	"	1	Trades' current account payable	36,000		-%
0	"	"	1	Accounts receivable	3,202		-%
0	"	"	1	Other receivables	37		-%
0	"	"	1	Finance income	433		-%
0	"	"	1	Service income	2,242		-%
0	"	"	1	Other payables	1,154		-%
0	"	Saboten Co., Ltd.	1	Sales revenue	6,632		-%
0	"	"	1	Cost of sales	774		-%
0	"	"	1	Other payables	35		-%
0	"	"	1	Accounts receivable	354		-%
0	"	"	1	Rental income	81		-%
0	"	"	1	Other income	4		-%
0	"	Honolulu Chain Food & Beverage Co., Ltd.	1	Sales revenue	39		-%
0	"	"	1	Cost of sales	129		-%
0	"	"	1	Rental income	72		-%
0	"	Wonder Biotek Co., Ltd.	1	Rental income	23		-%
0	"	"	1	Accounts receivable	2		-%
0	"	Neo Foods Co., Ltd.	1	Rental income	22		-%
0	"	"	1	Trades' current account payable	15,000		-%
0	"	"	1	Finance expense	184		-%
0	"	"	1	Other income	19		-%

Note 1: Numbers are classified as follows:

1. Parent company: 0
2. Subsidiaries are numbered in numerical order from 1.

(Continued)

## GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 2: Nature of relationship is classified as follows:

1. Parent company to its subsidiaries.
2. Subsidiary to its parent company.
3. Subsidiary to subsidiary.

Note 3: Transactions between the parent company and its subsidiaries have been written off.

(b) Information on investees:

The following is the information on investees for the years ended December 31, 2020 (excluding information on investees in Mainland China):

(In USD/HKD)

Name of investor	Name of investee	Location	Main businesses and products	Original investment amount		Balance as of December 31, 2020			Highest Percentage of ownership	Net income (losses) of investee	Share of profits/losses of investee	Note
				December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019	Shares (thousands)	Percentage of ownership	Carrying value				
Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Total Nutrition Tech. Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Feed	314,006	314,006	48,149,500	100.00 %	703,734	100.00 %	139,580	139,580	
	Huang Ho Invest. Co., Ltd.	"	Investments	249,395	314,395	14,500,000	100.00 %	352,683	100.00 %	11,914	11,914	
	Great Wall International (Holdings) Ltd.	Hong Kong	Holdings	2,122,110	2,122,110	70,490,813	100.00 %	7,047,801	100.00 %	507,311	507,311	
	City Chain Food Ltd.	Taiwan	Fast Food Restaurants	856,496	856,496	132,062,705	100.00 %	448,490	100.00 %	(99,851)	(99,851)	
	Mei Lan Lei Co., Ltd.	"	Production, sale, and research of feed	120,010	120,010	48,000,000	100.00 %	1,756,668	100.00 %	678,811	678,811	
	KouChan Mill Co., Ltd.	"	Flour production and sales	373,799	79,750	33,550,000	55.00 %	462,029	85.00 %	55,002	30,251	
	Oriental Best Foods Co., Ltd.	"	Food processing and sale	141,405	141,405	72,061	90.00 %	197,554	90.00 %	20,313	18,282	
	An Hsin Chiao Chu Co., Ltd.	"	Sale of fresh meat	55,000	20,000	5,500,000	100.00 %	10,472	100.00 %	(5,716)	(5,716)	
	Neo Foods Co., Ltd.	"	Food manufacturing and sale	50,000	-	5,000,000	100.00 %	48,702	100.00 %	(1,298)	(1,298)	
	Great Wall FeedTech Enterprise Co., Ltd.	"	Production, sale, and research of feed	37,274	37,274	340,000	100.00 %	5,847	100.00 %	744	744	
	Wonder Biotech Co., Ltd.	"	Medicine production and sales	150,000	100,000	15,000,000	100.00 %	50,946	100.00 %	(44,540)	(44,540)	
	Zhong Yi Food Co., Ltd.	"	Egg production and sale	780,000	160,000	78,000,000	65.00 %	746,873	100.00 %	54,540	36,751	
	San Inn Abattoir Co.	"	Abattoir	66,469	-	1,116,000	40.00 %	66,469	40.00 %	-	-	
City Chain Food Ltd.	Nisshi Chain Co., Ltd.	"	Bakery	68,459	68,459	4,364,652	67.29 %	10,041	67.29 %	(5,325)	(3,583)	
	Saboten Co., Ltd.	"	Japanese restaurants	39,000	39,000	2,000,000	50.00 %	64,282	50.00 %	22,654	11,327	
	Route 66 Fast Food Ltd.	Hong Kong	Investment holdings	USD 29,668,603	USD 24,642,247	26,592,247	100.00 %	143,150	100.00 %	(52,454)	(52,454)	
	Saboten (China) Limited	"	Investment holdings	USD 1,250,000	USD 1,250,000	1,550,000	50.00 %	56,530	50.00 %	21,199	10,599	
	DaChan Shin Yeh Ltd.	"	Chinese and western fast food	USD 700,000	USD 700,000	700,000	40.00 %	17,695	40.00 %	(3,409)	(1,364)	
	Honolulu Chain Food & Beverage Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Chinese and western fast food	11,000	11,000	11,000,000	55.00 %	9,556	55.00 %	(8,205)	(4,513)	
	Xiang Cheng Co., Ltd.	"	Chinese food and dining	5,000	5,000	500,000	50.00 %	4,235	50.00 %	82	41	
	Ma Cheng Co., Ltd.	"	Western food and dining	18,000	18,000	1,800,000	90.00 %	2,025	90.00 %	(4,384)	(3,945)	
Total Nutrition Tech. Co., Ltd.	TNT Biotechnology Co., Ltd.	Hong Kong	Investment holdings	USD 13,110,000	USD 13,110,000	13,110,000	100.00 %	318,899	100.00 %	46,203	46,203	
Great Wall International (Holdings) Ltd.	Asia Nutrition Technologies Corporation Co., Ltd.	"	Investment holdings	USD 7,391,940	USD 7,391,940	6,690,472	100.00 %	1,211,975	100.00 %	132,485	132,485	
	Greatwall Food Investment (H.K.) Co., Ltd.	"	Investment holdings	HKD 62,500,000	HKD 62,500,000	5,422,000	100.00 %	(1,401)	100.00 %	(308)	(308)	
	Greatwall Food (H.K.) Co., Ltd.	"	Food wholesale	HKD 500,000	HKD 500,000	50,000	100.00 %	(13,781)	100.00 %	(1,598)	(1,598)	
	FoodChina Company	"	Investment holdings	USD 5,070,000	USD 1,680,000	19,700,000	53.39 %	191,603	53.39 %	15,826	8,450	
	Seafood International Inc.	"	Investment holdings	USD 4,183,974	USD 4,183,974	3,744,000	100.00 %	100,765	100.00 %	-	-	
	Tianjin Food Invest Co., Ltd.	"	Investment holdings	USD 9,729,433	USD 9,729,433	9,500,000	78.40 %	874,245	78.40 %	10,468	8,207	
	Waverly Star Ltd.	"	Investment holdings	USD 29,160,858	USD 29,160,858	29,160,858	100.00 %	2,970,013	100.00 %	316,097	316,097	
	Golden Harvest Inc.	"	Investment holdings	USD 1	USD 1	1	100.00 %	(17,048)	100.00 %	(1,942)	(1,942)	
	Great Wall FeedTech (Holdings) Ltd.	"	Investment holdings	USD 10,630,000	USD 10,630,000	8,260,000	100.00 %	407,914	100.00 %	16,499	16,499	
	Clydebridge Ltd.	"	Investment holdings	USD 3,544,000	USD 3,544,000	3,544,000	94.66 %	260,764	94.66 %	52,594	49,785	
	Global Food Corp.	"	Aquaculture trading	USD 1	USD 1	1	100.00 %	(515)	100.00 %	-	-	
	Gallant Dachan Seafood Co., Ltd.	Vietnam	Aquaculture processing and sales	USD 2,500,000	USD 2,500,000	2,500,000	50.00 %	108,890	50.00 %	26,409	13,204	
Great Wall International (Holdings) Ltd.	Dachan (Asia Pacific) Limited	Hong Kong	Investment holdings	USD 11,200,000	USD 11,200,000	11,200,000	75.17 %	7,574	93.33 %	(61,207)	(46,009)	
	Fresh Aqua Corporation	"	Aquaculture trading	USD 1	USD 1	1	100.00 %	-	100.00 %	-	-	

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Name of investor	Name of investee	Location	Main businesses and products	Original investment amount		Balance as of December 31, 2020			Highest Percentage of wnership	Net income (losses) of investee	Share of profits/losses of investee	Note
				December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019	Shares (thousands)	Percentage of wnership	Carrying value				
Great Wall International (Holdings) Ltd.	Fresh Aqua Limited	Hong Kong	Aquaculture trading	USD 1,282	USD -	1,282	100.00 %	15,888	100.00 %	16,446	16,446	
	Great Wall Grains International Limited	"	Commodity trading	USD 1,000,000	USD -	1,000,000	100.00 %	28,356	100.00 %	(129)	(129)	
	Global Seafood Limited	"	Aquaculture trading	USD 1,282	USD -	1,282	100.00 %	5,234	100.00 %	5,392	5,392	
	Pacific Harvest Limited	"	Aquaculture trading	USD 1,282	USD -	1,282	100.00 %	(67)	100.00 %	(108)	(108)	
	Seafood International Limited	"	Aquaculture trading	USD 1,282	USD -	1,282	100.00 %	9,982	100.00 %	10,319	10,319	
	Universal Food Limited	"	Aquaculture trading	USD 1,282	USD -	1,282	100.00 %	16,778	100.00 %	17,370	17,370	
	Myint Dachan Company Limited	Myanmar	Production and sale of feed	USD 10,494,097	USD 8,964,097	10,494,097	51.00 %	292,112	51.00 %	(15,023)	(7,662)	
Waverly Star Ltd.	Dachan Food (Asia) Limited	"	Investment holdings	USD 29,160,858	USD 29,160,858	375,899,946	36.99 %	2,973,446	36.99 %	854,901	316,228	
Asia Nutrition Technologies Corporation	Dachan Food (Asia) Limited	"	Investment holdings	USD 5,759,421	USD 5,759,421	152,924,906	15.05 %	1,209,796	15.05 %	854,901	128,663	
Dachan Food (Asia)	Dachan (Asia Pacific) Limited	"	Investment holdings	USD 800,000	USD 800,000	800,000	5.37 %	541	6.67 %	(3,287)	-	
	FoodChina Company	"	Investment holdings	USD 300,000	USD 300,000	400,000	1.08 %	8,544	1.08 %	15,826	-	
	Taiwan International Gene Co., Ltd.	Vietnam	Sale of boars for breeding purposes	USD 900,000	USD 900,000	900,000	30.00 %	25,632	30.00 %	-	-	
Route 66 Fast Food Ltd.	Yung Huo (China) Co., Ltd.	Hong Kong	Investment holdings	USD 3,713,685	USD 3,713,685	3,730,000	79.03 %	23,241	79.03 %	(194)	(154)	
	FoodChina Company	"	Investment holdings	USD 137,122	USD 138,364	400,000	1.08 %	3,905	1.08 %	15,826	(26)	
TNT Biotechnology Co., Ltd.	TNT Huabang Holdings Limited	"	Investment holdings	USD 1,385,160	USD 1,825,728	1,110,000	100.00 %	34,292	100.00 %	8,240	8,240	

## (c) Information on investment in mainland China:

## (i) The names of investees in Mainland China, the main businesses and products, and other information:

(In Thousands of CNY/USD)

Name of investee	Main businesses and products	Total amount of paid-in capital	Method of investment	Accumulated outflow of investment from Taiwan as of January 1, 2019	Investment flows		Accumulated outflow of investment from Taiwan as of December 31, 2020	Net income (losses) of the investee	Percentage of ownership	Highest percentage of ownership	Investment income (losses)	Book value	Highest Percentage of ownership	Accumu-lated remittance of earnings in current period
					Outflow	Inflow								
Great Wall Food (Tianjin) Co., Ltd.	Production and sale of flour related products	9,378	(2)	53,136	-	-	53,136	4,069	78.40%	3,190.00%	954,749	-	-	-
Miyasun Great Wall Foods (Dalian) Co., Ltd.	Production and sale of processed chicken products	9,872	(2)	-	-	-	-	15,187	52.04%	8,231.00%	142,949	-	-	-
Great Wall Foods (Dalian) Co., Ltd.	Production and sale of chicken and feed	26,600	(2)	315,908	-	-	315,908	329,906	30.70%	101,281.00%	700,406	-	-	-
Liaoning Great Wall Agri Industrial Co., Ltd.	Production and sale of feed	19,201	(2)	229,600	-	-	229,600	97,879	52.04%	50,936.00%	615,036	-	-	-
Great Wall Agri (Hei Long Jiang) Co., Ltd.	Production and sale of feed	1,563	(2)	-	-	-	-	26,703	52.04%	13,896.00%	242,735	-	-	-
Great Wall Agri (Yingkou) Co., Ltd.	Production and sale of feed	14,636	(2)	57,813	-	-	57,813	131,159	52.04%	68,255.00%	(11,086)	-	-	-
Great Wall Agri (Tieling) Co., Ltd.	Production and sale of chicken and feed	14,151	(2)	84,655	-	-	84,655	48,907	52.04%	25,451.00%	651,216	-	-	-
Dachan Wanda (Tianjin) Co., Ltd.	Production and sale of chicken and feed	579,060	(2)	-	-	-	-	87,214	52.04%	45,386.00%	668,742	-	-	-
Qingdao Dachan Technologies Feed Co., Ltd.	Production and sale of feed	-	(2)	-	-	-	-	(213)	-%	(111.00)%	-	-	-	-

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Name of investee	Main businesses and products	Total amount of paid-in capital	Method of investment	Accumulated outflow of investment from Taiwan as of January 1, 2019	Investment flows		Accumulated outflow of investment from Taiwan as of December 31, 2020	Net income (losses) of the investee	Percentage of ownership	Highest percentage of ownership	Investment income (losses)	Book value	Highest Percentage of ownership	Accumulated remittance of earnings in current period
					Outflow	Inflow								
Dongbei (Beijing) Consultant Co., Ltd.	Management consulting services	500	(2)	-	-	-	-	(4,402)	52.04%	(2,291.00)%	(7,595)	-	-	-
Beijing FoodChina Online Information & Technology Ltd.	Feed trading, animal products wholesale, and feed and agricultural products retail	59,874	(2)	-	-	-	-	(7,173)	55.03%	(3,947.00)%	12,609	-	-	-
Dongbei Agri (Changchun) Co., Ltd.	Production and sale of feed	1,111	(2)	19,483	-	-	19,483	22,636	52.04%	11,780.00%	96,876	-	-	-
Great Wall Agri (Henan) Co., Ltd.	Production and sale of feed	1,900	(2)	-	-	-	-	(1,316)	52.04%	(685.00)%	3,685	-	-	-
Great Wall Gourmet (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	Production and sale of chicken, pork, and frozen processed foods	6,940	(2)	82,000	-	-	82,000	(12,383)	52.04%	(6,444.00)%	84,635	-	-	-
DaChan Showa Foods (Tianjin) Co., Ltd.	Production and sale of feed	8,950	(2)	26,158	-	-	26,158	29,150	55.00%	16,032.00%	180,224	-	-	-
Dachan (Hunan) Feed Technologies Co., Ltd.	Production and sale of feed	2,234	(2)	-	-	-	-	(5,934)	52.04%	(3,088.00)%	27,467	-	-	-
Dachan Food (Hebei) Co., Ltd.	Production and sale of feed	53,767	(2)	-	-	-	-	(215,098)	52.04%	111,937.00%	24,615	-	-	-
Dachan Food (Panjin) Co., Ltd.	Production and sale of chicken	3,000	(2)	-	-	-	-	(2,254)	52.04%	(1,173.00)%	46,224	-	-	-
Dachan Liangyou Food (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	Production and sale of flour related products	200,000	(2)	-	-	-	-	47,044	43.00%	20,229.00%	257,534	-	-	-
Great Wall Agrotech Huludao Co., Ltd.	Production and sale of feed	3,800	(2)	-	-	-	-	1,524	52.04%	793.00%	50,768	-	-	-
Great Wall FeedTech (Tianjin) Co., Ltd.	Production and sale of feed	14,536	(2)	-	-	-	-	24,717	100.00%	24,717.00%	423,286	-	-	-
Shanghai Universal Chain Food Co., Ltd.	Italian food and dining, bakery, and restaurant management services	3,100	(2)	101,680	-	-	101,680	(4,063)	100.00%	(4,063.00)%	156,174	-	-	-
Great Wall Yung Huo Food (Beijing) Co., Ltd.	Chinese fast food chains	15,954	(2)	44,647	-	-	44,647	(137)	79.03%	(108.00)%	(14,308)	-	-	-
Nanjing Tengcheng Enterprise Management Co., Ltd.	Restaurant management	21,006	(2)	37,902	-	-	37,902	7,601	100.00%	7,601.00%	62,063	-	-	-
Beijing Universal Chain Food Co., Ltd.	Italian food and dining and bakery	5,580	(2)	87,449	28,248	-	115,697	(5,169)	100.00%	(5,169.00)%	15,064	-	-	-
Saboten Catering Operation (Beijing) Co., Ltd.	Japanese food and dining and restaurant management services	2,500	(2)	46,938	-	-	46,938	25,572	50.00%	12,786.00%	56,228	72,018	-	-
Shanghai Xunshi Foods Co., Ltd.	Chinese fast food chains	278	(2)	-	-	-	-	-	70.00%	-%	(5,690)	-	-	-
Beijing Dingfenggang Catering Co., Ltd.	Chinese fast food chains	3,000	(2)	29,641	-	-	29,641	(2,487)	55.00%	(1,368.00)%	17,073	-	-	-

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Name of investee	Main businesses and products	Total amount of paid-in capital	Method of investment	Accumulated outflow of investment from Taiwan as of January 1, 2019	Investment flows		Accumulated outflow of investment from Taiwan as of December 31, 2020	Net income (losses) of the investee	Percentage of ownership	Highest percentage of ownership	Investment income (losses)	Book value	Highest Percentage of ownership	Accumulated remittance of earnings in current period
					Outflow	Inflow								
Beijing Duhsiaoyueh Restaurant Co., Ltd.	Chinese fast food chains	19,000	( 2 )	21,719	29,988	-	51,707	(25,641)	70.00%	17,949.00%	3,418	-	-	-
Tianjin Fast Food Co., Ltd.	Food processing	5,800	( 2 )	175,676	-	-	175,676	8,347	100.00%	8,347.00%	(40,406)	-	-	-
TNT Biotechnology (Tianjin) Co., Ltd.	Feed	11,602	( 2 )	303,344	-	-	303,344	39,018	100.00%	39,018.00%	280,151	-	-	-
Taixu & DaChan Foods (Dalian) Co., Ltd.	Production and sale of pork	21,595	( 2 )	-	-	-	-	1,119	20.82%	233.00%	8,680	-	-	-
Shandong Dachan Biotechnology Co., Ltd.	Production and sale of feed	3,000	( 2 )	-	-	-	-	28,240	52.04%	14,696.00%	(47,786)	-	-	-
Tai Ji Food Co., Ltd.	Processing and sale of food	4,150	( 2 )	48,993	-	-	48,993	(38,668)	100.00%	38,668.00%	(73,447)	-	-	-
Advent Prosperity Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.	Real Estate	435,500	( 2 )	-	-	-	-	(9,892)	32.64%	(6,068.00)%	1,122,859	-	-	-
Dachan Shinyeh Catering Management (Beijing) Co., Ltd.	Chinese and western fast food chains	1,670	( 2 )	20,792	-	-	20,792	(3,310)	40.00%	(1,324.00)%	11,043	-	-	-
Shanghai Guangcheng Catering Co., Ltd.	Chinese food and dining	4,884	( 2 )	-	-	-	-	(33,373)	20.68%	(5,006.00)%	87,502	-	-	-
Hepeer Catering Management (Beijing) Co., Ltd.	Chinese food and dining	6,000	( 2 )	-	-	-	-	-	20.00%	-%	2,080	-	-	-
TianJin Hai Rei Food Limited	Food processing	4,994	( 2 )	-	-	-	-	(1,125)	20.82%	(450.00)%	3,372	-	-	-
Rupp & DaChan Foods (Tianjin) Co., Ltd.	Feed research	35,000	( 2 )	-	-	-	-	(12,405)	20.82%	(4,962.00)%	54,025	-	-	-

## (ii) Limitation on investment in Mainland China:

(In USD)

	Accumulated Investment in Mainland China as of December 31, 2020	Investment Amounts Authorized by Investment Commission, MOEA	Upper Limit on Investment
Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd.	(USD 69,145,001 ) 1,969,250	(USD 238,133,856 ) 6,782,052	12,108,647

Note 1: Investments are classified into four types as follows:

1. Investment in Mainland China companies by remittance through a third region
2. Establishing a company in a third region then investing in Mainland China companies.
3. Investment in Mainland China via reinvesting in an established company in a third region.
4. Direct investment in a Mainland China company.
5. Other.

Note 2: The relevant figures in the chart above related to foreign currencies have been converted to NTD according to the exchange rate as of the reporting date. For profit or loss recognition, conversion into NTD is made according to the annual and monthly weighted average exchange rate.

Note 3: This figure does not include capital surpluses.

## (iii) Significant transactions: None

(Continued)

**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(d) Major shareholders:

Shareholder's Name	Shareholding	Shares	Percentage
Fu Chu Investment Co., Ltd.		71,086,943	8.59 %

Note: (i) The information of major shareholders includes shareholders who hold more than 5% of the Group's ordinary shares and preferred shares that have been delivered through non-physical registration (including treasury shares) on the last business day at the end of each quarter. There may be differences between the number of shares made through non-physical registration documented in this financial report and the actual figure due to differences in the calculation basis implemented.

(ii) If the shareholder delivers the shares to the trust, the individual account of the trustee who opened the trust account is disclosed. As for the Statement of Changes in Beneficial Ownership filed in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Act by insiders owning 10% or more of the company's outstanding stock, their shareholding includes their own shareholding plus the shares delivered to the trust and with the right to use the trust's property. For information on insiders' Statements of Changes in Beneficial Ownership, please refer to Public Information Observatory.

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**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

**(14) Segment information:**

The Group has six reportable segments as follow. The reportable segments are the Group's strategic divisions. They offer different products and services and are managed separately because they require different technology and marketing strategies. The chief operating decision maker of the Group reviews the internal management reports of each strategic operating unit at least quarterly.

- (a) Agricultural Food Business Group: Vertically integrated production and sales of feed, flour, fermented soybean meal, pork, and laying hens.
- (b) Meat Integration Business Group: Vertically integrated production and sales of white broilers, native chickens, and ducks in Taiwan.
- (c) Processed Food Business Group : Department of manufacturing and sales of processed food.
- (d) Food Service Business Group: Department of catering services and mall operations.
- (e) Southeast Asia Business Group: Production and sales of aquatic products and feed in Southeast Asia.
- (f) East Asia Business Group: A listed entity listed based in Hong Kong.

Other operating activities include investments in various industries and management consulting services. These departments did not meet any quantitative thresholds to be reportable segments in 2020 and 2019.

The Group's operating segment information and reconciliation are as follows:

	For the years ended December 31, 2020								Total
	Agricultural Food Business Group	Meat Integration Business Group	Processed Food Business Group	Food Service Business Group	Southeast Asia Business Group	East Asia Business Group	Other Business Group	Reconciliati on and elimination	
Revenue from external customers	22,196,146	11,953,589	3,013,611	1,989,707	2,739,287	39,735,252	23,300	-	81,650,892
Intersegment revenues	7,917,692	100,156	36,953	11,360	-	35,276	-	(8,101,437)	-
Interest revenue	4,264	1,870	386	3,212	-	-	16,506	(9,680)	16,558
Total revenue	<u>\$ 30,118,102</u>	<u>12,055,615</u>	<u>3,050,950</u>	<u>2,004,279</u>	<u>2,739,287</u>	<u>39,770,528</u>	<u>39,806</u>	<u>(8,111,117)</u>	<u>81,667,450</u>
Interest expenses	\$ (32,165)	(16,014)	(5,913)	(8,961)	-	-	(228,342)	11,768	(279,627)
Depreciation and amortization	(198,930)	-	(31,266)	(348,746)	(66,277)	(623,431)	(622,777)	-	(1,891,427)
Share of profit (loss) of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,035	16,035
Reportable segment profit before tax	<u>\$ 2,124,887</u>	<u>833,327</u>	<u>136,766</u>	<u>(47,296)</u>	<u>104,293</u>	<u>1,598,070</u>	<u>392,816</u>	<u>(159,375)</u>	<u>4,983,488</u>

**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

	For the years ended December 31, 2019								
	Agricultural Food Business Group	Meat Integration Business Group	Processed Food Business Group	Food Service Business Group	Southeast Asia Business Group	East Asia Business Group	Other Business Group	Reconciliati on and elimination	Total
Revenue from external customers	\$ 22,697,332	10,102,373	2,917,048	2,278,936	3,653,246	36,019,491	101,560	-	77,769,986
Intersegment revenues	5,012,468	1,184,561	60,355	2,184	-	7,169	-	(6,266,737)	-
Interest revenue	3,534	1,436	279	4,549	-	-	89,792	(9,151)	90,439
Total revenue	<u>\$ 27,713,334</u>	<u>11,288,370</u>	<u>2,977,682</u>	<u>2,285,669</u>	<u>3,653,246</u>	<u>36,026,660</u>	<u>191,352</u>	<u>(6,275,888)</u>	<u>77,860,425</u>
Interest expenses	\$ (29,693)	(15,460)	(5,562)	(12,066)	-	-	(356,170)	11,461	(407,490)
Depreciation and amortization	(96,715)	-	(27,602)	(372,681)	(68,637)	(693,678)	(694,752)	-	(1,954,065)
Share of profit (loss) of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	80,873	80,873
Reportable segment profit before tax	<u>\$ 1,887,139</u>	<u>625,348</u>	<u>138,410</u>	<u>(70,257)</u>	<u>72,079</u>	<u>1,150,404</u>	<u>176,417</u>	<u>(126,971)</u>	<u>3,852,569</u>

- (a) The material reconciling items of the above reportable segment are as below:

Name of product	For the years ended December 31,	
	2020	2019
Feeds	\$ 38,103,939	40,366,243
Grains, meal and oil	9,253,041	3,893,181
Chicken meat	17,989,965	15,544,481
Foods	12,966,872	14,348,307
Other	3,337,075	3,617,774
Total	<u>\$ 81,650,892</u>	<u>77,769,986</u>

- (b) Geographic information

In presenting information on the basis of geography, segment revenue is based on the geographical location of customers and segment assets are based on the geographical location of the assets.

Revenue from external customers:

Geographical region	For the years ended December 31,	
	2020	2019
Taiwan	\$ 37,036,701	35,886,028
China	26,275,016	23,545,720
Vietnam	14,361,398	13,567,277
Other (all <10%)	3,977,777	4,770,961
Total operating income	<u>\$ 81,650,892</u>	<u>77,769,986</u>

**GREAT WALL ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Non-current assets:

<b>Geographical region</b>	<b>For the years ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
Taiwan	\$ 14,040,564	12,609,323
China	6,799,934	6,817,411
Vietnam	1,111,316	1,102,408
Other (all <10%)	1,529,096	1,227,438
Total non-current assets	<b>\$ 23,480,910</b>	<b>21,756,580</b>

Non-current assets include property, plant and equipment, investment property, intangible assets, and other assets, not including financial instruments, deferred tax assets, pension fund assets, and rights arising from an insurance contract (non-current).

(c) Major customers

The Group did not have customers whose revenue accounted for more than 10% of the revenue stated in the income statement in 2020 and 2019.